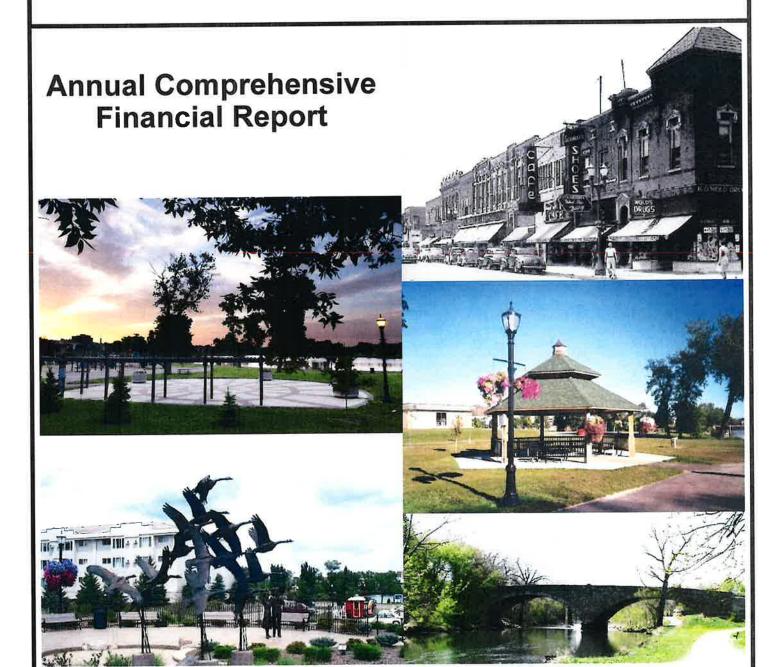
# City of Austin, Minnesota



For the Year Ended December 31, 2021





# City of Austin, Minnesota

# **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Prepared by:

**Finance Department** 

## City of Austin, Minnesota Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

### **Table of Contents**

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	Ť
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	V
Organization Chart	vi
List of Elected and Other City Officials	vii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1_
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	40
Statement of Net Position	19 20
Statement of Activities	20
Fund Financial Statements:	22
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Net Position in the Government-Wide Financial	22
Statements and Fund Balances in the Fund Basis Financial	
Statements	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	26
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities	28
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	29
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	30
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	0.4
Net Position – Proprietary Funds	34
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	36 40
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	40 41
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	44
Notes to the Financial Statements	44
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	101
Schedule of Citys' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	102
Schedule of City Contributions	103
Notes to Required Supplemental Information	104
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	114
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1 1 <del>4</del>
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	116
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	120
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	120
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	122
· which meanings are the same in a second and a second	

## City of Austin, Minnesota Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

### **Table of Contents**

	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	126
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	127
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	130
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	131
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Permanent Funds	134
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Permanent Funds	135
Budgetary Comparisons – Governmental Funds:	
Schedule of Revenues – Budget and Actual – General Fund	138
Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund	140
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual – Library Fund	142
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	1.1-
Balances – Budget and Actual – Recreation Programs Fund	144
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual – Fire PERA Fund	146
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	148
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	149
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	150
Internal Service Funds:	,,,,
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	152
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Net Position – Internal Service Funds	153
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	154
Combining Schedule of Net Position – Internal Service Funds -	
Central Garage Fund	155
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Net Position – Internal Service Funds – Central Garage Fund	156
Combining Schedule of Net Position – Internal Service Funds -	
Risk Management Fund	157
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Net Position – Internal Service Funds – Risk Management	
Fund	158
i dila	
Supplementary Information:	
Debt Service Requirements to Maturity	160
—	

## City of Austin, Minnesota Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

### **Table of Contents**

	Page
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Position by Component	165
Changes in Net Position	166
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	168
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	169
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	170
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	171
Principal Property Taxpayers	172
Property Tax Levies and Collections	173
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	174
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	175
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	176
Legal Debt Margin Information	177
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	178
Demographic and Economic Statistics	179
Principal Employers	180
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	181
Operating Indicators by Function	182
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	183

# **Introductory Section**



City of Austin 500 Fourth Avenue N.E. Austin, Minnesota 55912-3773

www.ci.austin.mn.us

Phone: 507-437-9940

May 6, 2022

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Austin:

Minnesota statutes require all cities publish within six months of the close of the year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Austin's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Austin, incorporated on February 28, 1876, is located in the southeastern part of the state and is the County seat of Mower County. Federal interstates 90 and 35 serve the City. The City of Austin is located within 100 miles of the Twin Cities and 45 miles of Rochester and is among the larger cities in "outstate" Minnesota. The City of Austin currently occupies a land area of 11 square miles and serves a population of 26,174. The City of Austin is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City of Austin has operated under a Home Rule Charter since its adoption on March 10, 1903 pursuant to the general laws of Minnesota. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and seven council members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City's administrator and attorney. The City's administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis to serve four-year staggered terms. The six council members are elected by three different wards. The mayor and council member-at-large are elected at large.

The City of Austin provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; recreational facilities; library and cultural events; sewer utilities, and airport services. Electric, water, and gas services are provided through the legally separate Austin Utilities, which functions, in essence, as a department of the City of Austin and therefore has been included as an integral part of the City of Austin's financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt an initial budget for the year no later than December 31 preceding the beginning of the year on January 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Austin's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the special approval of the city council.

### LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Austin functions as a major regional center for greater Minnesota. The City of Austin is headquarters for a major corporation, and functions as a regional shopping center for the immediate area. Major industries located within the government's boundaries or in close proximity includes hospitals, food manufacturers, retail stores, and a community college. The school district within the City of Austin also has a significant economic presence, employing in total more than 850 teachers, professionals, and support staff. Austin's strong economy is built around the corporate headquarters of a Fortune 500 company, Hormel Foods Corporation. Hormel Foods Corporation currently employs over 3,255 people in the local area. Additionally, Quality Pork Processors employs another 1,225 people within the meat packing facility owned by Hormel Foods Corporation.

Because of its location in a region with a varied economic base, unemployment has been relatively stable. During the past ten years, the unemployment rate has sunk from an initial high of 4.5 percent (2012) to a decade low of 2.4 percent (2021). The City of Austin continues to experience unemployment rates consistently lower than national averages. The City of Austin's unemployment rate as of December 31, 2021 was 2.4 percent compared to 3.7 percent nationally. The continued stability in unemployment rates during the current year reflect the current demand for workers in our region. Increases may occur in the near future, however, based on economic forecasts, a continued stabilization in unemployment rates are anticipated in calendar year 2022.

Median household incomes within the City of Austin are significantly lower than for the state as a whole. According to the current economic data, the City's median family income was \$50,537, matching the county's median family income, while the state's was \$62,005. The City's population increased in the last finalized census to 26,174 as of December 31, 2021, in part because of continued employment opportunities and Austin's growing economy. Despite the softening of the housing market nationwide, housing prices in the vicinity of the City of Austin continue to remain strong. At the end of the fourth quarter of 2022, the median value of a single-family home in the vicinity of the City of Austin was \$150,000.

Due to its strong and healthy local economy, the City of Austin has maintained a credit rating of Aa2 from Moody's Investor Service since 2009, and AA- from Standard and Poor's since 2010. Moody's recently completed a rating review, reaffirming the Aa2 credit rating.

Commercial development continues to improve within the city. During 2021 a private developer acquired the former Y.M.C.A. and is in the process of developing a 91-unit market rate apartment complex. Additionally, construction started in downtown Austin on a new public television studio and an expansion of The Parenting Resource Center, a facility that provides resources, services, and prevention education to promote healthy, safe lifestyles for families within communities.

Residential construction continues to show improvement, as local government agencies approved an extension of a housing abatement program in 2021 that has spurred additional housing growth within

the community and surrounding areas in the last year. This abatement program allows the taxes to be rebated back to the owner of any new house or apartment building constructed within the city.

The local option sales tax collections continue to remain strong, despite the Covid-19 restrictions. The final results of the local option sales tax for 2021 include a 13.2% increase in collections from 2020, and has now exceeded \$20 million in revenue since inception. Only a few minor scattered sites were purchased in 2021, as we gear up for a major berm project in the near future. To date, local option sales tax dollars have been pooled up on an annual basis and expenses are incurred as matching grants are received from federal and state agencies thereby eliminating the need for debt issuances.

### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Assigned and unassigned fund balance in the general fund decreased from 74 percent to 60 percent of total general fund expenditures and is still above the informal policy guidelines (between 40 and 48 percent of total general fund expenditures) set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes. State aid revenues did not realize any reductions in 2021 and current budget projections for the State of Minnesota show large surpluses, therefore alleviating pressure by the legislature to reduce the state aid that Austin receives. Reductions in fund balance are expected to continue as support for affordable housing and other community initiatives, coupled with unforeseen price increases and supply issues, will be balanced out with a one-time use of reserves.

The City of Austin also adopted an updated 5-Year Capital Improvement Plan covering the period of 2022 through 2026. Over \$158 million will be spent over the next five years on capital improvements within the City. Included in the planned improvements are nearly \$85 million for Wastewater Treatment Plant upgrades, \$9 million for flood mitigation projects, and over \$27 million for street projects. The City is utilizing grants, interest earnings, and funds on hand to accomplish the improvements over the next five-year period.

The City of Austin continues to monitor the economic issues faced by the State of Minnesota and the federal government as this affects both the revenues and expenditures that are anticipated for the following years. The elected officials, along with staff, are creating long-term financial plans and departmental reviews in order to provide long-term planning for the municipality.

Flood awareness continues to be a major concern of the citizens and business of Austin. Over \$20 million of local option sales tax collections have been made by the City of Austin, with nearly every dollar matched with local, state, and federal grants to eliminate flooding in Austin. The local option sales tax runs through early 2027, but can be eliminated by council action earlier if the flood projects are completed. The only major initiatives remaining for the use of the local option sales tax include a flood berm at our wastewater treatment plant and some continued scattered site acquisitions.

The City of Austin continues to work on economic development issues in order to further grow the community. The City of Austin is aggressively working with local leaders on the Hormel Institute expansion project, as now that it is completed the recruitment of researchers will be ramping up to add another 125 jobs to rural Minnesota. The Hormel Institute facility is a leading-edge cancer research center that currently employs over 100 scientists and support staff with a goal to eventually end this disease.

The City also has been aggressively working with a few developers of apartment complexes. A lack of housing availability in the community has resulted in the city taking an aggressive stance on recruiting developers for all sorts of housing options, including apartments, townhomes, and single-family dwellings. Along with the 91-unit market rate apartment that is expected to come on line in late 2022, staff are working with developers on an affordable housing complex with 39 units that will also help redevelop a much-needed block.

#### **RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES**

The City of Austin has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies, both formally and informally through recommended practices. The City of Austin's policy of maintaining assigned and unassigned fund balance between 40 and 48 percent of total general fund expenditures was exceeded during 2021. An increase in the fund balance during 2021 was partially a result of the \$1.4 million of aid from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). Council will decide during 2022 a path for usage of the excess fund balance above our informal fund balance policy.

### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Austin, Minnesota, for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the year ended December 31, 2020. This was the thirty-sixth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, we believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the finance department. We wish to thank all City departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the mayor and the city council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Austin's finances.

Respectfully Submitted,

Tom Dath

Tom Dankert

**Director of Administrative Services** 



### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Austin Minnesota

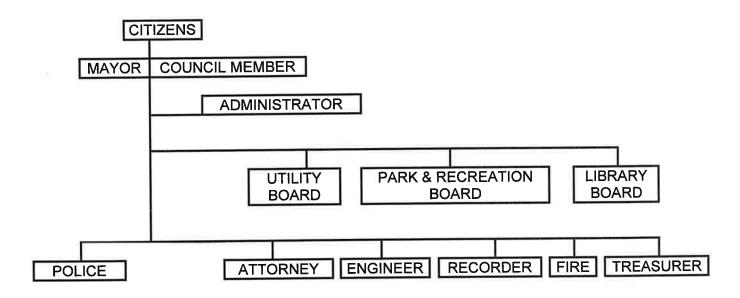
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# City of Austin, Minnesota Organization Chart



The City of Austin is governed by a Home Rule Charter, which was framed and adopted March 10, 1903, pursuant to the General Laws of Minnesota. A Home Rule Charter is a charter drawn by the City itself tailored to its own needs and desires under authority given by the constitution of the state. Many state legislatures make the laws under which the cities are governed, but Minnesota is one of the states whose constitution has provisions by which cities can adopt Home Rule Charters.

The elective officers of the City are the Mayor, Council Member-at-Large and six Council Members. The Council Members are elected, two from each of three wards, on staggered terms during general elections in November of even numbered years. The terms of office are:

Mayor
Council Member-at-Large
Council Member

Four Years Four Years Four Years

### City of Austin, Minnesota List of Elected and Other City Officials 2021

### **Elected Officials**

Mayor

Stepnen W. King	Wayor
Jeff Austin	Council Member-at-Large
Rebecca Waller	Council Member First Ward

Otanian M. Kina

Rebecca Waller
Oballa Oballa
Jason Baskin
Mike Postma
Paul Fischer
Joyce Poshusta

Council Member First Ward
Council Member Second Ward
Council Member Second Ward
Council Member Third Ward
Council Member Third Ward

### **Other City Officials**

Craig Clark	City Administrator
-------------	--------------------

Tom Dankert Director of Administrative

Services

Craig Byram City Attorney

Steven Lang Public Works Director

Jim McCoy Fire Chief
David McKichan Police Chief
Julie Clinefelter Library Director

Kevin Nelson Parks and Recreation Director
Mark Nibaur Austin Utilities General Manager

# **Financial Section**





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Austin, Minnesota

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Austin, Minnesota, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3.E. to the basic financial statements, beginning net position of the governmental activities and fund balances of the General Fund and State Aid Street Fund were restated due to the correction of errors related to health insurance premiums and municipal state aid. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.



Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Austin, Minnesota

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Austin, Minnesota

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of City Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and debt service requirements to maturity are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules and debt service requirements to maturity are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Austin, Minnesota

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 6, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Austin, Minnesota May 6, 2022

As management of the City of Austin, Minnesota, we offer readers of the City of Austin's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Austin for the year ended December 31, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-iv of this report.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Austin exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent year by \$324,872,908 (net position). Of this amount \$43,452,539 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designations and fiscal policies.
- The City's total net position increased by \$9,079,998 during the current period.
- As of the close of the current year, the City of Austin's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$26,073,303, an increase of \$1,634,284 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 72% of this total amount, or \$18,691,628, is available for spending at the City's discretion (assigned and unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current year, the assigned and unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$11,009,087, or 60.2% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City of Austin's total net bonded debt decreased by \$1,110,000 (6.3 percent) during the current period. No new debt was issued during 2021.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:**

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Austin's basic financial statements. The City of Austin's basic financial statements consist of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements.</u> The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Austin's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the City of Austin's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Austin is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City of Austin's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Austin that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Austin include general government, public safety, streets and highways, culture and recreation, public service, economic development, and community development. The business-type activities of the City of Austin include a sewer utility, waste transfer station, storm water utility, and a municipal electric, water, and gas utility. The electric, water, and gas utility, comprising the Austin Utilities, are under the direction of the Board of Commissioners.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Austin itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate port authority and housing and redevelopment authority for which the City of Austin is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The municipal electric, water, and gas utility, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City of Austin, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements.</u> A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Austin, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Austin can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Austin maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, local option sales tax fund, and the state aid street fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fifteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The City of Austin adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-29 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Austin maintains two different proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Austin uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer utility, waste transfer station, storm water utility, and electric, water and gas utilities. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Austin's various functions. The City of Austin uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, its risk management program, and for its management information systems. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer user fund and the utilities fund, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Austin. Data from the other nonmajor enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor enterprise funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report. Conversely, all three internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is also provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-39 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Austin's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 40-41 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 44-98 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Austin's OPEB liability plus progress in funding its Net Pension Liability. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 99-110 of this report.

The combining statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on OPEB and the Net Pension Liability. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 111-158 of this report.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS:**

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Austin, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$324,872,908 at the close of the most recent year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Austin's net position (84 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Austin uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Austin's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Austin's net position (3 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$43,452,539 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current year, the City of Austin is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior year.

#### CITY OF AUSTIN'S NET POSITION

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Сипенt and other assets Capital assets	\$ 47,122,280 171,360,371	\$ 40,150,080 170,154,700	\$ 48,334,730 118,598,498	\$ 49,658,568 114,246,358	\$ 95,457,010 289,958,869_	\$ 89,808,648 284,401,058		
Total assets	218,482,651	210,304,780	166,933,228	163,904,926	385,415,879	374,209,706		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Total assets and deferred	7,488,157	2,687,787	6,140,169	2,739,251	13,628,326	5,427,038		
outflows of resources	225,970,808	212,992,567	173,073,397	166,644,177	399,044,205	379,636,744		
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	8,208,644	10,601,652	38,597,041	40,643,133	46,805,685	51,244,785		
Other liabilities	4,105,154	2,901,195	9,174,060	8,377,774	13,279,214	11,278,969		
Total liabilities	12,313,798	13,502,847	47,771,101	49,020,907	60,084,899	62,523,754		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net position:	9,391,747	3,360,639	4,694,651	816,407	14,086,398	4,177,046		
Net investment in capital assets	170,898,680	169,781,438	101,683,971	96,182,961	272,582,651	265,964,399		
Restricted	8,837,718	5,249,584		*	8,837,718	5,249,584		
Unrestricted	24,528,865	21,098,059	18,923,674	20,623,902	43,452,539	41,721,961		
Total net position	\$ 204,265,263	\$ 196,129,081	\$ 120,607,645	\$ 116,806,863	\$ 324,872,908	\$ 312,935,944		

The City of Austin's net position increased by \$9,079,998 during the current year, before the restatement of the beginning net position. The increase in net invested in capital assets of \$6,618,252 (73% of the increase) is primarily a result of street projects completed during the year, and capitalized costs related to the expansion of our wastewater treatment plant. Restricted net position increased \$3,588,134 mainly due to the stockpiling of funding set aside through the local option sales tax for flood relief efforts as we plan for the next large project. The increase in unrestricted net position of \$1,730,578 largely reflects the degree to which revenues have outstripped similar expenses, and the receipt of \$1.4 million of ARPA funding related to Covid-19.

During 2021, the City restated the net position by increasing the net position by \$2,856,966 by netting the prior unrecorded cost of employer sponsored health insurance contributions against the prior unrecognized revenue from the state aid street account balance with the State of Minnesota.

Governmental activities. During the current year, net position for governmental activities increased as a result of operations by \$5,279,216 from the prior year. The receipt of the \$1.4 million ARPA funding was used for police/fire personnel costs, which then freed up the tax levy for other future purposes. Uncertainty as to how the City operations would evolve during a Covid-19 crises proved to be a minor blip in our revenue stream as budgeted revenue in the General Fund came in \$2,025,372 above budget (including the ARPA funding). Consistency among departments to not spend their entire budgets and continued limited operational shut-downs due to Covid-19 and staffing shortages are the other major reasons for the increase in net position. Total governmental revenues increased during 2021 from 2020, primarily from the ARPA funding noted above and strong local option sales tax collections. Other factors affecting the increase in governmental net position are:

- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$33,961,912 as a result of the donation in the prior year of the new Community Recreation Center. This asset is now in full operations mode for the benefit of the community.
- Other revenues plummeted \$520,293 as a result of considerably lower investment earnings as a result of worsening market conditions for the types of investments the city is allowed to make.
   Market values of City investments also suffered during 2021 resulting in an unrealized loss at year-end.
- Public safety expenses decreased \$420,134 as staffing shortage continue to take a toll. The
  Police Department continues to struggle finding qualified applicants to bring full-time sworn
  officer staffing back to the 34-member authorized level.
- Street and highway expenses increased \$322,324 (27% of the net expense increase) as street
  maintenance projects are slowly creeping back to pre-Covid-19 expenditure levels, coupled with
  the increased cost of supplies in a market rife with supply shortages.
- Culture and recreation expenses increased \$378,868 (31% of the net expense increase) primarily as a result of the reopening of facilities from the 2020 year where Covid-19 shuttered many of the programs offered to community members.
- Community development expenses increased \$954,720, primarily from the funding of the acquisition of the former Y.M.C.A site, that will be turned into a 91-unit market rate apartment complex.

The following chart summarizes the changes in net position for the current year:

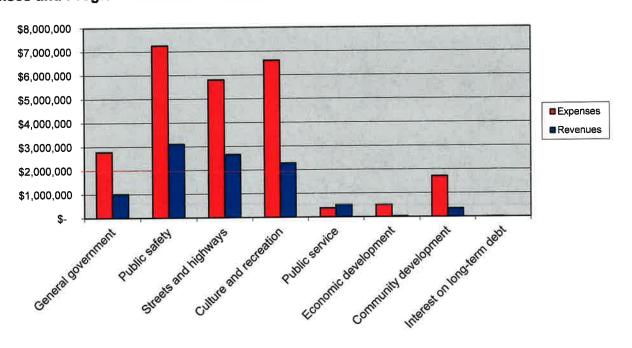
# CITY OF AUSTIN'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Condensed statement of activities highlights are as follows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

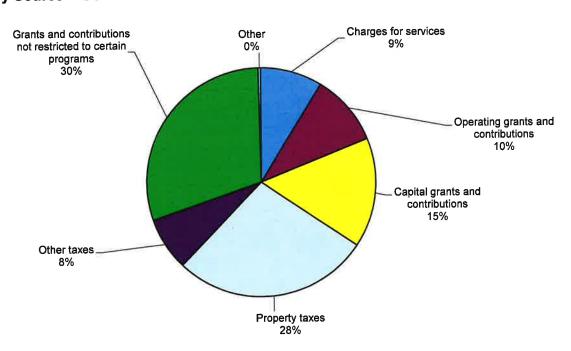
	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
	-	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Povenues												
Revenues:												
Program revenues:	ø	2,545,394	\$	1,845,422	\$	72,251,096	\$	62,995,912	\$	74,796,490	\$	64,841,334
Charges for services	\$	2,040,384	Ψ	1,043,422	Ψ	72,201,000	*	02,000,012	Τ.	,	•	
Operating grants and		2,926,182		3,289,769		54,684		2		2,980,866		3,289,769
contributions		4,484,216		38,446,128		1,577,693		2,479,263		6,061,909		40,925,391
Capital grants and contributions		4,404,210		30,440,120		1,511,555		2,,		, , , ,		
General revenues:		0.000.042		7,809,033		21		<u></u>		8,069,842		7,809,033
Property taxes		8,069,842								2,174,783		1,930,172
Other taxes		2,174,783		1,930,172		•		=		2,174,700		1,000,112
Grants and contributions not										0.074.400		0.500.424
restricted to specific programs		8,671,106		8,506,434		6745239473-A4493		-		8,671,106		8,506,434
Other	_	99,426		619,719		(287,927)		775,439	_	(188,501)	_	1,395,158
Total revenues	\$	28,970,949	\$	62,446,677	_\$_	73,595,546	\$	66,250,614	\$	102,566,495	\$_	128,697,291
_												
Expenses:	•	0.704.455	Φ.	2,751,682	\$		\$	-	\$	2,781,455	\$	2,751,682
General government	\$	2,781,455	\$		Φ	-	Ψ	125	Ψ	7,246,791	•	7,666,925
Public safety		7,246,791		7,666,925		-		723		5,801,837		5,479,513
Streets and highways		5,801,837		5,479,513		37.1				6,612,618		6,233,750
Culture and recreation		6,612,618		6,233,750		-				376,009		475,217
Public service		376,009		475,217		57.0		-		509,743		468,836
Economic development		509,743		468,836		==0 19=0		3 <del>4</del> 3		1,709,977		755,257
Community development		1,709,977		755,257		-				9,300		12,018
Interest on long-term debt		9,300		12,018		5,724,714		5,843,790		5,724,714		5,843,790
Sewer				(A.		57,931		36,949		57,931		36,949
Waste transfer station		3.53		1,5		448,724		321,430		448,724		321,430
Storm water utility		<b>.</b>				33,102,114		32,288,251		33,102,114		32,288,251
Electric		( <del>*</del>				4,704,995		4,788,283		4,704,995		4,788,283
Water				-		24,400,289		13,497,738		24,400,289		13,497,738
Gas		25,047,730	\$	23,843,198	\$		\$	56,776,441	\$	93,486,497	\$	80,619,639
Total expenses	\$		<del>\$</del>	38,603,479	\$	5,156,779	\$	9,474,173	<del>*</del>	9,079,998	\$	48,077,652
Increase in net position before transfers	\$	3,923,219	φ	30,003,479	Ψ	0,100,770	Ψ	0,47,4,170	*	5,5. 5,555	•	,,
		4 255 007		(289,711)		(1,355,997)		289.711				ž.
Transfers		1,355,997	_		_		_	9,763,884	\$	9,079,998	\$	48,077,652
Increase in net position	\$	5,279,216	\$	38,313,768	\$	3,800,782	\$	9,703,004	Ψ	9,019,990	Ψ	70,077,002
Net position - beginning		196,129,081		157,815,313		116,806,863		107,042,979		312,935,944		264,858,292
Restatement		2,856,966		-				9		2,856,966		3 <b>≠</b> 0,
	-	198,986,047	\$	157,815,313	\$	116,806,863	\$	107,042,979	\$	315,792,910	\$	264,858,292
Net position - beginning, as restated	<u> </u>	190,000,047	Ψ	107,010,010		. 10,000,000	<u> </u>		_		·	
Net position - ending	\$	204,265,263	\$	196,129,081	\$	120,607,645	<u>\$</u>	116,806,863	<u>\$</u>	324,872,908	\$	312,935,944

Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the government activities' direct program revenues with their expenses. Any shortfalls in direct revenues are primarily supported by property tax levy or general state aid.

## Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

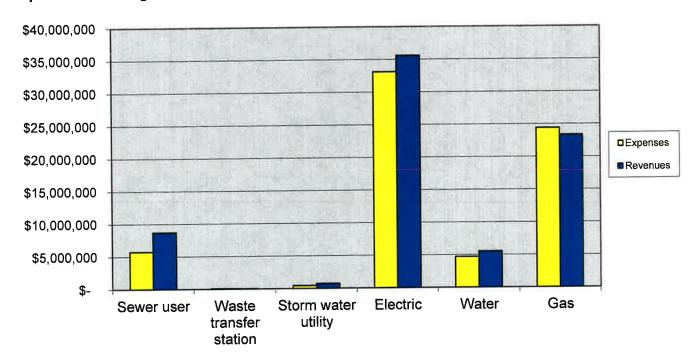


## Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

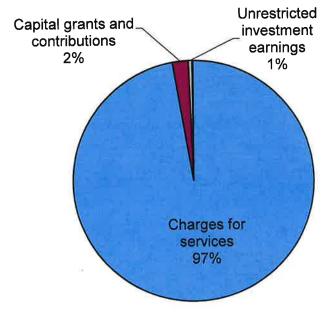


Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the business-type activities' direct program revenues with their expenses. Excess revenues are retained within each fund until such time that capital replacement is needed.

# Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



## Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



<u>Business-type activities.</u> For the City of Austin's business-type activities, the results for the current year operations were positive in that overall net position increased to reach an ending balance of \$120,607,645. Key elements of this operational increase are as follows:

- Overall rate increases in the gas department (positive purchased cost adjustments in 6 of the 12 months), the water department (1.9% rate increase), and sewer department (7.0% rate increase) in charges for services for 2021 outpaced the decrease in the electric department (elimination of the PCA adjustment for the entire year).
- Water expenses decreased by \$83,288 as there was a decrease in the maintenance of pumping equipment, coupled with a decrease in the costs associated with the maintenance of the distribution reservoirs and standpipes.
- Electric expenses increased by \$813,863 primarily as a result of cost adjustments from our wholesale provider SMMPA and the demolition of the Northeast Power Plant.
- Gas expenses increased by \$10,902,551 primarily as a result of the increase in the price of natural gas, as prices in 2021 were 130.65% higher than in 2020 due to supply issues.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

As noted earlier, the City of Austin uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Austin's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Austin's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City of Austin itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City of Austin's Council.

As of the end of the current year, the City of Austin's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$26,073,303, an increase of \$1,601,086. Approximately 42% of this total amount, or \$11,009,087, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Austin. At the end of the current year, assigned and unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$11,009,087, while the total fund balance decreased to \$11,183,336. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare assigned and unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 60.2 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 61.2 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Austin's general fund decreased by \$1,046,647 during the current year. Additionally, the restatement of beginning fund balance to account for prior year unrecorded health insurance contributions reduced fund balance by another \$195,116. During 2021, departments did not spend their full allotment of budget dollars, saving \$1,336,915 in the process. Included in this savings is over \$350,000 of capital and contingency that was not used, plus some savings due to staffing shortages. The City also collected more revenue than originally budgeted during 2021 resulting in a

\$2,025,372 increase. Included in this increase, was a \$1,378,759 of federal American Rescue Plan Act aid to help offset costs related to the pandemic. Revenue generating facilities, like the municipal pool and skating arenas were back on line in 2021 producing revenue above projected amounts. Transfers in came in \$20,259 under budget additionally. The combination of the budget expenditure savings, revenue windfall, and transfers in resulted in the net increase in the fund balance of the general fund.

The local option sales tax fund has been accumulating funds for the city share of flood relief projects. Statutory authority was given to the city, and an approved voter referendum soon followed in 2006 allowing the city to levy a sales tax of .50% on taxable purchases within the city limits for a maximum of 20 years. Total fund balance of \$3,957,635 exists for the city's share of future flood projects. The fund balance increased \$1,333,074 as the city banked revenue for a future large flood project.

The state aid street fund has a total fund balance of \$2,102,347, all of which is assigned for capital street projects on specific roads that qualify for this funding. The increase in fund balance during the current year was \$253,661 and was the result of assessment collections and additional state aid street revenue. A restatement in this fund also added \$161,918 to fund balance as a prior period adjustment was needed to properly record the balance residing in our state aid gas account with the State of Minnesota.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Austin's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position in the sewer user and utility funds are \$9,433,215 (sewer user) and \$8,423,156 (utility fund). The sewer user and utility funds had increases in their respective net position. The sewer user fund realized an increase of \$2,935,041 mainly due to capital contributions and an overall rate increase of 7% that is needed to help cover future expansion costs. The utility fund's increase in net position of \$285,805 was a direct result of increased revenues from customers outpacing the expenses.

The sewer, gas, and water utility rates were both increased during 2021, while electric utility rates were decreased due to the elimination of the PCA adjustment for the entire year.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS:**

**Original budget compared to final budget.** During the year there was \$1,025,850 of increases in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Following is the component of the appropriation increase:

- \$739,500 supplemental appropriations for minor capital to be funded by fund balance.
- \$286,350 supplemental appropriations for grants and donations that were approved.

**Final budget compared to actual results.** The most significant differences between estimates and actual amounts were as follows:

Overall revenues came in at \$19,232,814 on a budget of \$17,207,442. The increased revenues over budget included a one-time \$1,378,759 of American Rescue Plan Act funding from the federal government. There were also minor fluctuations amongst the different categories, but also a large increase in private contributions. Overall, the revenue target was achieved as expected.

 Expenditures amongst the different governmental activities were below the amended budget for all activities except general government, due to some capital items being re-evaluated and not purchased, some department staff shortages, and some facilities and operations were reduced because of caution towards the pandemic. Only 93% of the amended expenditure budget was spent during 2021, resulting in an increase to the fund balance.

During the year \$4,388,675 was budgeted to be used from fund balance. However, expenditures came in under the budgeted amounts by \$1,336,915 (7%) as a direct result of expenditure reductions amongst all departments. Additionally, revenues collected were \$2,025,372 higher than budgeted. Transfers in were \$20,259 under budget. This resulted in a net fund balance decrease of \$1,046,647 for the year. Restated net position decreased the beginning fund balance as a result of recording some prior year health insurance contributions also.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION:

Capital assets. The City of Austin's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2021, amounts to \$289,958,869 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City of Austin's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) was 1.95% percent. Most of this increase within the governmental activities can be found in the addition of the street project construction for the year. Within the business-type activities the most significant increases occurred in infrastructure related to the water and gas departments of the Austin Utilities and with construction in the Sewer Fund for wastewater treatment plant overhaul.

### CITY OF AUSTIN'S CAPITAL ASSETS

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2021		2020		2021	2020		2021		_	2020	
Land	\$	27.183.798	\$	26,977,492	\$	781,210	\$	781,210	\$	27,965,008	\$	27,758,702	
Buildings	•	39,771,380	•	40,418,563		37,479,028		38,601,254		77,250,408		79,019,817	
Improvements		33,485,817		34,115,661		993,417		1,023,038		34,479,234		35,138,699	
Machinery and equipment		10,574,773		11.114.287		52,569,840		49,622,059		63,144,613		60,736,346	
Construction in progress		12,211,319		8,057,975		6,328,445		7,912,028		18,539,764		15,970,003	
Infrastructure		48,133,284		49,470,722		20,446,558		16,306,769		68,579,842		65,777,491	
Total capital assets	\$	171,360,371	\$	170,154,700	\$	118,598,498	\$	114,246,358	\$	289,958,869	\$	284,401,058	
•							_				_		

Additional information on the City of Austin's capital assets can be found in Note 2E on pages 64-66 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current year, the City of Austin had total bonded debt outstanding of \$16,585,000. Of this amount \$14,160,000 comprises capital improvement plan debt that was issued for the Austin Utilities for their new Central Facility. The remainder of the City of Austin's long-term obligations represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

#### CITY OF AUSTIN'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2021	2	2020		2021		2020	=	2021		2020
G.O. tax increment debt	\$	=	\$	65%	\$	35	\$	3	\$	•	\$	<u>=</u>
G.O. capital improvement plan debt		2.1		2		14,160,000		14,895,000		14,160,000		14,895,000
Revenue debt					_	2,425,000		2,800,000		2,425,000	_	2,800,000
Total liabilities	\$		\$	100	\$	16,585,000	\$	17,695,000	\$	16,585,000	\$	17,695,000

The City of Austin's total net bonded debt decreased by \$1,110,000 (6.3 percent) during the current year. There was no new debt issued during 2021.

The City of Austin and its component units maintains a rating of Aa2 from Moody's Investors Services for general obligation debt. Additionally, the City of Austin maintains an AA- rating from Standard and Poor's for general obligation debt. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 2G on pages 68-75 of this report.

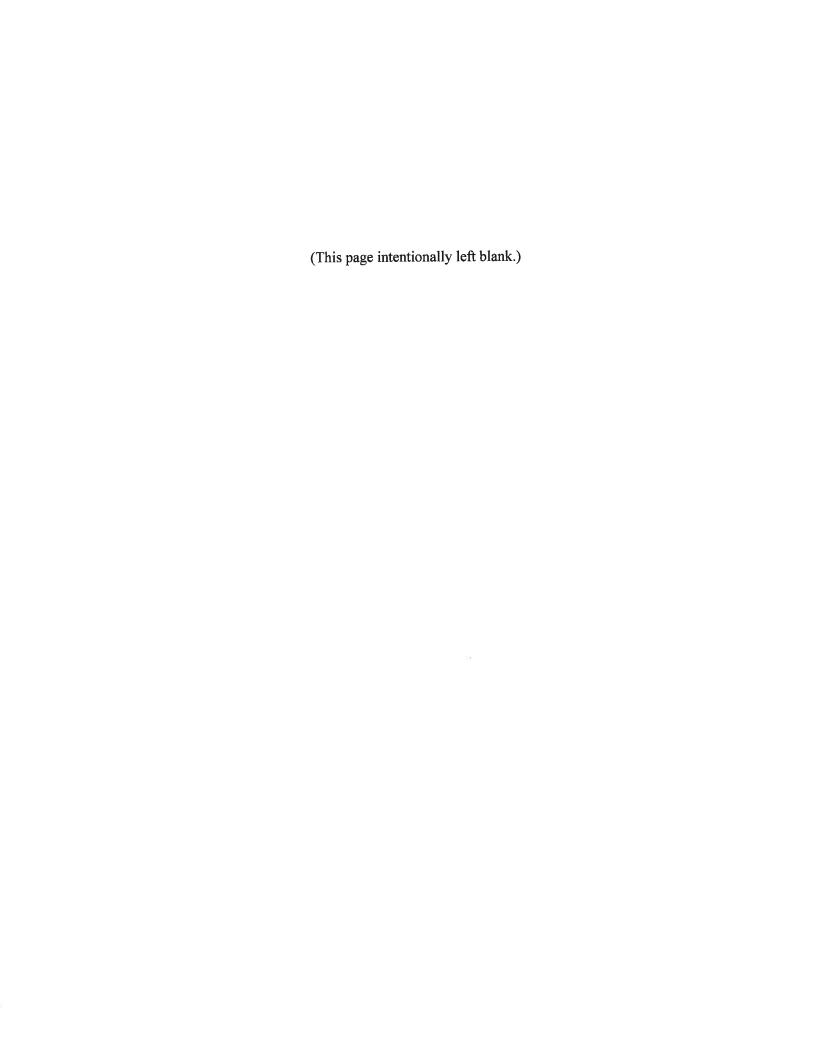
### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES:

- The unemployment rate for the City of Austin is currently 2.4 percent, which is 1.6% lower than it was a year ago. This is slightly lower than the state's average unemployment rate of 2.7 percent, and is favorable compared to the national average of 3.7 percent.
- The City of Austin continues to see increased commercial construction growth. Residential growth continues to have small increases in the number of homes being built in the last few years, however a new apartment building is in the process of being constructed to alleviate a housing shortage.
- Interest rates have continued to remain low during the past year, however recent indications by the Federal Reserve show a need for rate increases, which will help the rate of return on our investments.
- The State of Minnesota appears to have come out of the pandemic with flush reserves and recent budget forecasts predict additional surpluses. These projected budget surpluses by the State of Minnesota should stabilize state aid and eliminate any need for drastic reductions for the near future.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Austin's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Administrative Services, City of Austin, 500 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE, Austin, Minnesota, 55912.

# **Basic Financial Statements**



#### City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Disease Coverement			Component Units					
		Primary Government  Bovernmental Business-type		Housing	Port				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority	Authority				
Assets	Activities	7101111100							
Cash and investments	\$ 35,989,009	\$ 36,924,744	\$ 72,913,753	\$ 6,684,834	\$ 2,904,750				
Taxes receivable	176,979		176,979	(#):	1,405 10				
Accounts receivable (net)	598,471	6,284,611	6,883,082 4,025,734	20	10 .				
Special assessments receivable	3,056,767	968,967	4,025,734	53,993	-				
Other receivables	83,195	ō.	83,195	522	351				
Interest receivable  Due from other governments	4,521,797	43,833	4,565,630	541,039	591				
Internal balances	(31,487)	31,487			-				
Notes receivable (net)	246,105	3400	246,105	364,347	371,736				
Prepaid items	115,554	173,265	288,819	:e:	(≢)				
Inventory	89,825	1,781,085	1,870,910	***					
Other assets	=	127,727	127,727	200 050	-				
Restricted cash and investments	1,662,075	1,999,011	3,661,086	362,056					
Advances to component units	613,990	•	613,990	539,016	840,265				
Land held for resale  Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	-			,	010,200				
Land	27,183,798	781,210	27,965,008	2,550,941	0,40				
Buildings	39,771,380	37,479,028	77,250,408	12,136,290	19,949,933				
Improvements	33,485,817	993,417	34,479,234	/.5a	390,110				
Machinery and equipment	10,574,773	52,569,840	63,144,613	473,760	1,118,828				
Construction in progress	12,211,319	6,328,445	18,539,764	12,332	1.0				
Infrastructure	48,133,284	20,446,558	68,579,842						
Total assets	\$ 218,482,651	\$ 166,933,228	\$ 385,415,879	\$ 23,719,130	\$ 25,577,979				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ -	\$	\$	\$ 2,391	\$ -				
Loss on bond refunding	τ 7,315,265	3,689,177	11,004,442	-	*				
Pension related OPEB related	172,892	2,450,992	2,623,884	, <u>.</u>					
Total deferred outflows	\$ 7,488,157	\$ 6,140,169	\$ 13,628,326	\$ 2,391	\$ =				
of resources Total assets and deferred	(			\$ 23,721,521	\$ 25,577,979				
outflows of resources	\$ 225,970,808	\$ 173,073,397	\$ 399,044,205	\$ 20,721,021	Ψ 20,017,070				
Liabilities					<b>a</b> 75.000				
Vouchers payable	\$ 1,509,942	\$ 4,648,041	\$ 6,157,983	\$ 161,251	\$ 75,629				
Contractors' retained percentage	357,869	8,755	366,624	33,884	-				
Interest payable		*	400 200	33,004					
Deposits	100,200	4 442 207	100,200 2,336,083	ŝ	· ·				
Accrued expenses	892,776	1,443,307	512.283	131,486	30,000				
Due to other governments	512,283 25,000	3	25,000	14,676	*				
Unearned revenues Other current liabilities	25,000	505,203	505,203	276,922					
Long-term liabilities:		V,	,						
Due within one year	661,910	1,585,596	2,247,506	1,309,391					
Due in more than one year	1,524,183	17,309,945	18,834,128	4,810,207					
Net pension liability	5,577,300	4,951,878	10,529,178	-	*				
OPEB related:									
Due within one year	45,174	983,158	1,028,332	2.1					
Due in more than one year	1,107,161	16,335,218	17,442,379	180	613,990				
Advances from primary gov't	1.54		·	0.707.047					
Total liabilities	\$ 12,313,798	\$ 47,771,101	\$ 60,084,899	\$ 6,737,817	\$ 719,619				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2		e 00.00E	\$ -	\$ -				
Community Solar Related	\$ -	\$ 30,035	\$ 30,035	•	Ψ (S)				
Pension related	9,071,731	4,601,621 62,995	13,673,352 383,011	1871 251					
OPEB related	320,016 -	02,880	500,011	55,419					
Gain on bond refunding Total deferred inflows	-	+							
of resources	\$ 9,391,747	\$ 4,694,651	\$ 14,086,398	\$ 55,419	\$ -				
Net Position  Net investment in capital assets	\$ 170,898,680	\$ 101,683,971	\$ 272,582,651	\$ 9,054,140	\$ 21,458,871				
Restricted for:	,,								
Police	21,224	•	21,224	353	3.50				
Fire	248,480		248,480	(¥)	(m)				
Parks and recreation	9,718	( <u>#</u> )	9,718	70.450	361				
Debt service	444,335	()**	444,335	70,458	((7,0)				
Other capital projects	6,831,862	•	6,831,862	125	110,777				
Other purposes	100,915		100,915	45	110,777				
Library purposes	1,017,773	050	1,017,773	151					
Permanent funds:	27,359	1/2	27,359	3.0	:je:				
Expendable	136,052		136,052	¥	Ne.				
Non-expendable Unrestricted	24,528,865	18,923,674	43,452,539	7,803,687	3,288,712				
		\$ 120,607,645	\$ 324,872,908	\$ 16,928,285	\$ 24,858,360				
Total net position  Total liabilities, deterred inflows of	\$ 204,265,263	- 120,001,010		5					
resources, and net position	\$ 225,970,808	\$ 173,073,397	\$ 399,044,205	\$ 23,721,521	\$ 25,577,979				
,	8		7						

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Program Revenues			
			Operating	Capital		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Primary government						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 2,781,455	\$ 913,325	\$ 43,657	\$ 50,309		
Public safety	7,246,791	967,699	2,138,339	2,769		
Streets and highways	5,801,837	57,753	105,542	2,501,300		
Culture and recreation	6,612,618	534,675	578,453	1,170,433		
Public service	376,009	45,242	60,191	415,109		
Economic development	509,743	26,700	*			
Community development	1,709,977	1000	₹	344,296		
Interest on long-term debt	9,300	5€1	=	<u> </u>		
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,047,730	\$ 2,545,394	\$ 2,926,182	\$ 4,484,216		
Business-type activities:						
Sewer user	\$ 5,724,714	\$ 7,401,327	\$ 54,684	\$ 1,230,262		
Waste transfer station	57,931	52,435	=			
Storm water utility	448,724	729,481		<b>3</b> )		
Electric	33,102,114	35,528,834	<u> </u>	40,927		
Water	4,704,995	5,441,410	<u> </u>	62,301		
Gas	24,400,289	23,097,609		244,203		
Total business-type activities	\$ 68,438,767	\$ 72,251,096	\$ 54,684	\$ 1,577,693		
Total primary government	\$ 93,486,497	\$ 74,796,490	\$ 2,980,866	\$ 6,061,909		
Component units:						
Housing and Redevelopment Authority	\$ 5,344,488	\$ 3,189,130	\$ 1,482,514	\$ 247,950		
Port Authority	1,701,511	96,321	710,000	(=)		
Total component units	\$ 7,045,999	\$ 3,285,451	\$ 2,192,514	\$ 247,950		
total component anno	8 S	1	i:			

#### General revenues:

Property taxes

Tax increment collections

Sales Tax

Nonproperty taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to certain programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain on sale of capital assets

### Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Restatement

Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Primar	y Government		S III IVECT OSIGOTI		Compone	ent Ur	nits
Go	overnmental		siness-type				Housing		Port
	Activities		Activities		Total	/	Authority		Authority
\$	(1,774,164)	\$	14	\$	(1,774,164)	\$		\$	*
*	(4,137,984)	•	#:		(4,137,984)		-		-
	(3,137,242)		-		(3,137,242)		-		1411
	(4,329,057)		-		(4,329,057)		-		-
	144,533		=		144,533		74		(€)
	(483,043)				(483,043)		0.		; <del>-</del>
	(1,365,681)		2		(1,365,681)		X( <del>40</del> )		: <u></u>
	(9,300)		<u>_</u>		(9,300)				
\$	(15,091,938)	\$		\$	(15,091,938)	\$		\$	-
Ψ	(10,001,000)	_Ψ			(,				
\$		\$	2,961,559	\$	2,961,559	\$	-	\$	( <del>=</del> )
•			(5,496)		(5,496)		Ħ.		
	-		280,757		280,757		₹.		-
	(#)		2,467,647		2,467,647		<del>-</del>		-
	:=:		798,716		798,716		2		: = :
	( <del>+</del> :		(1,058,477)		(1,058,477)		<u>12</u>		2. <del>4</del> 1
\$		\$	5,444,706	\$	5,444,706	\$	<u> </u>	\$	
\$	(15,091,938)	\$	5,444,706	\$	(9,647,232)	\$	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	Ŋ <del>Ĕ</del>
\$	V=	\$	; <del>=</del> 5	\$	<u>.</u> ₩±	\$	(424,894)	\$	4
	3 <del>=</del> (				-	-	(40.4.00.4)	_	(895,190)
\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	(424,894)	_\$_	(895,190)
\$	8,069,842	\$	*	\$	8,069,842	\$	213,707	\$	50,597
	386,439				386,439	G.	. <del></del>		
	1,718,938		350		1,718,938		-		-
	69,406				69,406		-		_
	8,671,106				8,671,106		40.000		(0.074)
	(47,138)		(365,817)		(412,955)		18,026		(2,971)
	41,334		43,883		85,217		636,670		70,000
	105,230		34,007		139,237		•		-
	1,355,997		(1,355,997)			_	200 400	_	447.000
\$	20,371,154	\$	(1,643,924)	\$	18,727,230	\$	868,403	\$	117,626
\$	5,279,216	\$	3,800,782	\$	9,079,998	\$	443,509	\$	(777,564)
	196,129,081		116,806,863		312,935,944 2,856,966		16,484,776		25,635,924
\$	2,856,966 198,986,047	\$	116,806,863	\$	315,792,910	\$	16,484,776	\$	25,635,924
\$	204,265,263	\$	120,607,645	_\$_	324,872,908	\$	16,928,285	\$	24,858,360

### City of Austin, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

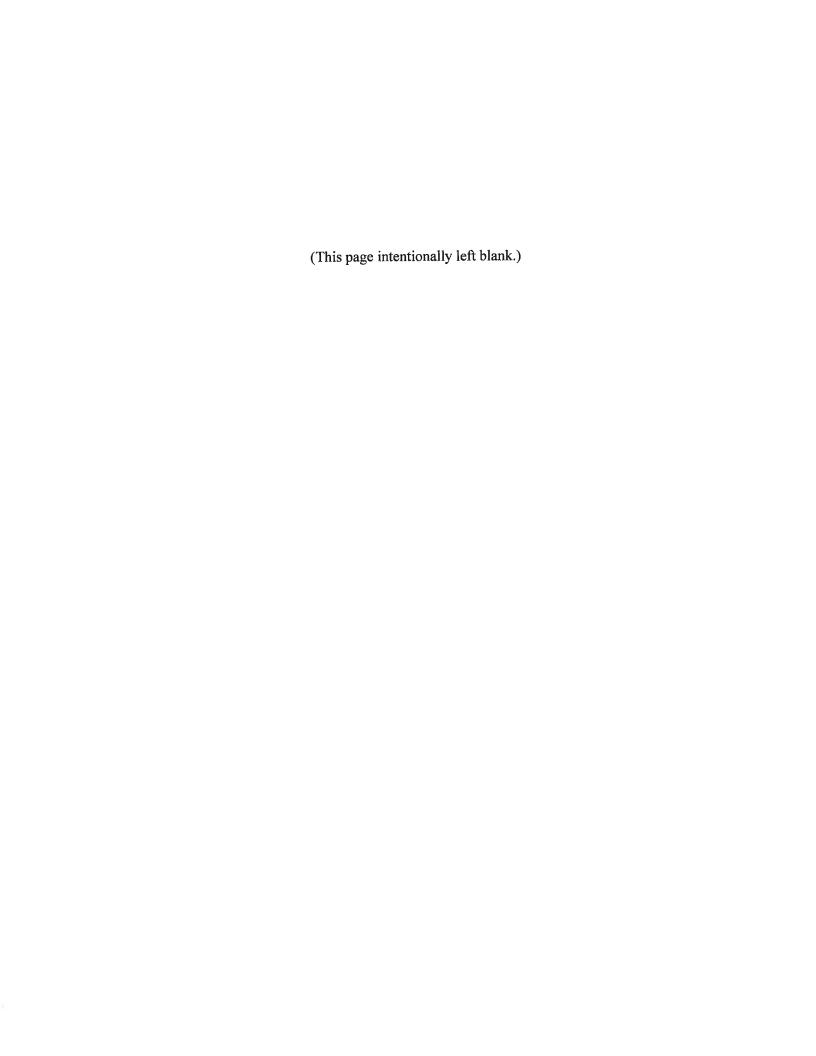
Cash and investments			General		ocal Option Sales Tax		State Aid Street
Taxes receivable   123,516   123,516   124,000   124,0	Assets						
Due from other funds   289,625   583,635   2,818,092	Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Notes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Special assessments receivable	\$	123,516 226,926 110,815 259,468	\$	3,395,453 - - - -	\$	-
Prepaid items	Due from other funds		649,658		583,635		2,818,092
Liabilities   Vouchers payable   \$ 301,827   \$ 19,982   \$ 64,489	Prepaid items Advances to component unit	•	10,859	<u> </u>	:=:	-\$	5.442.455
Vouchers payable	lotal assets	Ψ	10,110,000	_	0,010,000		
Deposits	Vouchers payable	\$	301,827	\$		\$	
Due to other governments   262,353   750	Deposits Accrued expenditures		724,277		3 <b>2</b>		
Deferred inflows of resources	Due to other governments Unearned revenues	\$	262,353	-\$			72.356
Unavailable revenue	lotal liabilities	_Ψ_	1,442,000		21,100		
Total deferred inflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources						0.007.750
Fund balance  Nonspendable:     Prepaid amounts     Permanent fund principal  Restricted for:     Police - operations     Parks and recreation     Debt service reserve     Other capital projects     Library - programming     Parks and recreation - programming     Parks and recreation     Other capital projects     Library - programming     Parks and recreation - prog		_\$_		_\$		\$	3,267,752
Nonspendable: Prepaid amounts Permanent fund principal  Restricted for: Police - operations Parks and recreation Debt service reserve Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation Other capital projects Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Total deferred inflows of resources	_\$_	493,799	-\$		_\$	3,267,752
Prepaid amounts Permanent fund principal  Restricted for: Police - operations Parks and recreation Debt service reserve Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation - pro							
Restricted for:   Police - operations		ø	10.950	œ	5	\$	<u> </u>
Restricted for: Police - operations Fire - operations Parks and recreation Parks and recreation Pobt service reserve Other capital projects Library - programming Committed to: Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation - programming Parks and recreation - programming Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Library - programming  Assigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		Ф	10,009	Ф		Ψ	_
Police - operations Fire - operations Parks and recreation Debt service reserve Other capital projects Library - programming Committed to: Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation - programming Parks and recreation - programming Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Cibrary - programming  Assigned to: Police - repital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			50		_		
Fire - operations Parks and recreation Debt service reserve Other capital projects Library - programming Committed to: Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation - programming Parks and recreation - programming Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Cibrary - programming  Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			21 224		-		=
Parks and recreation Debt service reserve Other capital projects Library - programming Committed to: Other capital projects Library - programming Other capital projects Total liabilities, deferred inflows of  Parks and recreation Sp,718  59,718  59,714 3,957,635  73,065  73,069  73,069  73,069  73,069  73,069  73,069  74,069  75,069  75,069  75,069  76,065  76,076  76,076  76,076  77,076					-		8
Debt service reserve Other capital projects Library - programming Committed to: Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation - programming Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Library - programming The programming Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			9.718		į		2
Other capital projects Library - programming Committed to: Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation - programming Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			-,				·
Library - programming  Committed to: Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation - programming Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Other capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			59,114		3,957,635		*
Committed to: Other capital projects Library - programming Parks and recreation - programming Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Other capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	1.9				( <del>9</del> 1)′		<u>a</u>
Other capital projects 73,069  Library - programming							
Library - programming Parks and recreation - programming  Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Other capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			73,069		3		=
Parks and recreation - programming  Assigned to: Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Other capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					<b>:=</b> :		<del>-</del>
Police - capital projects Streets and highways - capital projects Other capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			22		=		<del>-</del>
Streets and highways - capital projects Other capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Assigned to:						
Other capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Police - capital projects		**		(E)		0.400.047
Other capital projects Library - programming Unassigned: Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			± <del>=</del> ,/,		-		2,102,347
Unassigned: 11,009,087			7		-		-
Total fund balance \$ 11,183,336 \$ 3,957,635 \$ 2,102,347  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			44 000 007		•		<b>≔</b> 8
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		-		<u> </u>	2 057 625	-0	2 102 347
	Total fund balance	4	11,103,330	<u> </u>	3,907,000	Ψ_	2,102,047
		\$	13,119,698	\$	3,979,088	\$	5,442,455

Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	8,939,022 53,463 370,595 135,290 2,344,659 2,413 12,929 830,445	\$	25,874,247 176,979 597,521 246,105 3,056,767 83,195 662,587 4,521,797 10,859 612,733
\$	13,301,549	\$	35,842,790
\$	1,030,782 349,281 - 28,351 377,649	\$	1,417,080 357,869 100,200 752,628 431,555
	249,180		512,283
\$	25,000 2,060,243	\$	25,000 3,596,615
	2,000,240		0,000,000
\$ \$	2,411,321 2,411,321	\$	6,172,872 6,172,872
\$	- 136,052	\$	10,859 136,052
	249 490		21,224 248,480
	248,480		9,718
	722,179		722,179
	1,017,508		4,016,749 1,017,773
	23,927 945,772 155,873		96,996 945,772 155,873
	795		795
	E 550 004		2,102,347 5,552,834
	5,552,834 26,565		5,552,834 26,565
_		•	11,009,087
	8,829,985	_\$_	26,073,303
\$	13,301,549	_\$_	35,842,790

# City of Austin, Minnesota Reconciliation of Net Position in the Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Balances in the Fund Basis Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total governmental fund balances (page 23)	\$ 26,073,303
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This represents the net effect of capital assets \$ 228,012,008 and accumulated depreciation (\$ 64,420,912).	163,591,096
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	7,273,755
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	6,172,872
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment, information technology and insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position	18,937,110
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Noncurrent liabilities consist of vacation payable (\$ 661,910), sick leave payable (\$ 1,524,183), OPEB Payable (\$ 1,152,335) net pension liability (\$ 5,304,444), and deferred inflows of	
resources (\$ 9,140,001).	(17,782,873)
Net position of governmental activities (page 19)	\$ 204,265,263



## City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		General		ocal Option Sales Tax	1 <del>5</del>	State Aid Street
Revenues					•	
Taxes	\$	5,770,092	\$	1,718,938	\$	101 550
Special assessments		61,473		-		134,558
Licenses and permits		675,434		-		:=:
Intergovernmental		10,981,632		344,295		1,549,133
Charges for services		714,080		9,		74
Fines and forfeits		121,610		<b>3</b> 9		
Miscellaneous		908,493		(23,965)		9,591
Total revenues	\$	19,232,814	\$	2,039,268	\$	1,693,282
Expenditures Current	\$	2,338,422	\$		\$	_
General government	Ψ	8,006,195	Ψ	1775	Ψ	3.52
Public safety						100
Streets and highways		3,539,929				-
Culture and recreation		4,058,879		<u>-</u>		-
Public service		80,234		, <del>=</del> ,		-
Economic development		246,028		? <del>≡</del> ?		5
Community development		8,515				4 400 004
Capital outlay		===		706,194		1,439,621
Debt service						
Interest and fiscal charges	-					
Total expenditures	\$	18,278,202	\$	706,194	\$	1,439,621
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_\$_	954,612	_\$_	1,333,074	_\$_	253,661
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	\$	1,668,741	\$		\$	-
Transfers out		(3,670,000)		:+:		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-\$	(2,001,259)	\$		\$	<b>(40)</b>
	•	(1,046,647)	<u> </u>	1,333,074	\$	253,661
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,040,047)	\$	1,000,074	Ψ	200,001
Fund halongo haginning		12,425,099		2,624,561		1,686,768
Fund balance - beginning		(195,116)		2,027,001		161,918
Restatement	•		\$	2,624,561	\$	1,848,686
Fund balance - beginning, as restated		12,229,983	Φ	2,024,001	Ψ	1,0-10,000
Fund balance - ending	\$	11,183,336	\$	3,957,635		2,102,347

Other	Total					
Governmental	Governmental					
Funds	Funds					
\$ 2,626,404 915,159 1,159,359 125,279 785 1,028,646 \$ 5,855,632	\$ 10,115,434 1,111,190 675,434 14,034,419 839,359 122,395 1,922,765 \$ 28,820,996					
\$ - - 1,315,820 - - - 5,338,601	\$ 2,338,422 8,006,195 3,539,929 5,374,699 80,234 246,028 8,515 7,484,416					
070 045	070.045					
273,015	273,015					
\$ 6,927,436	\$ 27,351,453					
\$ (1,071,804)	\$ 1,469,543					
\$ 2,170,000	\$ 3,838,741					
(4,000)	(3,674,000)					
\$ 2,166,000	\$ 164,741					
\$ 1,094,196	\$ 1,634,284					
7,735,789	24,472,217					
	(33,198)					
\$ 7,735,789	\$ 24,439,019					
\$ 8,829,985	\$ 26,073,303					

# City of Austin, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 27)	\$	1,634,284
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$7,309,498 exceeded depreciation (\$ 5,605,976) in the current period.		1,703,522
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., donations, sales, trade-ins, and disposals) is to increase net position. This consists of donations of capital assets \$130,340 less disposal of capital assets (\$ 339,509).		(209,169)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		(320,502)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		1,102,076
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, management information systems, and insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		1,369,005
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 21)	_\$	5,279,216

## City of Austin, Minnesota General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			•			Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
	-	Budgeted	Amo	Final		Actual		Negative)
B		Original		Filial	_	Amounts		rogulivo)
Revenues	\$	5,711,946	\$	5,711,946	\$	5,770,092	\$	58,146
Taxes	Ψ	45,000	Ψ	45,000	•	61,473	•	16,473
Special assessments		632,960		632,960		675,434		42,474
Licenses and permits		9,354,285		9,354,285		10,981,632		1,627,347
Intergovernmental		654,201		654,201		714,080		59,879
Charges for services Fines and forfeits		147,600		147,600		121,610		(25,990)
Miscellaneous		457,450		661,450		908,493		247,043
	•	17,003,442	\$	17,207,442	\$	19,232,814	\$	2,025,372
Total revenues	Ψ	17,000,442	<u> </u>	17,207,172		10,202,011		
Expenditures								
Current					_	0.000.400	•	(05.400)
General government	\$	2,272,200	\$	2,313,016	\$	2,338,422	\$	(25,406)
Public safety		8,074,542		8,211,334		8,006,195		205,139
Streets and highways		3,823,671		3,828,376		3,539,929		288,447
Culture and recreation		4,030,021		4,658,092		4,058,879		599,213
Public service		111,184		111,184		80,234		30,950
Economic development		270,707		482,057		246,028		236,029
Community development		6,942		11,058		8,515	_	2,543
Total expenditures	_\$_	18,589,267	\$	19,615,117	\$	18,278,202	_\$_	1,336,915
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					_		•	0 000 007
over expenditures		(1,585,825)	_\$_	(2,407,675)	<u> </u>	954,612	<u> </u>	3,362,287
Other financing sources (uses)								(2.2.2.2.X
Transfers in	\$	1,689,000	\$	1,689,000	\$	1,668,741	\$	(20,259)
Transfers out		(210,000)		(3,670,000)		(3,670,000)	0	*
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,479,000	\$	(1,981,000)	\$	(2,001,259)	\$	(20,259)
-								
Net change in fund balance	\$	(106,825)	\$	(4,388,675)	\$	(1,046,647)	\$	3,342,028
Fund balance - beginning		12,425,099		12,425,099		12,425,099		2 <b>*</b> 2
Restatement		(195,116)		(195,116)		(195,116)		<u> </u>
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$	12,229,983	\$	12,229,983	\$	12,229,983	\$	(€)
Fund balance - ending	\$	12,123,158	<u>\$</u>	7,841,308	\$	11,183,336	\$	3,342,028

### City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

		Busines	s-type Activities	<ul> <li>Enterprise</li> </ul>
Assets	Sewer User	-	Jtilities	Other Enterprise Funds
Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Special assessments receivable, current portion Due from other funds Due from other governments Inventory Prepaid items	56 10 59 4	2,166 1,080 1,168 3,833	7,195,758 \$ 5,722,445	92,724 - - -
Total current assets	\$ 10,16	4,706 \$ 3	5,034,932	955,251
Noncurrent assets Restricted investments Special assessments receivable, noncurrent portion Other assets Capital assets: Capital assets		57,887 -	1,999,011 \$ 127,727 0,519,006 \$	-
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation Net Construction in progress Net capital assets Total noncurrent assets	\$ 37,05 4,72 \$ 41,77	7,814) (6 50,373 \$ 6 24,669 75,042 \$ 6	0,741,348) 9,777,658 9,777,658 (1,904,396)	(1,293,431) 5 5,442,022 1,603,776 6 7,045,798
Total assets	\$ 52,80	7,635 \$ 10	6,939,328	8,001,049
Deferred outflows of resources Pension related OPEB related		94,675 \$ 30,785	2,922,193 2,416,958	72,309 3,249
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 72	25,460\$	5,339,151	75,558
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 53,53	33,095 \$ 11	2,278,479	\$ 8,076,607

Funds					overnmental Activities - ernal Service
		Totals		me	Funds
	\$	36,924,744 6,284,611 101,080		\$	11,776,836 950
		846,271 43,833			-
		1,781,085 173,265			89,826 104,695
	\$	46,154,889		\$	11,972,307
	\$	1,999,011 867,887 127,727		\$	œ .æ .æ
	\$	195,722,646 (83,452,593)		\$	17,406,358 (9,637,083)
	\$	112,270,053 6,328,445		\$	7,769,275 -
	\$	118,598,498		\$	7,769,275
	\$	121,593,123		\$	7,769,275
	\$	167,748,012		\$	19,741,582
	\$	3,689,177 2,450,992		\$	214,402 
	_\$_	6,140,169		_\$_	214,402
	\$	173,888,181		_\$_	19,955,984
					(continued)

### City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Net Position (continued) Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

			Busin	ess-type Activit	ties - I	Enterprise
	-	Sewer User		Utilities		Other interprise Funds
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Vouchers payable	\$	53,019	\$	4,589,265	\$	5,757
Contractors' retained percentage		8,755		S.		-
Accrued expenses		81,338		1,356,183		5,787
Capital lease payable, current portion		::=:		16,179		-
Bonds payable, current portion		A000		1,153,056		-
Compensated absences, current portion		112,736		302,289		1,336
Other postemployment benefits payable, current portion		8,111		973,966		1,081
Due to other funds		96,571		972,179		3,211
Other current liabilities		:(=:		505,202		<u> </u>
Total current liabilities	\$	360,530	\$	9,868,319	\$	17,172
Noncurrent liabilities						
Capital lease payable	\$	12	\$	34,871	\$	(⊕)
Bonds payable		2		15,710,422		16
Net pension liability		884,068		3,975,787		92,023
Other postemployment benefits payable		197,074		16,117,573		20,571
Compensated absences		10,510		1,554,142		
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	1,091,652	\$	37,392,795	\$	112,594
Total Horioan on Habitato						
Total liabilities	\$	1,452,182		47,261,114	_\$_	129,766
Deferred inflows of resources					_	
Community Solar Program Related	\$	≦\/	\$	30,035	\$	-
Pension related		815,674		3,701,043		84,904
OPEB related		56,982	_		_	6,013
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	872,656	\$	3,731,078	\$	90,917
Net position	_		•	50 000 404	•	7.045.700
Net investment in capital assets	\$	41,775,042	\$	52,863,131	\$	7,045,798
Unrestricted		9,433,215	_	8,423,156	-	810,126
Total net position	\$	51,208,257	_\$	61,286,287	_\$_	7,855,924
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	•	E0 E00 005	<b>ሰ</b>	110 070 470	¢	9 076 607
resources, and net position		53,533,095	<u></u>	112,278,479	_\$_	8,076,607

Amounts reported by business-type activities in the statement of net position (page 19) are different because:

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds.

Net position of business-type activities

Fun	Totals	Α	vernmental ctivities - rnal Service Funds
-			
\$	4,648,041 8,755	\$	84,942
	1,443,308		148,069
	16,179		-
	1,153,056		*
	416,361 983,158		
	1,071,961		5,342
-	505,202		<u> </u>
\$	10,246,021	\$	238,353
\$	34,871	\$	-
•	15,710,422		
	4,951,878		272,856
	16,335,218		: <u>*</u>
-\$	1,564,652 38,597,041	\$	272,856
_4	00,007,041		2.2,000
\$	48,843,062	\$	511,209
\$	30,035	\$	-
•	4,601,621	•	251,746
	62,995		-
_9	4,694,651	_\$_	251,746
9	101,683,971	\$	7,769,275
	18,666,497		11,423,754
	120,350,468	\$	19,193,029
	720,330,400	Ψ_	19,130,025
		_\$_	19,955,984
	257,177		
-	2014111		

\$ 120,607,645

## City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Busine	ess-type Activitie	s - E	nterprise
						Other
		Sewer			Ε	nterprise
		User		Utilities		Funds
Operating revenues			-			
Charges for services	\$	7,401,327	\$	63,613,102	\$	729,481
Other operating revenues				454,751_		52,435
Total operating revenues	\$	7,401,327	\$	64,067,853	\$	781,916
Operating expenses						
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,914,302	\$	-	\$	222,128
Supplies and maintenance	·	2,412,498		•		130,675
Administrative and general		213,733		•		90,971
Claims		q.e.		-		-
Retirement benefits		3. <del>0</del>		-		=
Insurance premiums		-		-		
Utilities expense		-		58,467,921		:=
Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation	\$	4,540,533	\$	58,467,921	\$	443,774
Depreciation	Ψ.	1,192,709	•	3,224,447		114,538
Total operating expenses	-\$	5,733,242	\$	61,692,368	\$	558,312
Total operating expenses		0,100,2.2				
Operating income (loss)	_\$_	1,668,085	_\$_	2,375,485	<b>\$_</b>	223,604
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Investment income (loss)	\$	(69,102)	\$	(291,347)	\$	(10,859)
Interest earnings on note		5,491		( <del>-</del>		. =
Interest expense		-		(515,030)		
Other grants		56,422		35		Ē
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		34,007		€
Miscellaneous revenues		43,883	-	<u> </u>		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$	36,694	\$	(772,370)	\$	(10,859)
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$	1,704,779	_\$_	1,603,115	\$	212,745
Capital contributions	\$	1,230,262	\$	347,431	\$	357,006
Transfers in		₩.		٩		-
Transfers out		*	_	(1,664,741)		
Change in net position	\$	2,935,041	\$	285,805	\$	569,751
Total net position - beginning		48,273,216		61,000,482		7,286,173
Total net position - ending	\$	51,208,257	\$	61,286,287	\$	7,855,924

Amounts reported by business-type activities in the statement of activities (page 21) are different because:

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds.

Change in net position of business-type activities

Funds	A	vernmental activities -
Totals	Inte	ernal Service Funds
\$ 71,743,910 507,186	\$	4,174,609
\$ 72,251,096	\$	4,174,609
\$ 2,136,430 2,543,173 304,704	\$	584,682 489,667 188,204 144,079
(2) (2)		116,135 2,081,193
58,467,921 \$ 63,452,228 4,531,694	\$	3,603,960 754,004
\$ 67,983,922	\$	4,357,964
\$ 4,267,174		(183,355)
\$ (371,308) 5,491 (515,030) 56,422	\$	(93,482) - - - 765
34,007 43,883_		155,401
\$ (746,535)	\$	62,684
\$ 3,520,639	\$	(120,671)
\$ 1,934,699 - (1,664,741)	\$	1,500,000
\$ 3,790,597	\$	1,379,329
		17,813,700
	\$	19,193,029

10,185

\$ 3,800,782

### City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-type Activities			ype Activities
	<u></u>	Sewer User		Utilities
Cash flows from operating activities  Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments to retirees Other receipts Other expenses Net cash provided by operating activities	* *	8,097,328 (3,074,133) (1,952,131) - 43,883 - 3,114,947	\$	62,933,655 (47,997,185) (7,624,992) - (1,111,656) 6,199,822
	•			
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities  Transfers to other funds  Transfers from other funds	\$		\$	(1,664,741)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	\$		\$	(1,664,741)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Capital asset acquisitions Capital contributions Proceeds from the sales of capital assets Reduction of long-term debt Interest paid on bonds and notes	\$	(2,168,799) 1,309,728 - -	\$	(5,980,858) 347,431 34,007 (1,125,813) (543,120)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	_\$	(859,071)	\$	(7,268,353)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income (loss) Principal and interest received on note receivable Purchases of other investments and special funds Sales of other investments and special funds Net cash flows provided (used) by investing activities	\$ 	(69,015) 227,526 - - 158,511	\$	155,106 (15,515,628) 15,108,846 (251,676)
		·	-	(2 084 048)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,414,387	\$	(2,984,948)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	•	6,452,072	-	9,808,345
Cash and cash equivalents - ending		8,866,459		6,823,397

	- En	terprise Funds			vernmental
	E	Other Interprise Funds	121	Totals	activities - ernal Service Funds
	\$	746,305 (220,467) (198,040)	\$	71,777,288 (51,291,785) (9,775,163) - 43,883 (1,111,656)	\$ 4,174,899 (2,883,109) (593,773) (116,135) 155,401
	\$	327,798	\$	9,642,567	\$ 737,283
	\$	*	\$	(1,664,741)	\$ 1,500,000
	\$	:÷:	\$	(1,664,741)	\$ 1,500,000
=	\$	(375,432) - - - -	\$	(8,525,089) 1,657,159 34,007 (1,125,813) (543,120)	\$ (465,322) 765
	\$	(375,432)	\$	(8,502,856)	\$ (464,557)
8=	\$	(10,859) - - -	\$	75,232 227,526 (15,515,628) 15,108,846	\$ (93,482)
	\$	(10,859)	_\$	(104,024)	\$ (93,482)
	\$	(58,493) 921,020	\$	(629,054) 17,181,437	\$ 1,679,244 10,097,592
	\$	862,527	\$	16,552,383	\$ 11,776,836
	_				

(continued)

### City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-type Activities			pe Activities
	Sewer User		Utilities	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by operating activities:			_	0.075.405
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,668,085	\$	2,375,485
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				0.004.447
Depreciation and amortization		1,192,709		3,224,447
Miscellaneous revenues		43,883		(7.44E)
Miscellaneous expenses		386		(7,115)
Change in net pension liability		(243,483)		(1,564,015)
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pension related		760,321		(264,433)
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related		(7,700)		3,318,547
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension related		(570,280)		(2,244,341)
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related		(663)		(522,828)
Change in deferred inflows of resources - community solar related				(9,426)
Change in other postemployment benefits payable		23,574		1,079,141
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Accounts receivable		749,708		(451,737)
Due from other funds		(54,272)		(20,592)
Due from other governments		565		-
Inventory				(113,379)
Prepaid items		5=		124,552
Other assets		J. <del>e.</del>		87,414
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Vouchers payable		(403,595)		1,297,079
Contractors' retained percentage		(63,374)		-
Accrued expenses		` 402		(91,292)
Due to other funds		19,067		110,662
Other current liabilities		-		(128, 347)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,114,947	\$	6,199,822
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,111,10		
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	_			(400.050)
Change in fair value of investments	\$	-	\$	(460,632)
Receipt of contributed capital assets	\$	1,738	\$	
Reconciliation of total cash and cash equivalents to cash and investments:				
	\$	8,866,459	\$	6,823,397
Cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	0,000, <del>-1</del> 00	Ψ	20,372,361
Other unrestricted investments	\$	8,866,459	\$	27,195,758
Total cash and investments	<u> </u>	0,000,409	Ψ	21,190,100

- En	terprise Funds				vernmental
	Other				ctivities -
E	nterprise		Tatala	inte	rnal Service
	Funds		Totals	-	Funds
\$	223,604	\$	4,267,174	\$	(183,355)
	444.500		4 504 604		754,004
	114,538		4,531,694 43,883		155,401
			(7,115)		100,401
	(624)		(1,808,122)		(71,410)
	80,356		576,244		234,846
	579		3,311,426		
	(62,088)		(2,876,709)		(176,421)
	(718)		(524,209)		1=
	(, 10)		(9,426)		0.
	6,393		1,109,108		3 <b>.5</b>
			297,971		290
	(35,611)		(110,475)		200
	(33,011)		565		77=
			(113,379)		4,195
	-		124,552		(3,626)
	84		87,414		-
					47.000
	1,052		894,536		47,098
	~		(63,374)		(0.4 550)
	1,601		(89,289)		(24,556)
	(1,284)		128,445		817
\$	327,798	-\$	(128,347) 9,642,567	\$	737,283
<del>Ф</del>	327,790	<u> </u>	3,042,007	$\stackrel{\Psi}{=}$	101,200
		_		•	
\$	-	\$	(460,632)	\$	-
\$	357,006	\$	358,744	\$	₩8
\$	862,527	\$	16,552,383	\$	11,776,836
Ψ	-	Ψ	20,372,361	*	,,
\$	862,527	\$	36,924,744	\$	11,776,836
		( 2000			

### City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2021

		Custodial Fund	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Loans receivable, net of	\$	311,744 316,883	
allowance of \$10,116 Accrued interest		530	
Total assets	_\$	629,157	
Liabilities Accounts payable	_\$	6,651	
Total liabilities	_\$	6,651	
Net Position Restricted for other governments	_\$	622,506	
Total net position	\$	622,506	

### City of Austin, Minnesota Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		ustodial Fund
Additions Investment income Interest earned on loans Interest earned on investments	\$	7,507 63
Total additions	<u>.</u>	7,570
Deductions Administration	_\$	10,845
Total deductions	_\$	10,845
Net decrease	\$	(3,275)
Net position - beginning	-	625,781
Net position - ending	\$	622,506



### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

### **B.** Reporting Entity

The City of Austin, Minnesota is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and seven-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The City of Austin was incorporated February 28, 1876, and is governed by a Home Rule Charter adopted March 10, 1903 pursuant to the general laws of Minnesota.

### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

### Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Austin

The Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Austin (HRA) is legally separate from the City of Austin. The City of Austin appoints a voting majority of the HRA's board and is able to impose its will on the HRA. However, the HRA does not provide services exclusively to the City of Austin; therefore, the HRA is a discrete presentation in this report. The fund structure of the HRA consists of seven enterprise funds. The HRA's fiscal year end is September 30; therefore, balances in this report are as of September 30, 2021. Copies of the HRA's financial statements may be obtained at 308 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue NE, Austin, Minnesota 55912.

#### Austin Port Authority

The Austin Port Authority (Port Authority) is legally separate from the City of Austin. However, the City appoints a voting majority of the Port Authority Board, and the City is able to impose its will on the Port Authority. The two boards are not substantially the same, and the Port Authority does not provide services exclusively to the City of Austin; therefore, the Port Authority is also a discrete presentation in this report. The Port Authority maintains only one enterprise fund. Copies of the Port Authority's financial statements may be obtained at 500 4th Avenue NE, Austin, Minnesota 55912.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the City has two discretely presented component units. While neither the Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Austin or the Austin Port Authority are considered to be a major component unit, they are nevertheless shown in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water, electric, and gas function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *local option sales tax fund* accounts for the financial resources to be used for various flood control projects.

The state aid street fund accounts for the financial resources to be used directly for improvements to streets financed with the Municipal State Aid Street account.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The sewer user fund accounts for the operations of the City owned wastewater treatment plant.

The utilities fund accounts for the operations of Austin Utilities.

The City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for insurance, data processing equipment and fleet management services provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund:

The Custodial Fund accounts activities related to a joint-powers agreement between the City of Austin and Mower County to provide home ownership opportunities to low-and-moderate income families in Mower County, Minnesota. The City of Austin does have control over the assets of this jointly governed organization.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current period, except for property taxes, which must be collected within 60 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales, taxes, franchise taxes, hotel-motel taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 90 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### E. Budgetary Information

### 1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds of Library, Recreation Programs, and Fire PERA. The Special Revenue Funds of Floral Club, Memorial & Gift, and Minnesota Foundation are more grant-type budgets and are not "annually legally adopted budgets".

Budgets for Community Development Funds are prepared in accordance with Housing and Urban Development grant regulations. These are grant or project length budgets and not "annual legally adopted budgets."

Formal budgetary integration is not used for the Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is achieved through the use of the resolutions and ordinances that issue the bonds.

Budgetary control for the Capital Projects Funds is based on project-length financial plans rather than annual plans, therefore budgetary comparisons are not presented within the financial statements.

The City follows these legal compliance procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Revenue projections are prepared by the Finance Department and presented to the City Council.
- 2. Departmental line item budgets are submitted to the City Administrator from which a proposed budget document is compiled and submitted to the City Council. A proposed budget and tax levy must be certified to the County Auditor by September 30 in accordance with state statutes. The adopted tax levy cannot exceed the proposed levy.
- 3. Public hearings are conducted by the City Council with departments and with the general public in order to adopt a final budget and tax levy. A public hearing is required by state statute (Truth in Taxation).
- 4. The final budget and property tax levy must be adopted by resolution on or before December 31. The resolution includes total revenues and expenditures, or expenses, by fund and the amount to be raised by property taxes. Copies of this resolution are submitted to the County Auditor.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### E. Budgetary Information (continued)

### 1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

The legally enacted budget can be amended only by action of the City Council and budgetary information presented is as amended. The legal level of control for which expenditures may not exceed budget is at the department level. Department heads and management may transfer amounts within their department without seeking the approval of the City Council.

Appropriations in all funds lapse at the end of the year. The Council may take specific action to carry over certain appropriations to be expended in the next year.

### 2. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Recreation Programs Fund had expenditures over budget by \$12,237 as a result of a new program established mid-year. This expenditure in excess of the 2021 budget was funded by the new revenues associated with the program that were collected during the year

### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

### 1. Cash and Investments

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested to the extent available in investments as authorized by resolution of the City Council. Earnings from such investments are allocated quarterly to respective funds based on month end balances of cash and investments. Investments are stated at fair value, based upon quoted market prices at the reporting date.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the enterprise and internal service funds includes amounts in demand deposits as well as unrestricted investments.

### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

### 2. Receivables and Payables (continued)

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December of each year and are certified to Mower County for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1, of the following year, and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Taxes are due and payable on May 15 and October 15, and collections are remitted from Mower County in January, June, and December. Revenues from property taxes are accrued and recognized as revenues in the year collectible, net of delinquencies.

Taxes that remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. The amount of delinquent taxes receivable is fully offset by unavailable revenue in the governmental funds of the fund financial statements as they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures. Provisions are made in the annual budgets to recognize delinquent taxes as revenue and are used for expenditures in the year received.

Assessments are levied at various times upon City Council resolution for improvements made by the city to various properties. The assessment collections are generally deferred for up to fifteen years with interest rates set at approximately 2% above the cost of issuing bonds. Revenue from these assessments is recognized when assessed in the government-wide financial statements and as the annual installments become collectible in the government funds of the fund financial statements. Annual installments of assessments not collected at year-end are classified as delinquent assessments receivable. The amount of delinquent assessments receivable is fully offset by unavailable revenue in the government funds of the fund financial statements as they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

### 3. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using specific account analysis. The allowance at December 31, 2021 is composed of the following:

Governmental Funds:

Notes Receivable
Total Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

\$ 2,267,309
\$ 2,267,309

The Utilities fund records allowances of \$400,000 for accounts receivable and \$2,000 for other accounts receivable. The other Enterprise Funds' and Governmental Funds' accounts receivable are considered fully collectible and therefore an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not applicable to those receivables.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### F. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance (continued)

### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories of supplies are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value on a FIFO basis, except for the utilities fund, which uses the moving weighted average method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain assets in governmental activities are classified as restricted on the statement of net position because they are limited as to use by donors, Federal, State, or local law. Restricted assets consist of cash and investments, which are stated at fair value.

Certain assets in proprietary funds are restricted for specific purposes. Restricted assets consist of investments, which are stated at fair value.

### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable government or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for governmental-type and business-type assets. An estimated useful life of two years or more is also required before an asset is capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

	Useful Life
	In Years
Buildings	10-60
Improvements Other than Buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	25-75
Machinery and Equipment	3-40

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

### 7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period (s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting. The first item that qualifies as this reporting element is pension related. The second item that qualifies is OPEB related.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has four types of this item. The first item that qualifies as this reporting element is pension related. The second item that qualifies as this reporting element is a community solar program. The third item is OPEB related. The fourth item that qualifies for reporting in this category is only under modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, special assessments, and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts became available.

### 8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, government fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

#### 9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 10. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the City's Retiree Benefits Plan (CRBP) and Austin Utilities Retiree Benefits Plan (AURBP) have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CRBP and AURBP. For this purpose, the City recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

### 11. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

### 12. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

### 13. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (city council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### 2. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of January 1<sup>st</sup>. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first-half billing is due May 15; the second-half billing is due October 15. The billings are considered past due if payment does not occur on or before the 15th of either May or October of each year, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

### 3. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit certain employees to accumulate earned but not used vacation, compensatory overtime and sick pay benefits. All vacation, compensatory time, and sick pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. A maximum of one year's salary exists for payment of unused sick pay benefits.

In accordance with certain employee contracts, some employees are allowed to carryover up to 40 hours of unused vacation time into the next year. Hourly employees are allowed to accumulate up to 240 hours of compensatory overtime in accordance with federal fair labor standards.

### 4. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer fund, utilities fund, the storm water utility fund, and the waste transfer station fund, and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Earnings from such investments are first allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable balance participation by each fund. Secondly, legal and other requirements are applied to determine which funds must retain interest earnings and thirdly, earnings not required to be retained are allocated to the Building Fund. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Investments."

#### Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it in full. The City has an investment policy which follows the Minnesota Statutes for deposits.

In accordance with Minnesota statutes the City of Austin maintains deposits at banks, which are authorized by the Austin City Council.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The fair value of the collateral pledged must be equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes certain U.S. government securities, state or local government obligations, and other securities authorized by Minn. Stat. 118.A.03. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City Treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

The City's deposits in banks at December 31, 2021 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's custodial bank in the City's name.

#### **Investments**

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized investments by Minnesota Statutes as follows:

- a. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- b. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and has received the highest credit rating and is rated in one of two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all the investments have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- c. General obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## A. Deposits and investments (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

- d. Bankers acceptances of the United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- e. Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- f. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the Government entity with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- g. Guaranteed investment contracts (gic's) issued or guaranteed by United States commercial banks or domestic branches of foreign banks or United States insurance company and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories.

Investment balances for the City of Austin as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

#### **Investments Held at Amortized Cost**

#### **Investments Held at Amortized Cost**

Bankers Acceptances Commercial Paper	\$ 4,279,875 1,998,566 5.848,173
Mutual Funds (4M Fund) Total	\$ 12,126,614

#### Investments Held at Fair Value

#### Investments Held at Fair Value

Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	\$	24,334,450
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes		978,020
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporate Discount Notes		8,559,430
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes		4,732,156
U.S. Treasury Securities		103,432
Development Bonds		3,736,225
Repurchase Agreement		3,473,458
USB Select Treasury		v=.
Institutional Fund	-	5
Total	\$	45,917,176
	_	

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

## A. Deposits and investments (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

Maturities for investments held by the City of Austin as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

		Investment Maturities in Years			
	Total	Less Than 1	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	More than 10
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	\$ 24,334,450	\$ =	\$ 19,924,605	\$ 4,409,845	\$
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	978,020	i <del>Ē</del>	978,020	-	-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporate Discount Notes	8,559,430		4,168,540	4,390,890	-
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes U.S. Treasury Securities	4,732,156 103,432	999,030	2,753,866 103,432	979,260 -	
Development Bonds	3,736,225	265,681	2,834,076	636,468	<b>#</b> 8
Repurchase Agreement Bankers Acceptances	3,473,458 4,279,875	3,473,458 4,279,875	-	=	<b>3</b> 0
Commercial Paper	1,998,566	1,998,566	-	<b>(2)</b>	**
USB Select Treasury Institutional Fund	5	5	90	*	
Mutual Funds (4M Fund)	5,848,173 \$58,043,790	5,848,173 \$ 16,864,788	\$ 30,762,539	\$ 10,416,463	\$ -

#### Interest rate risk

The City has a formal investment policy that addresses permissible investments, portfolio diversification, and instrument maturities, but this policy does not address interest rate risk. Investment maturities are scheduled to coincide with projected cash flow needs. Within these parameters, it is the City's policy to stagger portfolio maturities to avoid undue concentration of assets, provide for stability of income, and limit exposure to fair value losses related to rising interest rates. However, the City's investment policy does not specifically limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

The City does not have a formal policy regarding credit risk other than following the Minnesota State Statute described on pages 56-57 of these notes. As of December 31, 2021, the City's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank obligations were rated Aaa and AA+ by Moody's Investor Services and Standard & Poor's respectively; the investments in Federal National Mortgage Association Notes were rated Aaa, AA+ and AAA by Moody's Investor Services, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings, respectively; the investments in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporate Discount Notes were rated Aaa, AA+ and AAA by Moody's Investor Services, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings, respectively; and the City's investments in the Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes were rated Aaa and AA+ by Moody's Investor Services and Standard & Poor's respectively. The City's investments in bonds were rated Aaa and AAA by Moody's Investor Services and Standard & Poor's, respectively. The City's investments in bankers acceptances and commercial paper are not rated.

As of December 31, 2021, the City had invested \$5,848,173 in the Minnesota Municipal Money Market (4M fund). This investment fund is not individually rated but each underlying investment in the fund is allowable under Minnesota State Statute and is top rated. Additionally, the City had invested \$5 in the USB Select Treasury Institutional Fund. This investment fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and Aaa-mf by Moody's Investor Services.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal policy limiting the amount of the portfolio that may be invested in any one depository or issuer. The Finance Department is responsible for investment decisions and activities under the direction of the City's investment policy and the City Council. More than 5 percent of the City's investments are in Federal Home Loan Bank Notes, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporate Discount Notes, Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes, Repurchase Agreements, and Bankers Acceptances. These investments are 41.92%, 14.75%, 8.15%, 5.98%, and 7.37%, respectively, of the City's total investments.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2021 all investments and collateral were listed in the name of the City.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

#### **Balance Sheet Presentation**

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position.

Deposits	\$ 18,529,249
Petty Cash	1,800
Investments	 58,043,790
Total	\$ 76,574,839
Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments – Primary Government	\$ 72,913,753
Restricted Cash and Investments – Primary Government	3,661,086
Total	\$ 76,574,839

#### Repurchase Agreement

The Utilities entered into a repurchase sweep agreement with U.S, Bank. The sweep account invests in commercial paper issued by U.S. Bank NA with ratings of P-1, A-1+, and F1+ by Moody's Investors Services, Standard & Poor's and Fitch, respectively. The securities will be owned and held in safekeeping by U.S. Bank.

#### Fair Value Measurement

Fair value measurements are determined utilizing the framework established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets of liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets of liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.
- •Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
  - oQuoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
  - oQuoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
  - olnputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
  - olnputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specific (contractual) term, Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. U.S. Agency securities and municipal bonds classified in Level 2 are valued using quoted prices for similar securities and interest rates. The level of fair value measurement is based on the lowest level of significant input for the security type in its entirety. There are no Level 1 or Level 3 security classifications to report.

•Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

#### Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The City's investments within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

As of December 31, 2021	Le	vel 1	Level 2	Le	vel 3	Total
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	\$		\$ 24,334,450	\$	*	\$ 24,334,450
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes		·	978,020			978,020
Federal Home Loan Mortgage			8,559,430			8,559,430
Corporate Discount Notes		0 <del>=</del> 0			1.5	4,732,156
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes		-	4,732,156			
U.S. Treasury Securities			103,432		-	103,432
Development Bonds		::•:	3,736,225		1,50	3,736,225
Repurchase Agreement		12	3,473,458			3,473,458
3	\$		\$ 45,917,171	\$		
						=
Investments measured at Net Asset Total	t Value (I	NAV)				\$ 45,917,176

The UBS Select Treasury Institutional Fund is an external investment pool that is managed to maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of not greater than 60 days and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) per share of \$1.00.

The UBS Select Treasury Institutional Fund has no redemption requirements.

The 4M Fund is an external investment pool (Pool) that is not registered with the SEC. The Pool elects to measure its investments at amortized cost in accordance with accounting statements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board.

The City participates in the Liquid Asset class, which has no redemption requirements.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include assessments, notes, franchise fees, loans, and miscellaneous other charges. Business-type activities report utility earnings as their major receivables at year-end, and are reported net of related allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$400,000.

Notes receivable balances for the City of Austin as of December 31, 2021 can be summarized as follows:

#### Governmental Activities:

Overnmental Activities.	
General Fund	
Murphy Creek Townhomes of Austin Limited Partnership	\$ 2,267,309
Murphy's Creek Homes, LLC	110,815
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(2,267,309)
Subtotal General Fund	\$ 110,815
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Fett Properties (Nemitz's interior)	\$ 66,400
Cooperative Response Center, Inc Land	55,690
Marcusen Park Baseball Association	 13,200
Subtotal Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 135,290
Total Notes Receivable, net of allowance	\$ 246,105

#### Murphy's Creek Townhomes of Austin Limited Partnership

The City of Austin issued a note receivable to Murphy's Creek Townhomes of Austin Limited Partnership on March 7, 2018. The \$2,184,000 note was issued to help finance the construction of an 88-unit affordable living townhouse development. The note accrues interest at one percent simple interest with payment to be made on March 1, 2048.

#### Murphy's Creek Homes, LLC

The City of Austin issued a note receivable to Murphy's Creek Homes, LLC on November 15, 2001. The \$46,000 note was issued to help finance the development of eighteen single family homes. The note accrues interest at seven percent simple interest with payment to be made out of the available tax increments that are to be generated from the property.

#### Nemitz's Interior (Fett Properties)

On September 15, 2010, the City issued a note receivable in the amount of \$116,200 to Randall J. and Tamara B. Fett (Fett Properties) to assist in the interior renovation of a downtown building. The note is secured by the building. The note is at zero percent, and \$16,600 will be forgiven annually as long as during the preceding year, the property has been occupied by the business. If the forgiveness does not occur, then the balance shall be carried forward to the next year, or it may be paid off by Randall J. and Tamara B. Fett.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Receivables (continued)

#### Cooperative Response Center, Inc.

The City issued a note receivable to Cooperative Response Center, Inc. (CRC) for the purchase of land and public improvements on that land. The land portion of the note was issued on September 1, 2000, for \$196,210 at six percent interest. The improvement portion was issued on December 1, 2000, for \$41,768 at 7.5% interest. The note receivable will be paid off via tax increments received by the City on the development. The loan agreement contains job creation criteria which CRC must meet. If the criteria are not met, penalty provisions will be applied to the repayment of the loan.

#### Marcusen Park Baseball Association

On November 30, 2017, the City issued a note receivable in the amount of \$56,675 to the Marcusen Park Baseball Association to assist in the lighting and sound system improvements at Marcusen Park. The note is at zero percent, and annual payments ranging from \$8,800 to \$12,675 exist through 2022.

#### C. Due from Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments are composed primarily of aid for street projects from the State of Minnesota, state community development grant funds, and flood clean up grants. The balance also includes unremitted property taxes.

#### D. Restricted Cash and Assets

Restricted assets are deposits held for specifically required purposes. Balances at December 31, 2021, and descriptions are as follows:

Governmental activities	
Fire PERA	\$ 248,456
Prepaid Items	10,859
Other purposes - expendable	90,320
Other police purposes - nonexpendable	2,097
Library purposes – expendable	1,075,959
Library purposes – Nonexpendable	161,315
Senior Citizens Center	73,069
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,662,075
Business-type activities	
Utilities employee sick pay benefits fund	\$ 1,999,011
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,999,011
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 3,661,086

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

## **Primary Government**

Governmental activities:		seginning Balance	lr	ncreases	D	ecreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						040.040	•	07 400 700
Land	\$	26,977,492	\$	524,318	\$	318,012	\$	27,183,798
Construction in progress		8,057,975		5,366,736	_	1,213,392	_	12,211,319
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		35,035,467	\$	5,891,054	\$	1,531,404	<u>   \$                                 </u>	39,395,117
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	52,989,952	\$	682,948	\$	31,869	\$	53,641,031
Improvements other than buildings		40,645,778		657,296		23,485		41,279,589
Infrastructure		86,133,845		1,092,954		070.000		87,226,799
Machinery and Equipment		23,356,245	_	798,183	<u> </u>	278,600	<u> </u>	23,875,828
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	203,125,820		3,231,381	\$_	333,954	<del>-</del>	200,023,247
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_			4 000 544	•	00.000	¢	12 960 651
Buildings	\$	12,571,389	\$	1,326,544	\$	28,282	\$	13,869,651 7,793,772
Improvements other than buildings		6,530,117		1,269,230		5,575		39,093,515
Infrastructure		36,663,123		2,430,392 1,333,813		274,716		13,301,055
Machinery and Equipment	-\$	12,241,958	-\$	6,359,979	\$	308,573	-\$	74,057,993
Total accumulated depreciation					-		_	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	135,119,233	<u> </u>	(3,128,598)		25,381	-	131,965,254
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	170,154,700	\$	2,762,456	<u>\$</u>	1,556,785	\$	171,360,371
								Ending
Business-type activities:	1	Beginning Balance	1	ncreases		ecreases_		Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:		-		ncreases		ecreases	-	Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land		-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>			781,210
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		Balance	_	ncreases - 2,813,018		ecreases - 4,396,601	_	781,210 6,328,445
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land		781,210	_	-			\$	781,210
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land  Construction in progress  Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<b>\$</b>	781,210 7,912,028	\$ _	2,813,018	\$	4,396,601	_	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land  Construction in progress	<b>\$</b>	781,210 7,912,028	\$ _	2,813,018	\$	4,396,601	_	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:	<b>\$</b>	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238	\$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437	\$     	4,396,601	_	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings	<b>\$</b>	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506	\$	2,813,018 2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122	\$     	4,396,601 4,396,601	_	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment	\$   \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506 104,454,575	\$  \$  \$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122 5,836,999	\$           	4,396,601 4,396,601 - - 345,243	\$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628 109,946,331
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	\$   \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506	\$	2,813,018 2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122	\$     	4,396,601 4,396,601	\$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment	\$   \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506 104,454,575 184,819,262	\$  \$  \$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122 5,836,999 10,467,417	\$ \$	4,396,601 4,396,601 - - 345,243	\$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628 109,946,331 194,941,436
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	\$   \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506 104,454,575 184,819,262 21,319,674	\$  \$  \$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122 5,836,999 10,467,417 1,266,085	\$           	4,396,601 4,396,601 - - 345,243	\$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628 109,946,331 194,941,436
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$   \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506 104,454,575 184,819,262 21,319,674 880,215	\$  \$  \$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122 5,836,999 10,467,417 1,266,085 50,058	\$ \$	4,396,601 4,396,601 - - 345,243	\$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628 109,946,331 194,941,436 22,585,759 930,273
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	\$   \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506 104,454,575 184,819,262 21,319,674 880,215 2,233,737	\$  \$  \$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122 5,836,999 10,467,417 1,266,085 50,058 326,333	\$ \$	4,396,601 4,396,601 - - 345,243 345,243	\$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628 109,946,331 194,941,436 22,585,759 930,273 2,560,070
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment	\$ \$ \$ \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506 104,454,575 184,819,262 21,319,674 880,215 2,233,737 54,832,516	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122 5,836,999 10,467,417 1,266,085 50,058 326,333 2,889,218	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,396,601 4,396,601 - 345,243 345,243	\$ \$ \$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628 109,946,331 194,941,436 22,585,759 930,273 2,560,070 57,376,491
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ \$ \$ \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506 104,454,575 184,819,262 21,319,674 880,215 2,233,737 54,832,516 79,266,142	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122 5,836,999 10,467,417 1,266,085 50,058 326,333 2,889,218 4,531,694	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,396,601 4,396,601 - - 345,243 345,243	\$ \$ \$ \$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628 109,946,331 194,941,436 22,585,759 930,273 2,560,070 57,376,491 83,452,593
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and Equipment	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	781,210 7,912,028 8,693,238 59,920,928 1,903,253 18,540,506 104,454,575 184,819,262 21,319,674 880,215 2,233,737 54,832,516	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,813,018 2,813,018 143,859 20,437 4,466,122 5,836,999 10,467,417 1,266,085 50,058 326,333 2,889,218	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,396,601 4,396,601 - 345,243 345,243	\$ \$ \$ \$	781,210 6,328,445 7,109,655 60,064,787 1,923,690 23,006,628 109,946,331 194,941,436 22,585,759 930,273 2,560,070 57,376,491

#### NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	143,674
Public safety		338,208
Streets and highways		2,160,638
Culture and recreation		1,978,451
Public Service		296,101
Community development		688,903
Capital assets held by the government's internal		
service funds are charged to the various functions		
based on their usage of the assets		754,004
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<b>\$</b>	6,359,979
Business-type activities:		
Sewer	\$	1,192,709
Waste Transfer Station		11,860
Storm Water		102,678
Utilities		3,224,447
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	_\$	4,531,694

#### **Construction Commitments**

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2021. The projects include street improvements, flood improvements and wastewater treatment improvements. At year-end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			R	emaining
Project	Spe	ent-to-Date	Co	mmitment
Street improvements	- <u>\$</u>	9,600,161	\$	1,179,994
Sewer System improvements		175,106		57,825
Total	\$	9,775,267	\$	1,237,819

The commitment for street improvements is being funded primarily by fund balance and by State and Federal grants. The sewer system improvements are being financed by the use of fund balance.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Capital Assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

## Discretely presented component units

Housing Authority:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	A 0.550.044	•	¢.	¢ 0.550.041
Land	\$ 2,550,941	\$ - 477,979	\$ 477,639	\$ 2,550,941 12,332
Construction in progress	11,992		**************************************	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 2,562,933	\$ 477,979	\$ 477,639	\$ 2,563,273
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 34,441,088	\$ 702,866	\$ 337,604	\$ 34,806,350
Equipment	1,343,361	332,707	222,253	1,453,815
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 35,784,449	\$ 1,035,573	\$ 559,857	\$ 36,260,165
Total dapital addete, being depresented				
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 21,792,356	\$ 1,140,806	\$ 263,102	\$ 22,670,060
Equipment	1,154,185	48,123	222,253	980,055
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 22,946,541	\$ 1,188,929	\$ 485,355	\$ 23,650,115
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 12,837,908	\$ (153,356)	\$ 74,502	\$ 12,610,050
Livering Authority conital accords not	₾ 45 400 844	¢ 224 622	\$ 552,141	\$ 15,173,323
Housing Authority capital assets, net	\$ 15,400,841	\$ 324,623	<del>5</del> 332,141	Ψ 10,170,020
9				Ending
B. (A. (bdb.)	Beginning	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Port Authority:	Balance	- Horeases		
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 23,454,467	\$ -	\$ =	\$ 23,454,467
Improvements other than buildings	538,739	15,045		553,784
Machinery and Equipment	2,108,645			2,108,645
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 26,101,851	\$ 15,045	\$ -	\$ 26,116,896
Less accumulated depreciation for:	<b>A</b> 0.040.075	A 505.050	Φ	ф 3 EO4 E34
Buildings	\$ 2,918,675	\$ 585,859	\$ -	\$ 3,504,534 163,674
Improvements other than buildings	136,628	27,046 117,450	\$ -	989,817
Machinery and Equipmentr	872,358	117,459	\$ -	\$ 4,658,025
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,927,661	\$ 730,364	Ψ -	
Port Authority capital assets, net	\$ 22,174,190	\$ (715,319)	\$ -	\$ 21,458,871

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### F. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General	Utilities	\$	275,358
General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		374,300
Sewer User	Utilities		591,168
Utilities	General		53,906
Utilities	Sewer User		96,571
Utilities	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		3,211
Utilities	Nonmajor Internal Service Funds		5,342
Utilities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		3,349
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Utilities		92,724
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Utilities		12,929
Total		\$	1,508,858

The amounts listed above are amounts due for interfund services provided, and were paid after year end.

Advances to/from component units:

Receivable Fund/Component	Payable Component/Fund	Amount			
Building Fund	Port Authority	\$	612,733		

Advances were made to component units to finance various projects. The amount reported as advances to component units is \$613,990. This amount varies from the amount listed above because the allocation of the profit/loss in the internal service funds back to the Port Authority is included on the government wide statement.

A reconciliation of transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	General	General		nmajor	<del></del>	
Transfers to (Fund):	Fund	Fund		ernmental	Utilities	Total
General	\$	-	\$	4,000	\$ 1,664,741	\$ 1,668,741
Nonmajor Govermental	2,170,00	2,170,000		Ě	<b>2</b> 1	2,170,000
Internal Service Funds	1,500,00	1,500,000_				1,500,000
Total	\$ 3,670,00	0_	\$	4,000	\$ 1,664,741	\$ 5,338,741

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## F. Interfund Balances and Transfers (continued)

Throughout the year, the City has to make occasional interfund transfers. These transfers are usually approved so that the fund receiving the money can continue to operate. Other transfers were made between funds for financing various purchases or to close out funds that are no longer required to be maintained.

#### G. Long-term debt

#### **Primary Government**

#### Revenue Bonds

The City has pledged future net revenues from the water utility to repay the remaining outstanding principal and interest of the Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, through their maturity date in 2027. Net revenues of the water utility for 2021 were \$818,362, and principal and interest paid on the 2012A bonds in 2021 were \$375,000 and \$53,706, respectively. These bonds are recorded in the fund according to the purpose for which they were issued. In 2012 the City issued \$5,600,000 of revenue bonds to finance construction projects to enhance the water distribution system throughout the community.

The revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Business-type Activities	Matures	Interest Rates	Balance
Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A	2027	2.00 - 2.50%	2,425,000
Total			\$ 2,425,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

	Business-type Activities							
Year Ending December 31	-	Principal		Interest				
2022	\$	385,000	\$	53,706				
2023		390,000		46,006				
2024		400,000		38,206				
2025		410,000		29,706				
2026		415,000		20,482				
2027		425,000		10,625				
Total	\$	2,425,000	\$	198,731				

## General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds

On June 1, 2015, the City issued a general obligation capital improvement bond to provide financing to construct a central facility for the Utilities. This bond is backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the City and is covered by a tax levy upon all citizens.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### G. Long-term debt (continued)

#### Primary Government (continued)

## General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds (continued)

The general obligation capital improvement bond currently outstanding is as follows:

Business-type Activities	Matures	Interest Rates	Balance
Utility Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A	2036	2.00 - 3.625%	
Total			\$ 14,160,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation capital improvement bond are as follows:

	Business-type Activities							
Year Ending December 31	Principal			Interest				
2022	\$	745,000	\$	467,113				
2023		760,000		448,263				
2024		785,000		425,087				
2025		810,000		393,062				
2026		850,000		355,813				
2027 - 2031		4,695,000		1,342,696				
2032 - 2036		5,515,000		499,685				
Total	\$	14,160,000	\$	3,931,719				

#### Capital Lease

In February 2020, the Utilities entered into a capital lease agreement for excavator equipment. The lease terms call for monthly payments of \$1,319 through February of 2025. This capital asset is capitalized at cost of \$81,074 with \$29,727 of accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2021. Amortization expense of the period is included in depreciation expense.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021:

	Business-type		
	Activities		
Year Ending December 31			
2022	\$	17,035	
2023		15,828	
2024		15,828	
2025	26	3,962	
Total	\$	52,653	
Less amount representing interest		(1,603)	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	51,050	

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### G. Long-term debt (continued)

#### Primary Government (continued)

#### Long-term Liability Activity (continued)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental activities:		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Compensated Absences		2,132,172		1,415,642		1,361,721		2,186,093	_	661,910	
Governmental activities Long-term liabilities	\$	2,132,172	\$	1,415,642	\$	1,361,721	<b>\$</b>	2,186,093	\$	661,910	
Business-type activities:											
Revenue Bonds	\$	2,800,000	\$	*	\$	375,000	\$	2,425,000	\$	385,000	
Capital Improvement Plan Bonds		14,895,000		¥		735,000		14,160,000		745,000	
Capital Lease Payable		66,863		¥		15,813		51,050		16,179	
Bond Premium		301,534		3		23,056		278,478		23,056	
Compensated Absences		2,138,415		364,436		521,838	_	1,981,013	_	416,361	
Business-type activities Long-term liabilities	\$	20,201,812	\$	364,436	\$	1,670,707	\$	18,895,541	\$	1,585,596	

Internal Service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. The sick leave portion of compensated absences payable is liquidated through the Sick Leave Program Internal Service fund. Unused vacation and compensatory time are charged to each department as they are used. For governmental activities, vacation and compensatory time are generally liquidated through the General fund.

#### Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2021, there was one series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with original issue amounts of \$13,335,000 and an aggregate principal amount outstanding of \$13,020,000.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### G. Long-term debt (continued)

#### Primary Government (continued)

#### Tax Abatement Disclosure

The City provides tax abatements under a program to encourage home construction. The program is established under Minnesota Statute 469.1813. The abatement equals 100% of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in the assessed value as a result of the construction. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner prior to commencing the construction. Because taxes are not abated until after the construction has been completed, there are no provisions for recapturing the abated taxes. No other commitments were made by the City as part of those agreements. The amount abated during 2021 was \$57,964 for thirty-six properties.

#### **Tax Increment District Disclosure**

The City has four pay-as-you-go tax increment financing districts with local businesses to promote development within the City. The City is currently collecting tax increments that are paid through the property tax collection process. The requirement for businesses to receive the excess tax increments from the City was to perform improvements on the owned property. The increment taxes are based on the increase of the property value after the improvements are made. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements. The City of Austin or the Austin Housing and Redevelopment Authority administer the following tax increment financing districts. Minnesota Statutes Section 469.175, Subdivision 6 requires the following disclosures for each district:

Tax Increment District No. 8, Cedar View Housing, is located within Municipal Development District No. 1. This housing district was established in 1998 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 469. The first tax increment was received in 2000, and the duration of the district is through the year 2025. The agreement calls for 90% of the property tax increments collected to be returned to the developers.

Tax Increment District No. 10, CBD Redevelopment, is located within Municipal Development District No. 1. This redevelopment district was established in 1999 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 469. The first tax increment was received in 2002, and the duration of the district is through the year 2027.

Tax Increment District No. 11, CRC Project, is located within Municipal Development District No. 1. This redevelopment district was established in 2000 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 469. The first tax increment was received in 2003, and the duration of the district is through the year 2028. The agreement calls for 100% of the property tax increments collected to be maintained by the City to repay infrastructure costs.

Tax Increment District No. 12, Murphy's Creek Townhomes of Austin Project, is located within Municipal Development District No. 1. This housing district was established in 2001 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 469. The first tax increment was received in 2003, and the duration of the district is through the year 2028. The agreement calls for 96.4% of the property tax increments collected to be maintained by the City to repay infrastructure costs.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### G. Long-term debt (continued)

#### Primary Government (continued)

#### **Tax Increment District Disclosure (continued)**

Tax Increment District No. 13, Oak Park Mall, is located within Municipal Development District No. 1. This redevelopment district was established in 2015 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 469. The first tax increment was received in 2018, and the duration of the district is through the year 2043. The agreement calls for 100% of the property tax increments collected to be maintained by the City to repay infrastructure costs.

Tax Increment District No. 14, North Pointe, is located within Municipal Development District No. 1. This housing district was established in 2017 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 469. The first tax increment is estimated to be received in 2020, and the duration of the district is through the year 2045. The agreement calls for 90% of the property tax increments collected to be returned to the developers.

Tax Increment District	No. 8			No. 10	No. 11		
Original net tax capacity	\$	686	\$	15,565	\$	5,103	
Current net tax capacity	\$	16,387	\$	57,040	\$	77,188	
Captured net tax capacity:	•	45 704	•	44 475	•	70.005	
Retained by authority	\$	15,701	\$	41,475	\$	72,085	
Shared with other taxing	\$	-	\$	27	\$	100	
districts	·	( <del></del> )				00.544	
Tax Increment returned to developers	\$	-	\$	<b>2</b> ×	\$	23,544	
Bonds Outstanding:							
General obligation tax			_		•		
increment bonds issued	\$	-	\$	1,405,000	\$	¥.	
Bond principal retired Bonds outstanding 12/31/21	\$		\$	1,405,000	\$	<del></del>	
Bonds outstanding 12/3 1/2 1			$\stackrel{\Psi}{=}$		_		
		No. 12	-	No. 13		No. 14	
Original net tax capacity	\$	2,261	\$	29,757	\$	1,988	
Current net tax capacity							
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity:		2,261 48,536	\$	29,757 176,154	\$ \$	1,988 24,219	
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity: Retained by authority	\$	2,261		29,757	\$	1,988	
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity: Retained by authority Shared with other taxing	\$ \$	2,261 48,536	\$	29,757 176,154	\$ \$	1,988 24,219	
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity: Retained by authority Shared with other taxing districts	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,261 48,536 46,275	\$ \$ \$	29,757 176,154 146,397	\$ \$ \$	1,988 24,219 22,231	
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity: Retained by authority Shared with other taxing districts  Tax Increment returned to developers	\$ \$	2,261 48,536	\$ \$	29,757 176,154	\$ \$	1,988 24,219	
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity: Retained by authority Shared with other taxing districts  Tax Increment returned to developers  Bonds Outstanding:	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,261 48,536 46,275	\$ \$ \$	29,757 176,154 146,397	\$ \$ \$	1,988 24,219 22,231	
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity: Retained by authority Shared with other taxing districts  Tax Increment returned to developers  Bonds Outstanding: General obligation tax	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,261 48,536 46,275	\$ \$ \$	29,757 176,154 146,397	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,988 24,219 22,231	
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity: Retained by authority Shared with other taxing districts  Tax Increment returned to developers  Bonds Outstanding: General obligation tax increment bonds issued	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,261 48,536 46,275	\$ \$ \$	29,757 176,154 146,397	\$ \$ \$	1,988 24,219 22,231	
Current net tax capacity Captured net tax capacity: Retained by authority Shared with other taxing districts  Tax Increment returned to developers  Bonds Outstanding: General obligation tax	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,261 48,536 46,275	\$ \$ \$	29,757 176,154 146,397	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,988 24,219 22,231	

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### G. Long-term debt (continued)

## Discretely presented component unit – Housing and Redevelopment Authority

#### Components of General Long-Term Debt

The HRA has issued general obligation and gross revenue bonds to finance the construction of Courtyard and Chauncey Apartments and to refund previous issues.

	Issue and Maturity Dates	_Interest Rate_		ue Within One Year	_	Total
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2013 - 2023	0.30 - 2.70%	\$	195,000	\$	395,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Gross Revenue	2016 - 2023	0.85 - 1.55%		145,000		295,000
Refunding Bonds	2018 - 2029	3.15%		920,000		3,839,000
			\$	1,260,000	\$	4,529,000
	Notes from Direct E	Borrowing:				
	Publicly Owned F Loan Agreemer Deferred Loan Ag PTO Payable	nt		- - 49,391		1,446,737 35,000 49,391
	Banked PTO Payal	ole	_		_	59,470
	Gain on Bond Refu Loss on Bond Refu	_	\$	1,309,391 - -	\$	6,119,598 55,419 (2,391)
	Total Long-Term	Liabilities	\$	1,309,391	\$	6,172,626

#### **Minimum Debt Payments**

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire General Obligation and Gross Revenue Bonds Payable and Ioan agreement payable are as follows:

Year Ending		Bonds P	ayable			
September 30		Principal		nterest		
2022	\$	1,260,000	\$	129,054		
2023		767,000		92,551		
2024		430,000		75,458		
2025		447,000		61,772		
2026		462,000		47,581		
2027-2029		1,163,000		53,943		
	\$	4,529,000	\$	460,359		
	_		-			

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### G. Long-term debt (continued)

## <u>Discretely presented component unit – Housing and Redevelopment Authority (continued)</u>

## **Description of Long-Term Debt**

#### General Obligation and Gross Revenue Bonds

On November 28, 2018, the HRA issued \$4,733,000 of Governmental Housing Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A. The proceeds of the issue were used for a current refunding of the Governmental Housing Gross Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A. Revenues generated from the rental of the Chauncey Apartment units are dedicated to the retirement of these bonds. The cash flow savings is \$85,023 and the net present value benefit is \$84,410.

On August 20, 2013, the HRA issued \$1,830,000 of General Obligation Governmental Housing Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A. The proceeds of the issue were used to refund in advance of maturity, \$1,780,000 of the outstanding maturities of the General Obligation Governmental Housing Refunding Bonds, Series 2003A. Revenues generated from the rental of the Austin Courtyard units are dedicated to the retirement of these bonds.

On March 1, 2016, the HRA issued \$1,000,000 of General Obligation Governmental Housing Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A. The proceeds of the issue were used for a current refund in advance of maturity, \$1,350,000 of the outstanding maturities of the General Obligation Governmental Housing Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A. Revenues generated from the rental of the Austin Courtyard units are dedicated to the retirement of these bonds.

#### Deferred Loan Repayment Agreement

On May 16, 2013, the HRA entered into a Deferred Loan Repayment Agreement and Mortgage with MHFA for \$35,000 for the purpose of making upgrades to the Transitional House. The loan is non-interest bearing and will be forgiven by MHFA if no event of default, as outlined in the loan agreement, occurs within twenty years from the date of the agreement.

On August 2, 2016, the HRA entered into a Publicly Owned Housing Program Deferred Loan repayment agreement with MHFA for \$877,686 for the purpose of replacing all of the Twin Tower's windows. The HRA started drawing on the loan on June 5, 2017. The loan is noninterest bearing and will be forgiven by MHFA if no event of default, as outlined in the loan agreement, occurs within twenty years from the date of the agreement.

## NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### G. Long-term debt (continued)

## <u>Discretely presented component unit – Housing and Redevelopment Authority</u> (continued)

## Deferred Loan Repayment Agreement (continued)

On May 2, 2018, the HRA entered into a publicly owned housing program deferred loan repayment agreement with MHFA for \$340,300 and an additional \$248,039 in 2021 for the purpose of completing several repairs to the Scattered Sites Building. The HRA started drawing on the loan during 2018. The total outstanding as of September 30, 2021 was \$569,051. The loan is noninterest bearing and will be forgiven by MHFA if no event of default, as outlined in the loan agreement, occurs within twenty years from the date of the agreement.

#### Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of paid-time off (PTO) payable and banked paid time off payable. Both consist of balances that are earned but unused at September 30, 2021.

#### Changes in Long-Term Debt

	Beginning Balance	P	additions	Retirements		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Notes from Direct Borrowing:						),===		
Deferred Loan Agreement	\$ 35,000	\$	-	\$		\$	35,000	\$ =
POHP Loan Agreement	1,217,986		228,751		₹3		1,446,737	-
Bonds	5,240,000		-		711,000		4,529,000	1,260,000
Gain On Bond Refunding	63,062		-		7,643		55,419	:=0
Loss on Bond Refunding	(4,781)		- 8	_	(2,390)	_	(2,391)	
Total Bonds and Loans Payable	\$ 6,551,267	\$	228,751	\$	716,253	\$	6,063,765	\$ 1,260,000
PTO Payable	45,564		62,975		59,148		49,391	49,391
Banked PTO Payable	58,412	506	1,058	· ·	- E	_	59,470	20
Total discretely-presented component unit	\$ 6,655,243	\$	292,784	\$	775,401	\$	6,172,626	\$ 1,309,391

#### **Port Authority**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Inc	creases	De	ecreases_	Ending Balance	Due V One	-
Port Authority: Advances with City of Austin	671.180		6,553		65,000	612,733		
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 671,180	\$	6,553	\$	65,000	\$ 612,733	\$	-

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. The federal financial assistance received is subject to an audit pursuant to the Uniform Grant Guidance or audits by the grantor agency.

The City is subject to potential litigation involving various personal injury and property loss claims. The City intends to contest vigorously any litigation, which may result from these claims. In addition, management believes no material uninsured loss will result from these claims.

The City has Operating Deficit Guarantee Agreements with the Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Austin (HRA) for the Courtyard Apartments and the Chauncey Apartments. Under these agreements, the City of Austin is responsible for paying US Bank Trust National Association (the Trustee) an amount equal to any projected operating deficits, as properly budgeted for. In addition, the City must also make payment to the Trustee to restore the balance in the Operating Reserve Account, as defined in the bond agreement, to equal six months operating expenses. The above payments shall be made from the available general funds of the City, and the City covenants that, to the extent necessary to raise such funds from time to time, it will levy a tax on all taxable property within its boundaries. The HRA must repay the City all amounts that were advanced to the Trustee at an agreed upon rate of 6% per year.

The Austin Utilities purchases power from Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (SMMPA) under a power sales contract that extends to April 1, 2030. Under the terms of this contract, the Utilities is obligated to buy all the electrical power and energy needed to operate the electric utility.

The Austin Utilities has entered into forward contracts to purchase a portion of its natural gas at a specified time in the future at a guaranteed price. The Utilities enters into these contracts to help plan its natural gas costs for the year and to protect itself against an increase in the market price of the commodity.

It is possible the market price before or at the specified time to purchase natural gas may be lower than the price at which the Utilities is committed to buy. This would reduce the value of the contract. The Utilities is committed to purchase 1,999,151 thousand cubic feet of natural gas through October 2026 for a total commitment of \$6,625,136 at December 31, 2021.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, net sales to Hormel Foods Corporation amounted to \$22,409,045. Sales to this customer accounted for 35% of the total revenue of the Utilities in 2021.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Retirement systems

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

#### Plan Description

The City of Austin participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax-qualified plans under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### 1. General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City of Austin are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

#### 2. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

#### **Benefits Provided**

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

## B. Retirement systems (continued)

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### Benefits Provided (continued)

#### 1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefit's for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989 or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

## B. Retirement systems (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### Benefits Provided (continued)

#### 2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase will be fixed at 1.0%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

#### **Contributions**

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

#### 1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2020 and the City was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2021, were \$1,018,638. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

#### 2. Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire members were required to contribute 11.80% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021 and the City was required to contribute 17.70% of Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2021 were \$680,678. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Retirement systems (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### **Pension Costs**

#### 1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2021 the City reported a liability of \$7,994,278 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota 's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$243,981.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0941% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0878% for the beginning of the period. At June 30, 2021, the Austin Utilities' proportionate share was 0.0931% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0924% for the beginning of the period.

Description	 Amount		
Citys' Proportionate Share of the PERA Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 7,994,278		
State's Proportionate Share of the PERA Net			
Pension Liability Associated with the City	\$ 243,981		

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$132,549 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$19,686 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

## B. Retirement systems (continued)

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### Pension Costs (continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Discription	Deferred Outflows of		_	Deferred Inflows of
<u>Description</u>	1.5	Resources	Ū	<u>Resources</u>
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	49,116	\$	244,646
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		4,881,141		176,838
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		=		6,923,383
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		612,358		63,784
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		537,191		
	<u>\$</u>	6,079,806	\$	7,408,651

The \$537,191 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
Year Ended June 30	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ (154,749)
2023	132,910
2024	44,167
2025	(1,888,364)

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Retirement systems (continued)

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### Pension Costs (continued)

#### 2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2021 the City reported a liability of \$2,534,900 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.3284% at the end of the measurement period and 0.3058% for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state aid was paid on October 1, 2020. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached of July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90% funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota retirement System) is 90% funded, whichever occurs later. Strong asset returns for the fiscal year ended 2021 will accelerate the phasing out of these state contributions, although we do not anticipate them to be phased out during the fiscal year ending 2022.

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-member contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of (\$142,396) for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized \$20,756 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City also recognized \$29,566 for the year ended December 31, 2021 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Retirement systems (continued)

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### Pension Costs (continued)

The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and the total portion of net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

Description	Amount		
Citys' Proportionate Share of the PERA Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,534,900		
State's Proportionate Share of the PERA Net Pension Liability Associated with the City	113,974		
Total	\$ 2,648,874		

At December 31, 2021, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of			Deferred Inflows of
<u>Description</u>	E	<u>Resources</u>	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	486,857	\$	=
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		3,725,641		1,392,771
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		•		4,843,552
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		339,407		28,378
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	•	372,731 4,924,636	\$	- 6,264,701
	≝	7,027,000	Ψ	5,204,701

The \$372,731 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
Year Ended June 30	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ (1,647,149)
2023	(260,751)
2024	(246,555)
2025	(436,587)
2026	878,246

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

## B. Retirement systems (continued)

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### Pension Costs (continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 5,577,300 7,315,265	\$ 4,951,878 3,689,177	\$ 10,529,178 11,004,442
Deferred Inflow of Resources Pension Expense	9,071,731 (9,938)	4,601,621 40,533	13,673,352 30,595

#### Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Return</u>
Domestic Stocks	33.5%	5.10%
International Equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%
Private Markets	25.0%	5.90%
	100%	=0 =0:
		<b>-</b> 20

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.5%. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Retirement systems (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for both the General Employees Plan and the Police and Fire Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be at 1.25% for the General Employees Plan. The Police and Fire Plan benefit increase is fixed at 1% per year and that increase was used in the valuation.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 29 years of service and 6.0% per year thereafter. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75% after one year of service to 3.0% after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan is based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2020 and was adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2021:

#### **General Employees Fund**

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- •The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- •The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions:

•There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Retirement systems (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

#### Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- •The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- •The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- •The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- •The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MN-2020.
- •The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020).
- •Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- •Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations.
- •Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities.
- •Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60% to 70%. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions:

•There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2021 was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the rate set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Retirement systems (continued)

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (continued)

#### Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount	Current Discount	1% Increase in Discount
<u>Description</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Rate
Discount Rate	5.5%	6.5%	7.5%
City's Proportionate share of the			
General Employees Fund Net Pension Liability	\$ 16,304,247	\$ 7,994,278	\$ 1,175,441
Discount Rate	5.5%	6.5%	7.5%
City's Proportionate share of the			
Police and Fire Fund Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,047,879	\$ 2,534,900	\$ (1,984,377)

Typically, the General Fund and Library Fund are used to liquidate pension liabilities in the governmental funds.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

#### C. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

#### Plan Description

The City's defined benefit OPEB plan, City Retiree Benefits Plan (CRBP), provides OPEB for eligible employees and their spouses. CRBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. Benefit and eligibility provisions are established through negotiations between the City and various unions representing the City employees and are renegotiated each bargaining period. CRBP does not issue a publicly available financial report. The City has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75.

#### Benefits Provided

The CRBP provides health benefits to eligible employees and their dependents through Public Employees Insurance Program (PEIP) health plans administered by the State of Minnesota. Benefits-eligible employees may continue in the City's group plans at termination if they are receiving a disability benefit or an annuity from a Minnesota public pension plan other than a volunteer firefighter plan, or have met age and service requirements necessary to receive an annuity from such a plan. Retiree's must elect continuation of coverage for themselves and their dependents before the date of

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Other Employee Benefits (continued)

## Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

retirement. Coverage extends for the life of the retiree, the retiree's spouse or surviving spouse. Retiree's must contribute 100% of the PEIP premium, except for public safety members disabled in the line of duty, in which the City contributes \$425 per month for single coverage (\$1,100 for family coverage).

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments

7

Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefit Payments

Active Plan Members

146
153

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Citys' total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2021, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 and rolled forward to a measurement date of December 31, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability on the December 31, 2021 measurement date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation

2 50%

Salary Increases

Range from 12.25% down to 3.85%

over an 11-year period.

Healthcare Cost

6.75% as of December 31, 2021

Trend Rates

grading to 4.00% over 11 years.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables using projection scale MP-2018.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.06% (2.12% as of the December 31, 2020 measurement date), which reflects the index rate for a 20-year high quality, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond as of the measurement date.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Other Employee Benefits (continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

#### Changes in Total OPEB Liability

		2021
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	1,251,642
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		102,521
Interest		28,292
Changes in Assumptions		5,926
Difference between Expected and		
Actual Experience		30,217
Benefit Payments	_	(39,426)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1,379,172

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the Citys' total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase	
		(1.06%)		(2.06%)		(3.06%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,483,355	\$	1,379,172	\$	1,281,679	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the Citys' total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost rates:

	(5.75	1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to 3.00%)		Current % decreasing to 4.00%)	1% Increase (7.75% decreasing to 5.00%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,246,283	\$	1,379,172	\$	1,534,492

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Other Employee Benefits (continued)

## Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$104,860. At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$	180,343	\$	32,479
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		26,583	_	350,532
	\$	206,926	<u> </u>	383,011

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	Per	sion Expense
December 31,		Amount
2022	\$	(25,953)
2023		(25,953)
2024		(25,953)
2025		(21,576)
2026		(24,432)
2027		(35,946)
2028		(17,632)
2029		1,360

Typically, the General Fund and Library Fund are used to liquidate OPEB liabilities in the governmental funds.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Other Employee Benefits (continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

#### Plan Description

The Utilities defined benefit OPEB plan, Austin Utilities Retiree Benefits Plan (AURBP), provides OPEB for eligible employees and their spouses. AURBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Utilities. Benefit and eligibility provisions are established through negotiations between the Utilities' and various unions representing the Utilities' employees and are renegotiated each bargaining period. AURBP does not issue a publicly available financial report.

#### **Funding Policy**

The Utilities has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets criteria in GASB 75. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the Utilities and union representatives. The eligibility for, amount of, duration of, and Utilities' contribution to the cost of the benefits provided varies by contract and date of retirement. The Utilities is funding this liability on a pay-as-you-go basis. For plan year 2021 the Utilities did not contribute to the plan.

#### Benefits Provided

AURBP provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer. Employees hired before January 1, 1998 receive a benefit equal to the same amount the Utilities contributes for active employees toward single or family medical premiums for the lifetime of the retiree. Employees hired on or after January 1, 1998 and before January 1, 2005 receive a benefit equal to the same amount the Utilities contributes for active employees toward single or family medical premiums until Medicare eligibility. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2005 receive no benefit.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	88
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefit Payments	-
Active Plan Members	75
	163

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Utilities' total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2021, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020, and rolled forward to a measurement date of January 1, 2021.

## NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Other Employee Benefits (continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

#### Total OPEB Liability (continued)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021 measurement date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return	2.00%
Healthcare Cost	6.25% as of January 1, 2021 grading
Trend Rates	to 5.00% over 5 years.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.00% (2.90% for the January 1, 2020 measurement date), which reflects the index rate for 20-year high quality, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds as of the measurement date.

#### Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 16,012,398
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	119,093
Interest Cost	454,111
Changes of Benefit Terms	#
Differences between Expected and	
Actual Experience	
Changes in Assumptions	1,457,748
Benefit Payments	(951,811)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 17,091,539

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Other Employee Benefits (continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

#### Changes in Total OPEB Liability (continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Utilities, as well as what the Utilities' total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease	Current	•	1% Increase
		(1.00%)	 (2.00%)		(3.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	19,031,951	\$ 17,091,539	\$	15,456,804

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Utilities, as well as what the Utilities' total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	(5.2	% Decrease 5% decreasing to 4.00%)	` `	Current 5% decreasing to 5.00%)	1% Increase (7.25% decreasing to 6.00%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	15,662,972	\$	17,091,539	\$	18,778,538	

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Utilities recognized OPEB expense of \$1,265,848. At December 31, 2021, the Utilities reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	(	Deferred Outflows of Resources	lı	Deferred oflows of esources
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Differences between Expected and Actual	\$	1,157,007	\$	
Experience		285,985		-
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		973,966		<u> </u>
	\$	2,416,958	\$	

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Other Employee Benefits (continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

\$973,966 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Utilities contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pens	ion Expense				
December 31,	Amount					
2022	\$	957,076				
2023		485,916				

At December 31, 2021, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to OPEB for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Total OPEB Liability Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	1,152,335 172,892	\$	17,318,376 2,450,992	\$ 18,470,711 2,623,884	
Deferred Inflow of Resources OPEB Expense		320,016 87,610		62,995 1,283,098	383,011 1,370,708	

#### **Vacations**

Employees can earn annual vacation starting at 10 days after one year ranging to 30 days after 20 to 25 years of service. The department heads, the Supervisors Bargaining Unit, and Austin Employees Association Bargaining Unit employees of the City may carry over one week of vacation at year-end for use in the immediate calendar year. Management employees of the Utilities are allowed to carry over a maximum of eighty hours of vacation at year-end. All unused and accrued vacation is payable at termination of employment. The balances for vacation payable at December 31, 2021 for governmental and business-type activities are \$618,305 and \$103,561 respectively.

#### Compensatory Time Earned

Hourly employees of the City earn and accrue compensatory time in lieu of payment for hours worked over the normal forty-hour week. These hours are accumulated at the rate of one and one-half hours per each hour worked over the normal forty hours for non-exempt employees. All accumulated unused compensatory time is payable at termination of employment for those hourly employees. Governmental activities balance of compensatory time earned was \$87,210 and \$21,022 for business-type activities.

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Other Employee Benefits (continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

#### Sick Leave Retirement Benefit

Sick leave is provided for all City employees at the rate of one day per month. Sick leave not taken in the current year is accumulated. A retirement benefit is payable in the event of death or retirement equal to the sick leave accumulated, up to a maximum of one year's salary. The governmental activities balance of sick leave was \$1,480,578.

Austin Utilities employees earn sick leave at the rate of eight hours per month. Sick leave not taken in the current year is accumulated and is payable upon retirement or termination of employment. At December 31, 2021, the total accumulated sick pay of \$1,856,430 is recorded in operating reserves. The Utilities is required to maintain investments or cash balances equal to at least 80% of the accumulated sick pay benefits. At December 31, 2021, the Utilities has specifically restricted investments equal to 108% of the accumulated sick pay benefits.

#### Austin Part-time Firefighters Relief Association

#### A. Plan Description

The Austin Part-time Firefighters Relief Association administers a single-employer defined contribution pension plan available to part-time firefighters. The plan may be amended by first approval from the Austin Part-time Firefighters Relief Association and then by the Austin city council. The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Austin Part-time Firefighters Relief Association has an annual audit. The audit report may be obtained at 500 4th Avenue NE, Austin, Minnesota 55912.

#### B. Funding Policy

The funding policy provides for annual contributions ranging from \$2,250 to \$3,750 per part-time firefighter, depending on years of service within the organization. Total City contributions were \$54,250 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

The City provides eligible employees future retirement benefits through the City's 457 Plan (the Plan). Employees of the City are eligible to participate in the Plan commencing on the date of their employment. Eligible employees may elect to have a percentage of their pay contributed to the Plan. Contributions are invested in tax-deferred annuities selected and owned by Plan participants. The employee contributions were \$455,258 (City) and \$474,985 (Utilities) for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Other Employee Benefits

#### Flexible Benefit Plan

The City has a flexible benefit plan that is classified as a "cafeteria plan" under Section 125 of the Internal revenue Code. All employee groups of the City are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pre-tax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the plan for health care and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the plan year, which is from January 1 to December 31, each participant designates a total amount of pre-tax dollars to be contributed to the plan during the year. At June 30, the City is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions for the health care portion of the plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

Payments of health insurance premiums are made by the City directly to the designated insurance companies. These payments are made on a monthly basis and are accounted for in the City's financial statements.

Payments for amounts withheld for medical reimbursement and dependent care are made to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses.

All plan property and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the City, subject to the claims of the City's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the City in an amount equal to eligible health care and dependent care expenses incurred by the participants. The City believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Risk management

The City and the Utilities are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City established a Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Contributions in 2021 were based on expected costs as set by the Public Employees Insurance Program (PEIP), a program created by special legislation to make a comprehensive package of medical, dental and life insurance benefits available to Minnesota cities, townships, counties, school districts and other units of local government. During the year 2021, there was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

The City has established an internal service fund to purchase property and liability insurance and to fund claims under the deductible amounts. Under this program, coverage is provided for up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 for each property damage claim.

The City has also established an internal service fund to purchase workers' compensation insurance. Under this program, coverage is provided for up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 for each workers' compensation claim.

Other funds and departments participate in the programs and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on management's estimates of the amounts needed for claims.

The liability for unpaid claims is included in the Risk Management Fund, an Internal Service Fund, as part of accrued expenses, a current liability.

The Utilities has purchased commercial insurance for its personal property claims. Coverage is provided on building and contents up to \$55,144,203.

The Utilities participates in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) for its workers' compensation insurance. This plan is administered by Berkley Administrators. Each member of the association is required to pay a premium for coverage of claims and administrative expenses. This is a retrospectively rated policy with the premium being based primarily on the Utilities' loss experience. An aggregate excess reinsurance policy provides the group with additional funds for protection from losses not covered by the specific excess.

In addition, per occurrence coverage for claims has been purchased. Each member is jointly and severally liable for additional assessments. As of the date of this report it is not possible to determine if any additional liability exists for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Risk management (continued)

The Utilities has joined together with other governmental entities in the National Joint Powers Alliance, a public entity risk pool currently operating as common risk management and insurance program for member entities. The Utilities pays an annual premium to this plan for its health insurance coverage. These premiums are used to purchase reinsurance through commercial companies. The administrators of the plan believe assessment to participating entities for future losses sustained is extremely remote.

Insurance coverage decreased significantly from the previous year for the Utilities' property insurance due to decommissioning of the northeast plant. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

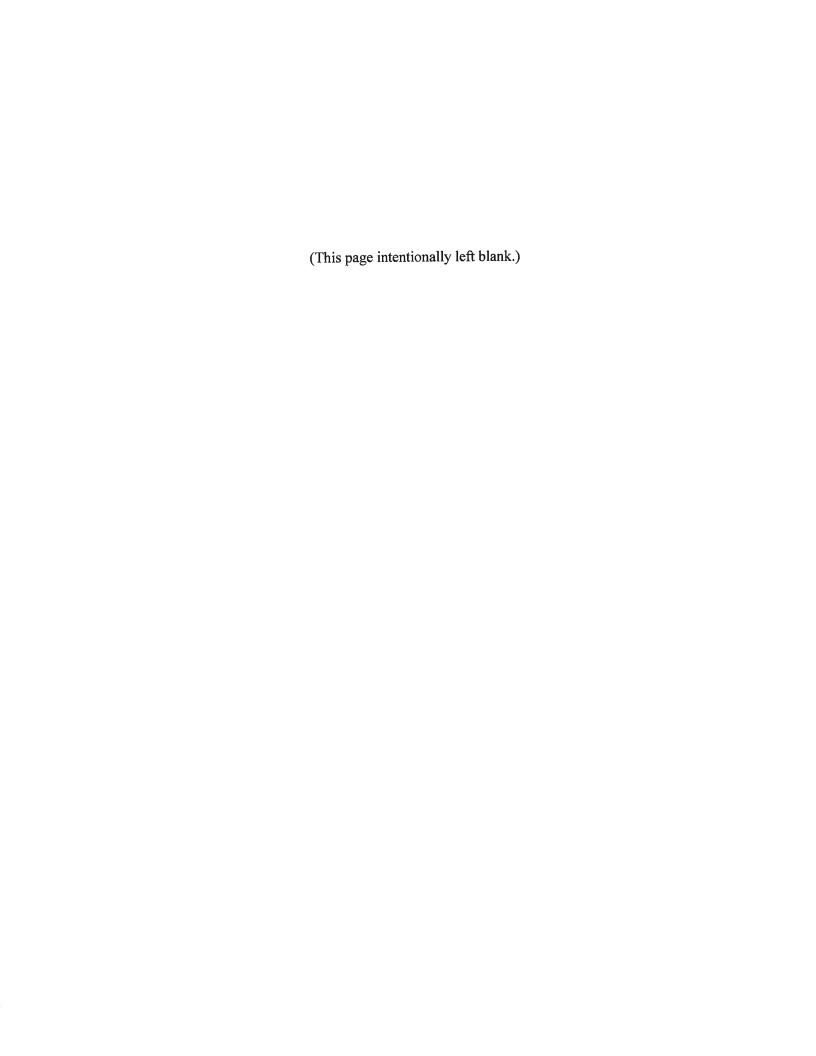
#### E. Prior Period Adjustments

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the City determined that a receivable for municipal state aid street balances had not been recorded properly as of December 31, 2020. The State Aid Street fund has been restated to include a receivable and deferred inflow of \$2,890,164 for the entire balance of the municipal state aid street funds available through the State of Minnesota. Additionally, the fund balance of the State Aid Street fund of \$1,686,768, as previously reported, has been restated by \$161,918 for revenue from the State of Minnesota that was not recognized in the prior year. The restated fund balance of the State Aid Street fund as of January 1, 2021 is \$1,848,686.

Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2021, the City determined that they had not deposited contributions for health insurance for employees as detailed in the health insurance plan as of December 31, 2020. The General fund fund balance has been restated to include a payable for those employer contributions. As a result, fund balance of the General fund of \$12,425,099, as previously reported, has been decreased by the amounts of additional contributions of \$195,116 as of January 1, 2021. The restated fund balance of the General fund as of January 1, 2021 is \$12,229,983.

The net position of the governmental activities as of January 1, 2021 of \$196,129,081 has been restated by \$2,856,966 for the net effect of the adjustments for the municipal state aid street funds and the additional employee contribution payable. The restated net position of the governmental activities as of January 1, 2021 is \$198,986,047.

# **Required Supplementary Information**



## City of Austin, Minnesota Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios December 31, 2021

City:	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments	\$ 102,521 28,292 30,217 5,926 (39,426)	\$ 94,835 32,649 (457,640) 113,309 (37,915)	\$ 72,289 55,347 - 145,733 (81,822)	\$ 81,174 47,189 - (69,335) (68,989)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 127,530 1,251,642 1,379,172	\$ (254,762) 1,506,404 1,251,642	\$ 191,547 1,314,857 1,506,404	\$  (9,961) 1,324,818 1,314,857
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 9,233,870	\$ 9,901,406	\$ 8,727,287	\$ 9,100,343
Citys' Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of the Covered Employee Payroll	15%	13%	17%	14%
<u>Utilitles:</u>				
Total OPEB Liability Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments	\$ 119,093 454,111 - - 1,457,748 (951,811)	\$ 91,618 553,743 (77,857) 857,955 555,524 (889,990)	\$ 88,177 516,175 - (793,300) (879,159)	\$ 98,046 525,521 - - - (914,365)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 1,079,141 16,012,398 17,091,539	\$ 1,090,993 14,921,405 16,012,398	\$ (1,068,107) 15,989,512 14,921,405	\$  (290,798) 16,280,310 15,989,512
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 6,543,875	\$ 6,337,893	\$ 5,779,485	\$ 5,611,150
Utilities' Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of the Covered Employee Payroll	261%	253%	258%	285%

Note 1: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City and Utilities will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Note 2: No assets are accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Schedule of Citys' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability December 31, 2021

F:scal Year	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Date	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
General Employees Plan							
Citys' Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Citys' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.0941% \$ 4,018,491	0.0878% \$ 5,264,011	0.0843% \$ 4,660,758	0.0853% \$ 4,732,094	0.0874% \$ 5,579,558	0.0860% \$ 6,982,773	0.0876% \$ 4,539,887
Associated with the City Total	122,623 \$ 4,141,114	162,489 \$ 5,426,500	144,827 \$ 4,805,585	155,225 \$ 4,887,319	70,121 \$ 5,649,679	91,198 \$ 7,073,971	\$ 4,539,887
Citys' Covered Payroll	\$ 9,792,254	\$ 6,284,120	\$ 5,955,760	\$ 5,734,155	\$ 5,651,768	\$ 5,339,321	\$ 5,146,702
Citys' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	41.04%	83.77%	78.26%	82.52%	98.72%	130.78%	88.21%
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.00%	79.10%	80.20%	79.50%	75.90%	68.90%	78.19%
Utilities' Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Utilities' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.0931% \$ 3,975,787	0.0924% \$ 5,539,802	0.0867% \$ 4,793,449	0.0898% \$ 4,981,736	0.0937% \$ 5,981,746	0.0989% \$ 7,973,353	0.0989% \$ 5,125,511
Associated with the Utilities  Total	121,358 \$ 4,097,145	170,919 \$ 5,710,721	148,994 \$ 4,942,443	163,329 \$ 5,145,065	75,183 \$ 6,056,929	104,049 \$ 8,077,402	\$ 5,125,511
Utilities' Covered Payroll	\$ 6,702,333	\$ 6,593,067	\$ 6,368,951	\$ 6,035,606	\$ 5,934,560	\$ 6,099,106	\$ 6,056,621
Utilities' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	59.32%	84.02%	75.26%	82.54%	100.80%	130.73%	84.63%
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.00%	79.10%	80.20%	79.50%	75.90%	68.90%	78.20%
Police and Fire Plan							
Citys' Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Citys' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Citys' Covered Payroll Citys' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.3284% \$ 2,534,900 \$ 3,881,706 65.30%	0.3058% \$ 4,030,771 \$ 3,447,336 116.92%	0.3052% \$ 3,249,162 \$ 3,221,340 100.86%	0.3033% \$ 3,232,866 \$ 3,196,569 101.14%	0.3080% \$ 4,158,367 \$ 3,166,122 131.34%	0.3070% \$ 12,320,444 \$ 2,954,160 417.05%	0.3170% \$ 3,601,862 \$ 2,904,778
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	93.70%	87.20%	89.30%	88.80%	85.40%	63.90%	86.61%

Note: Information is required to be presented for ten years. However until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Schedule of City Contributions December 31, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General Employees Plan							
<u>City</u> Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 515,963 (515,963) \$ -	\$ 517,117 (517,117) \$ -	\$ 454,419 (454,419) \$ -	\$ 436,324 (436,324) \$ -	\$ 425,940 (425,940) \$ -	\$ 413,244 (413,244) \$ -	\$ 397,511 (397,511) \$ -
Citys' Covered Payroll	\$ 6,879,507	\$ 6,894,887	\$ 6,060,569	\$ 5,817,608	\$ 5,678,596	\$ 5,509,921	\$ 5,304,463
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.49%
Utilities Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Utilities' Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 502,675 (502,675) \$ - \$ 6,702,233 7.50%	\$ 494,480 (494,480) \$ - \$ 6,593,067 7.50%	\$ 460,156 (460,156) \$ - \$ 6,135,413 7.50%	\$ 448,995 (448,995) \$ - \$ 5,986,595 7.50%	\$ 456,619 (456,619) \$ - \$ 6,089,520 7.50%	\$ 456,720 (456,720) \$ - \$ 6,090,354 7.50%	\$ 442,817 (442,817) \$ - \$ 5,915,410 7.49%
Police and Fire Plan							
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 680,678 (680,678) \$ -	\$ 610,178 (610,178) \$ -	\$ 545,741 (545,741) \$ -	\$ 527,013 (527,013) \$ -	\$ 513,690 (513,690) \$ -	\$ 498,050 (498,050) \$ -	\$ 471,481 (471,481) \$ -
Citys' Covered Payroll	\$ 3,845,638	\$ 3,447,336	\$ 3,219,706	\$ 3,253,165	\$ 3,170,925	\$ 3,074,385	\$ 2,910,376
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	17.70%	17.70%	16.95%	16.20%	16.20%	16.20%	16.20%

Note: Information is required to be presented for ten years. However until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

### CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the plan year ended June 30:

#### A. General Employees Fund

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

#### 2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

## CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

#### 2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

 The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

#### 2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a fiveyear period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a
  provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio
  to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00
  percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

#### 2017 Changes

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The combined service annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA load are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.

## CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed for 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

#### 2016 Changes

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015.
   The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

#### 2015 Changes

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increase the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

#### B. Police and Fire Fund

#### 2021 Changes

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.

## CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MN-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020).
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to servicebased rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations.
- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities.
- Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60 percent to 70 percent. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

#### 2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

#### 2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

#### 2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Postretirement benefit increases were changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.

### CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

- New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier, which meets the special funding situation definition.
- Member contributions were changed from 10.80 percent to 11.30 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.80 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Employer contributions were changed from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019.
   Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

#### 2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00 percent to 60.00 percent.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities
   was increased.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

### CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

#### 2016 Changes:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

#### 2015 Changes:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions:

 The postretirement benefit increase to be paid after the attainment of the 90.00 percent funding threshold was changed from inflation up to 2.50 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.50 percent.

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed for the City's OPEB Plan for the year ended December 31:

#### 2021

The discount rate was changed from 2.12% to 2.06%

#### 2020

- The discount rate was changed from 2.74% to 2.12%
- The general inflation rate was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%
- Medical trend rates were changed from RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table preretirement (Healthy Annuitant for post-retirement or Disabled for disabled participants) using projection scale MP-2017 to RP-2014 Employee Generational Mortality Table (Annuitant Generational for post-retirement and for disabled participants) using projection scale MP-2018.

#### 2019

The discount rate was changed from 4.11% to 2.74%.

#### 2018

The discount rate was changed from 3.25% to 4.11%

## CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

 Medical plans and premiums have been updated for the PEIP Advantage and Value plans effective as of January 1, 2019.

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed for the Utilities' OPEB Plan for the year ended December 31:

#### 2021 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions.

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 2.9% to 2.00%.

#### 2020

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The maximum monthly employer contribution for AFSCME and noncontract employees was changed from \$1,150 for either single or family coverage to \$800 for single coverage and \$1,200 for family coverage.
- The maximum monthly employer contribution for UAW and UFCW employees was changed from \$1,150 for either single or family coverage to \$800 (\$1,000 in 2021 and \$1,200 in 2022) for single coverage and will change to \$1,175 for family coverage in 2021 (\$1,200 in 2022).

#### 2020

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was changed from 3.80% to 2.90%
- Medical trend rates were changed from RPH-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.

#### 2019

Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions.

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 3.30% to 3.80%.

#### 2018

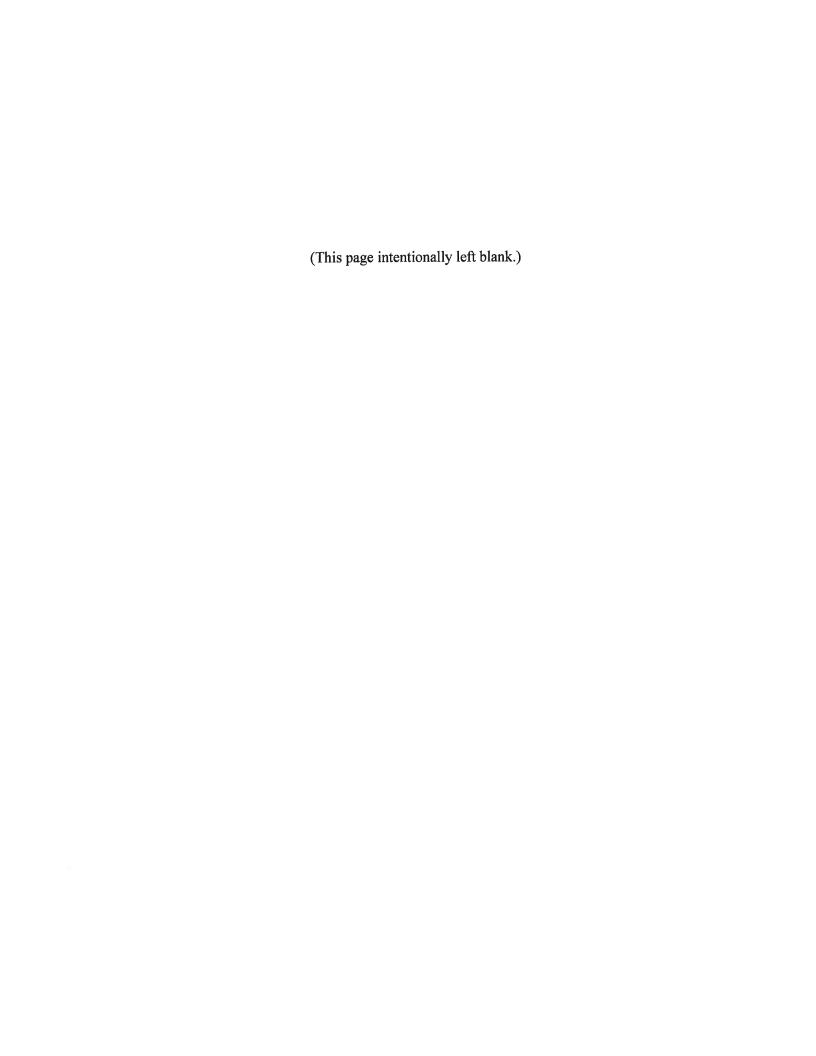
Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions.

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Medical trend rates were changed from RPH-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RPH-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The percentage of future spouses of retirees eligible for a subsidy who are assumed to continue on one of the Utilities' medical plans postemployment was reduced from 80% to 50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.50% to 3.30%.

# Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt service funds are used to account for financial resources accumulated to retire principal and interest on bond issues

#### **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

#### **Permanent Funds**

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	-	Special Revenue		Debt Service	P	Capital Projects
Assets  Cash and investments  Taxes receivable  Accounts receivable  Notes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles  Special assessments receivable  Accrued interest receivable  Due from other funds  Due from other governments  Advances to component unit	\$	2,426,717 41,329 7,918 66,400 - 2,413 - 17,282	\$	1,109,125 - - 226,263 - 18,678	\$	5,239,768 12,134 362,677 68,890 2,118,396 - 12,929 794,485 612,733
Total assets	\$	2,562,059	\$	1,354,066	\$	9,222,012
Liabilities  Vouchers payable Contractors' retained percentage Accrued expenditures Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenues	\$	31,453 28,351 2,956 66,410	\$	119,325 - 274,300 12,000	\$	880,004 349,281 - 100,393 170,770 25,000
Total liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources	\$	129,170	\$	405,625	\$	1,525,448
Unavailable revenue  Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	41,329 41,329	\$	226,262 226,262	\$	2,143,730 2,143,730
Fund balance Nonspendable: Permanent fund principal Advances Restricted for:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(E) (E) (2)
Fire Debt service reserve Library Committed to: Other capital projects		248,480 - 1,017,508 23,927		722,179 - -		
Library Parks and recreation Assigned to: Police Other capital projects		945,772 155,873 -		* * -		5,552,834
Library  Total fund balance	\$	2,391,560	_\$	722,179	\$	5,552,834
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	2,562,059		1,354,066	<u>\$</u>	9,222,012

			Total				
			Nonmajor Governmental				
Pe	rmanent		Funds				
\$	163,412 - - - -	\$	8,939,022 53,463 370,595 135,290 2,344,659 2,413				
\$	163,412	\$	12,929 830,445 612,733 13,301,549				
\$	· ē	\$	1,030,782 349,281				
_	-	-\$	28,351 377,649 249,180 25,000 2,060,243				
_\$		<u> </u>	2,000,243				
\$	-	\$	2,411,321 2,411,321				
\$	136,052 -	\$	136,052				
	#1 #1		248,480 722,179 1,017,508				
	:: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		23,927 945,772 155,873				
	795 26,565	<u> </u>	795 5,552,834 26,565				
\$	163,412	_\$_	8,829,985				
_\$	163,412		13,301,549				

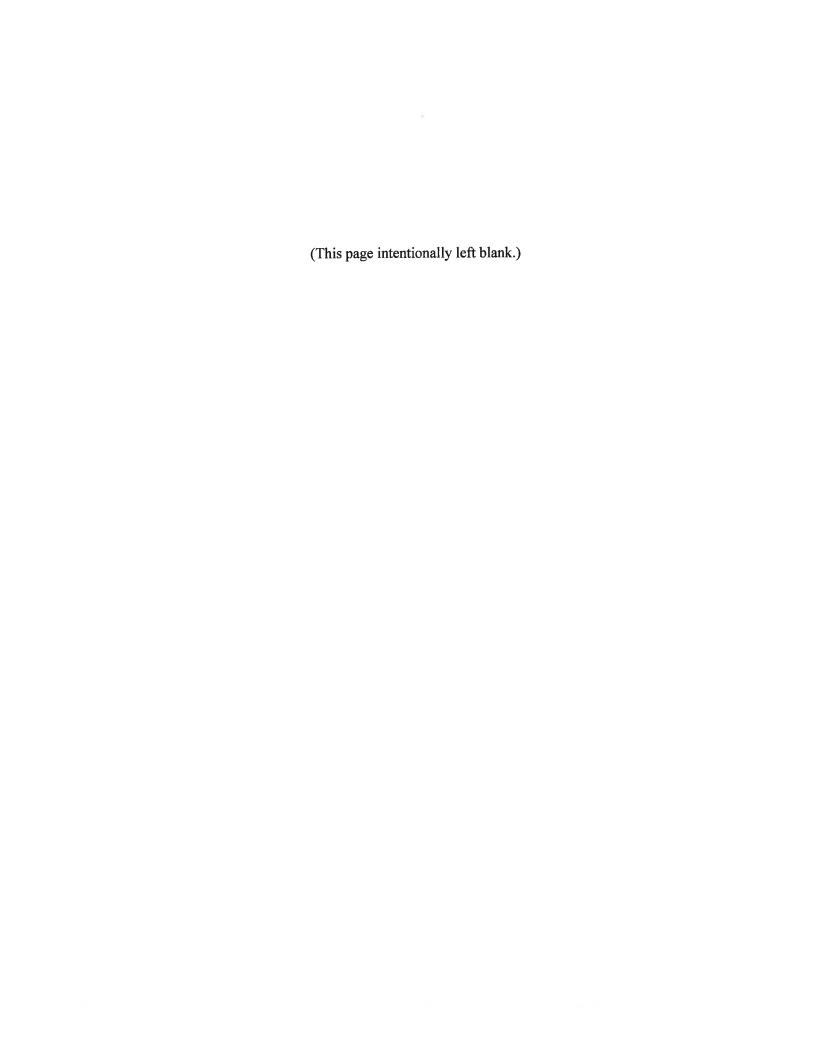
# City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	:	Special Revenue	Debt Service		_	Capital Projects
Revenues Taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Miscellaneous	\$	1,044,162 - 189,269 125,279 336 146,577	\$	386,439 26,669 - - 449 (10,385)	\$	1,195,803 888,490 970,090 - - 893,949
Total revenues	<u>   \$                                 </u>	1,505,623	\$	403,172	\$	3,948,332
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Capital outlay Debt service Interest and fiscal charges	\$	1,315,820	\$	273,015	\$	5,338,601
Total expenditures	_\$_	1,315,820	\$	273,015	_\$_	5,338,601
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	189,803	\$	130,157	\$	(1,390,269)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	\$	(4,000)	\$	-	\$	2,170,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(4,000)	\$	-	_\$_	2,170,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	185,803	\$	130,157	\$	779,731
Fund balance - beginning		2,205,757		592,022	-	4,773,103
Fund balance - ending	\$	2,391,560	\$	722,179	_\$_	5,552,834

Pe	rmanent	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$	28 28 28	\$	2,626,404 915,159 1,159,359 125,279		
	- (1,495)		785 1,028,646		
\$	(1,495)	\$	5,855,632		
\$	¥	\$	1,315,820 5,338,601		
			273,015		
\$	<u> </u>	\$	6,927,436		
_\$	(1,495)	\$_	(1,071,804)		
\$		\$	2,170,000 (4,000)		
\$	<del>=</del> 0	\$	2,166,000		
\$	(1,495)	\$	1,094,196		
	164,907		7,735,789		

\$ 8,829,985

\$ 163,412



#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Library

To account for the operation and maintenance of the Public Library. The Library is financed primarily by general ad valorem property taxes, a county apportionment, and by library charges for services. The City charter provides for the Library Board.

Recreation Programs

To account for the operation of Park and Recreation Board self-supported recreation programs.

Community Development

Established to account for community development block grants.

Fire PERA

To account for funds received as a result of the termination of the PERA Police and Fire Consolidation Fund (PFCF). In accordance with Minnesota legislation passed in 1999, the PFCF was terminated, and all assets and liabilities were transferred to PERA's Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF). Because the consolidation account was overfunded, the city is entitled to a refund of residual assets as calculated by an actuary. The city intends to use the interest earned on these funds for future capital purchases in the fire department.

Expendable Floral Club

Established to account for gifts and memorials received by the Library. Expendable Funds are used for specific purposes by the Library.

Expendable Memorial and Gifts

Established to account for gifts and memorials received by the Library. Expendable Funds are used for specific purposes by the Library.

Minnesota Foundation

A fund established to account for interest earnings and expenditures made for specified library purposes. The fund received interest earnings from a \$10,000 endowment within Minnesota Foundation. The endowment was established from \$5,000 in local contributions and \$5,000 from the Mardag Foundation.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2021

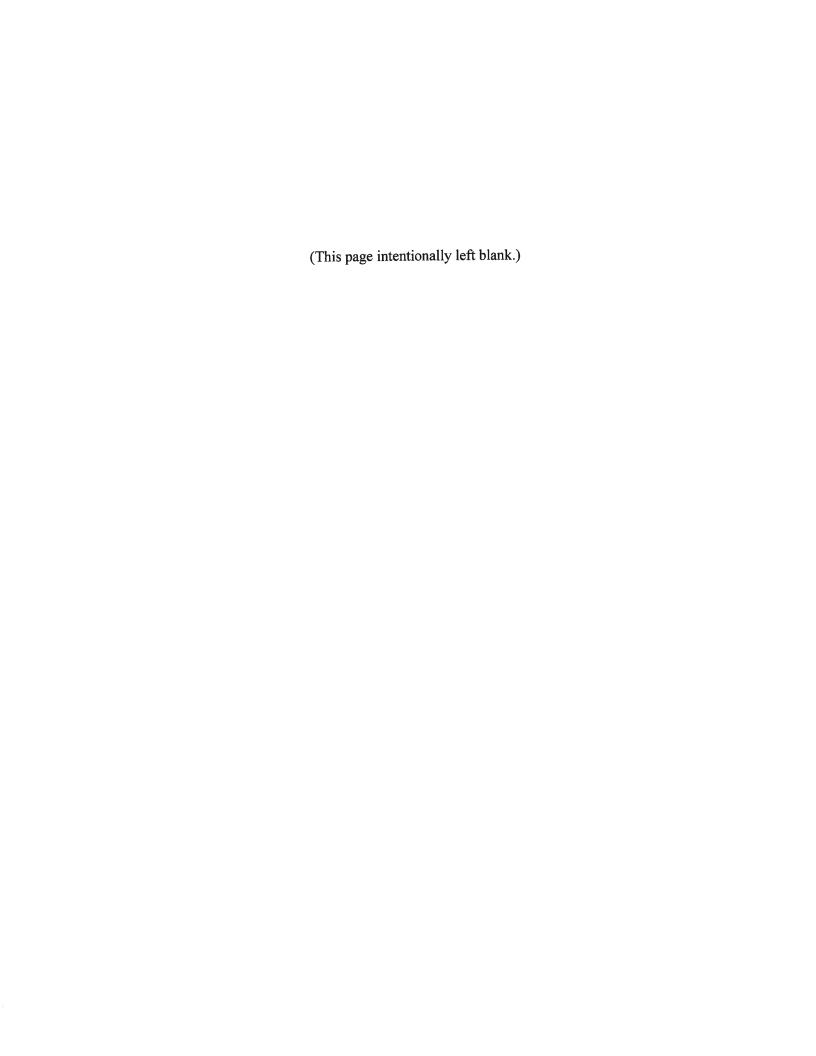
Assets  Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Notes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Accrued interest receivable Due from other governments  Total assets	\$ 924,016 41,329 - - 17,282 \$ 982,627	Recreation Programs  \$ 158,271	Community Development  \$ 23,927  66,400	Fire PERA  \$ 248,456
Liabilities Vouchers payable Accrued expenditures Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 25,500 27,935 2,765	\$ 1,781 416 191 10	\$ -	\$ - - - -
Total liabilities	\$ 56,200	\$ 2,398	\$ 66,400	\$
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue  Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 41,329 \$ 41,329	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -
Fund balance Restricted for: Fire Library Committed to: Other capital projects Library Parks and recreation	\$ - 885,098	\$ -	\$ - - 23,927	\$ 248,480 - - - -
Total fund balance	\$ 885,098	\$ 155,873	\$ 23,927	\$ 248,480
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 982,627	\$ 158,271	\$ 90,327	\$ 248,480

F	endable Floral Club	Me	endable emorial Gifts	MN Foundation		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$	2,504	\$ 1,	052,330	\$	17,213	\$	2,426,717	
	-		7,918		·*:		41,329 7,918	
	=		<b>3</b>		-		66,400 2,413	
			2,389		1 <del>2</del> 1		17,282	
\$	2,504	\$ 1	,062,637	\$ 17,213		\$	2,562,059	
		> <del></del>						
\$	-	\$	4,172	\$		\$	31,453	
	-		<b>=</b> 10		16		28,351 2,956	
							66,410	
\$	(8)	\$	4,172	\$	[27]	\$	129,170	
				•		\$	41,329	
		\$	1=1	\$	18	<u> </u>	41,329	
\$_		_\$		\$	-	\$	41,329	
\$	: <b>=</b> :	\$	·	\$	=	\$	248,480	
•	2,504		997,791		17,213		1,017,508	
	7 <b>4</b> 1		3 <b></b> 0		=		23,927	
	S		60,674		2		945,772 155,873	
-					47.046	_		
<u> </u>	2,504	\$ 1	,058,465	_\$_	17,213	_\$	2,391,560	
\$	2,504	<u>\$ 1</u>	,062,637	\$	17,213	\$	2,562,059	

# City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Library	Recreation Programs	Community Development	Fire PERA	
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Miscellaneous	\$ 1,044,162 189,269 9,055 336 (5,875)	\$ - 116,224 - 21,858	\$ - (218)	\$ - - - - 165	
Total revenues	\$ 1,236,947	\$ 138,082	\$ (218)	\$ 165	
Expenditures Culture and recreation	\$ 1,094,453	\$ 114,200	\$ -	\$ -	
Total expenditures	\$ 1,094,453	\$ 114,200	\$ -	\$ -	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 142,494	\$ 23,882	\$ (218)	\$ 165	
Other financing uses Transfers out	\$	\$ (4,000)	\$ -	\$ -	
Total other financing uses	\$	\$ (4,000)	\$ -		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 142,494	\$ 19,882	\$ (218)	\$ 165	
Fund balance - beginning	742,604	135,991	24,145	248,315	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 885,098	\$ 155,873	\$ 23,927	\$ 248,480	

Exn	endable	Fx	pendable			Total Nonmajor Special			
	Floral		Memorial		MN	Revenue			
	Club		& Gifts	Fo	undation		Funds		
\$	: <u>-</u> :	\$	¥	\$	(i et	\$	1,044,162		
*		•	¥		106		189,269		
	*		=		-		125,279		
	-		-		3 <del>-8</del>		336		
_	(23)	,——	130,827	-	(157)		146,577		
\$	(23)	\$	130,827	\$	(157)	\$	1,505,623		
\$	i la	\$	107,167	_\$_		_\$_	1,315,820		
\$		\$	107,167	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,315,820		
\$	(23)	\$	23,660	\$	(157)	\$	189,803		
	(20)	<u> </u>			1,11,1				
\$		\$		\$	_	\$	(4,000)		
·——		<u> </u>		Ψ		Ψ_	(4,000)		
\$	72	\$	-	_\$		_\$_	(4,000)		
\$	(23)	\$	23,660	\$	(157)	\$	185,803		
т	, ,	(35%)	C COMMON DEPOSITOR	•	, ,				
	2,527	1	,034,805	-	17,370		2,205,757		
\$	2,504	<u>\$ 1</u>	1,058,465	\$	17,213	\$	2,391,560		



#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### **Nonmajor Debt Service Funds**

#### Tax Increment Revenue Pool

Established to account for all tax increment revenues and for the retirement of tax increment bond issues.

#### Improvement Bonds Debt Service

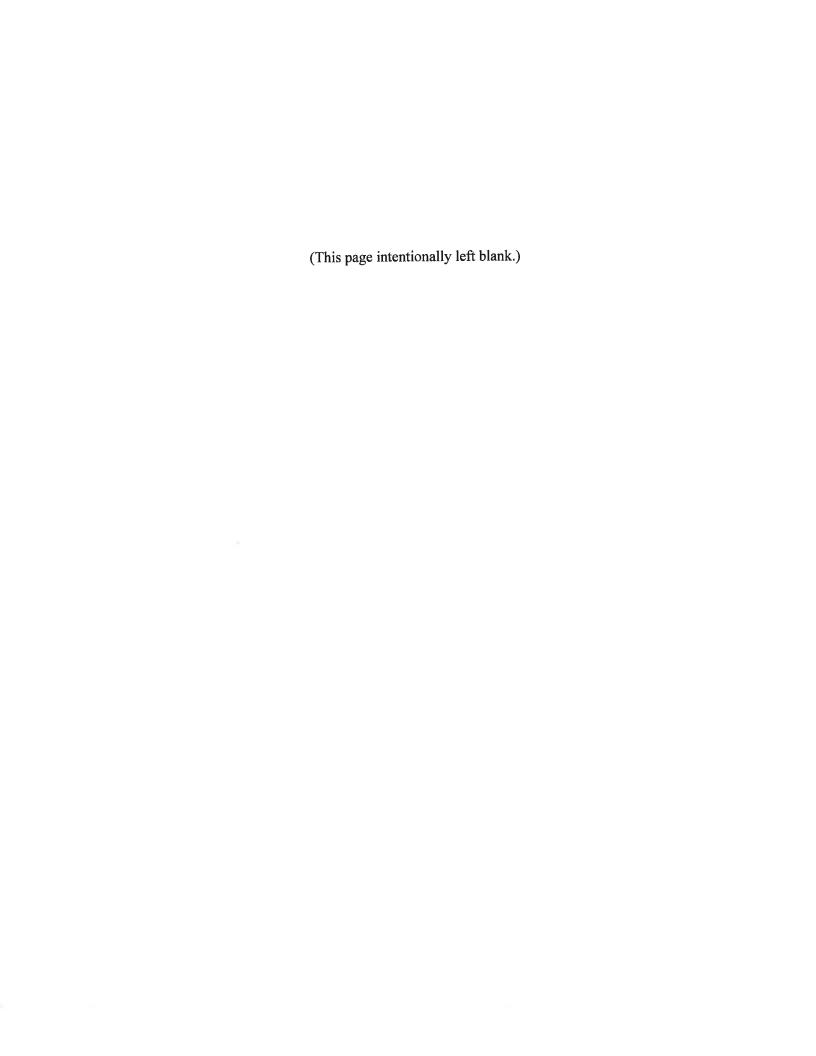
Established to account for financial resources accumulated to retire principal and interest on improvement bond issues.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2021

		Increment enue Pool	Improvement Bonds Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Assets	\$	832,044	\$	277,081	\$	1,109,125
Cash and investments	Ф	032,044	φ	226,263	Ψ	226,263
Special assessments receivable		17,916		762		18,678
Due from other governments	-	17,910		102	-	10,010
Total assets	\$	849,960	\$	504,106	<u>\$</u>	1,354,066
Liabilities  Vouchers payable  Due to other funds  Due to other governments  Total liabilities	\$ \$	119,325 274,300 12,000 405,625	\$ \$		\$ \$	119,325 274,300 12,000 405,625
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue	\$		\$	226,262	\$	226,262
Offavaliable revenue						
Total deferred inflows of resources		**	_\$	226,262		226,262
Fund balance Restricted for:						
Debt service reserve	_\$	444,335	\$	277,844	\$	722,179
Total fund balance	_\$	444,335	\$	277,844	\$	722,179
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	849,960	<u>\$</u>	504,106	\$	1,354,066

# City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	ncrement enue Pool	Improvement Bonds Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Revenues Taxes Special assessments Fines and forfeits Miscellaneous	\$ 386,439 - - (8,087)	\$	26,669 449 (2,298)	\$	386,439 26,669 449 (10,385)
Total revenues	\$ 378,352	\$	24,820	\$	403,172
Expenditures  Debt service Interest and fiscal charges  Total expenditures	\$ 273,015 273,015	<u>\$</u> \$	<u></u>	\$ \$	273,015 273,015
Net change in fund balance	\$ 105,337	\$	24,820	\$	130,157
Fund balance - beginning	 338,998	-	253,024		592,022
Fund balance - ending	\$ 444,335	\$	277,844	\$	722,179



#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### **Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds**

#### Building

Established to account for an accumulation of resources to be used directly for various building projects, or as a resource for debt retirement related to building projects. The primary revenue source is an annual appropriation of interest earnings on investments.

#### Capital Improvements Revolving

Established to account for the financial resources to be used directly for construction of street and other community improvements that are not financed by general improvement bond issues.

#### Airport Improvements

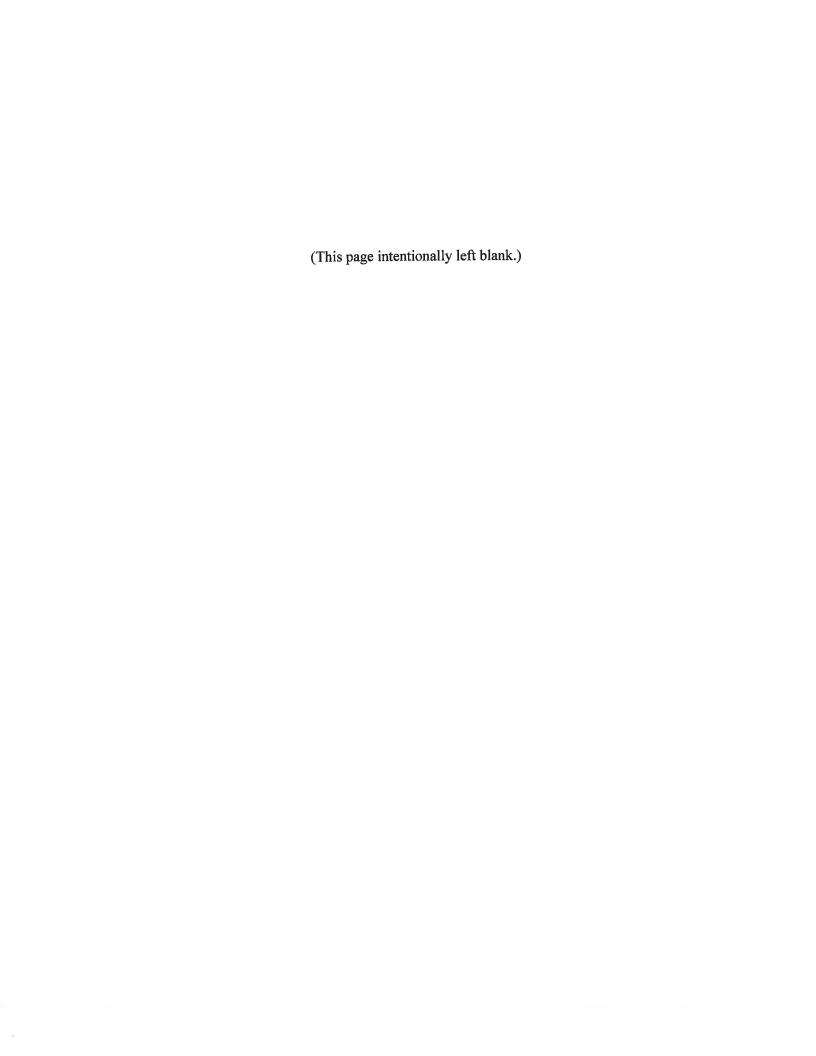
This fund was established to account for various airport projects.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2021

		Building		Capital provements Revolving		Airport rovements_		Total Nonmajor Capital oject Funds
Assets Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Notes receivable Special assessments receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments Advances to component unit Total assets	\$	2,737,818 362,677 68,890 394,214 612,733	\$	2,384,799 12,134 - 2,118,396 5,829 32,101 - 4,553,259	\$	117,151 - - - 7,100 368,170 - 492,421	\$	5,239,768 12,134 362,677 68,890 2,118,396 12,929 794,485 612,733
Liabilities  Vouchers payable  Contractors' retained percentage  Due to other funds  Due to other governments  Unearned revenues	\$	742,948 28,116 393	\$	135,456 321,165 - 170,770 25,000	\$	1,600 100,000	\$	880,004 349,281 100,393 170,770 25,000
Total liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources  Unavailable revenue  Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ _\$ _\$	771,457 13,200 13,200	\$ \$ \$	2,130,530 2,130,530	\$ \$ \$	101,600	\$ \$ \$	2,143,730 2,143,730
Fund balance Assigned to: Other capital projects  Total fund balance  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	3,391,675 3,391,675 4,176,332	\$	1,770,338 1,770,338 4,553,259	\$ \$	390,821 390,821 492,421	\$ \$	5,552,834 5,552,834 9,222,012

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Building			Capital provements Revolving	_lmp	Airport provements		Total Nonmajor Capital ojects Funds
Revenues	œ		•	1,195,803	\$		\$	1,195,803
Taxes	\$	-	Ф	888.490	Ψ	- 2	Ψ	888.490
Special assessments		554,927		54		415,109		970,090
Intergovernmental revenues	-	334,821			-	-110,100		,
Miscellaneous revenues								
Investment income (loss)	\$	(18,442)	\$	(15,718)	\$	ea ares	\$	(34,160)
Miscellaneous		806,592		114,417		7,100		928,109
Total miscellaneous revenues	\$	788,150	\$	98,699	\$	7,100	\$	893,949
Total revenues	_\$_	1,343,077	, <u>\$</u>	2,183,046	\$	422,209	_\$	3,948,332
Expenditures								
Capital outlay	\$	1,917,366	\$	3,007,155	\$	414,080	_\$	5,338,601
Total expenditures	\$	1,917,368	\$_	3,007,155	\$	414,080	_\$	5,338,601
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(574,289)	\$	(824,109)	_\$_	8,129	_\$_	(1,390,269)
Other financing courses								
Other financing sources Transfers in	\$	1,260,000	\$	700,000	\$	210,000	\$	2,170,000
Transition in							•	0.470.000
Total other financing sources		1,260,000	\$_	700,000	_\$_	210,000	\$	2,170,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	685,711	\$	(124,109)	\$	218,129	\$	779,731
Fund balance - beginning		2,705,964		1,894,447	-	172,692		4,773,103
Fund balance - ending	\$	3,391,675	\$	1,770,338	\$	390,821	\$	5,552,834



#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### **Nonmajor Permanent Funds**

#### Non-Expendable Memorial and Gift

Established to account for gifts and memorials received by the Library. Interest earnings are expendable while gifts of \$122,750 are non-expendable. The original \$22,750 of gifts were from the Rasmussen bequest (\$2,000), Rupner children's room (\$10,000), Tanya B. Hines bequest (\$10,000) and an anonymous gift (\$750). During 2012, a gift of \$100,000 was received from Ira James Holton.

#### Non-Expendable Floral Club

Established to account for gifts and memorials received by the Library. All bequests and gifts are non-expendable while interest earnings are expendable. The original \$12,000 gift was from an anonymous source.

#### Junior Police Program

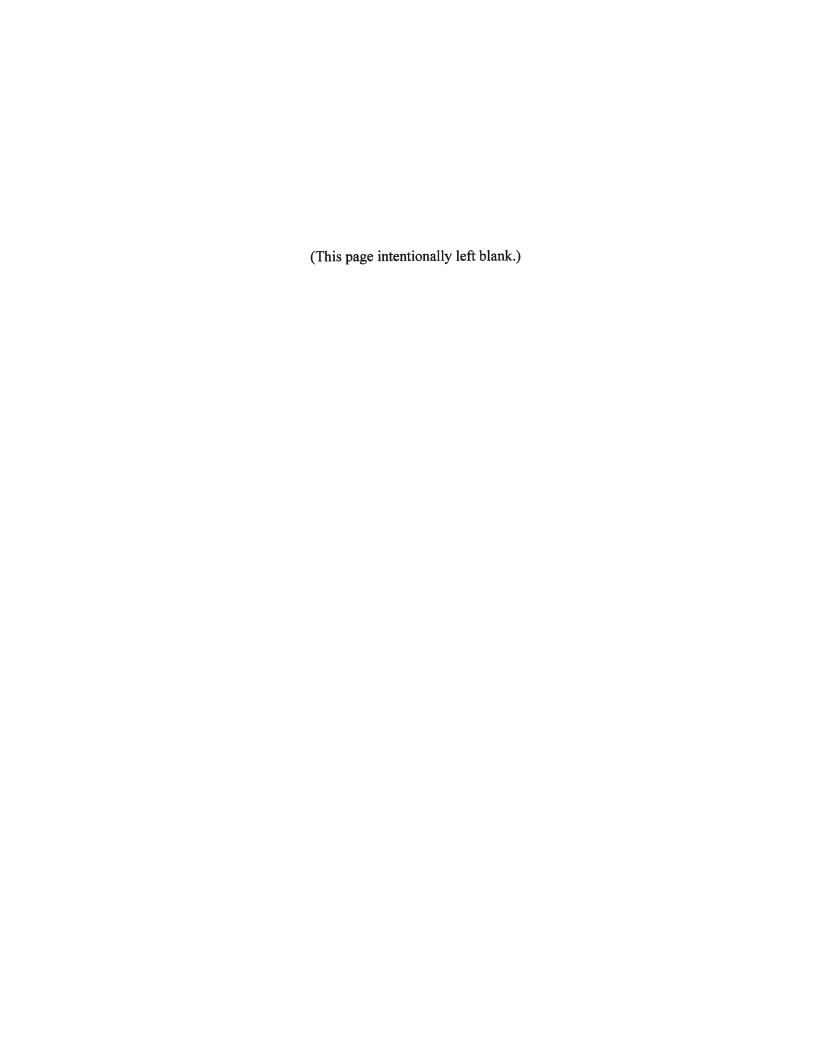
A non-expendable fund established to account for the contribution of \$1,302 from the Exchange Club of Austin in 1993. The interest earnings are available for use in continuing the Junior Police program. If the Junior Police Program is discontinued, interest earnings are then available for a comparable youth oriented law enforcement education program.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds December 31, 2021

	ľ	Non-Expendable Memorial and Gift		-Expendable loral Club	F	Junior Police rogram		Total
Assets Cash and investments Total assets	<b>\$</b>	140,006 140,006	<u>\$</u> \$	21,309 21,309	<u>\$</u> \$	2,097 2,097	<u>\$</u>	163,412 163,412
Fund balance	<del></del>	·					i d	
Nonspendable: Permanent fund principal Assigned to: Police Library	\$	122,750 - 17,256	\$	12,000 9,309	\$	1,302 795	\$	136,052 795 26,565
Total fund balance	\$	140,006	\$	21,309	\$	2,097	\$	163,412

# City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	M	Non-Expendable Memorial and Gift		Expendable oral Club	F	Junior Police Program		Total
Revenues Investment income (loss)	\$	(1,281)	\$	(195)	\$	(19)	\$	(1,495)
Total revenues	\$	(1,281)	\$	(195)	_\$	(19)	\$	(1,495)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,281)	\$	(195)	\$	(19)	\$	(1,495)
Fund balance - beginning		141,287		21,504		2,116		164,907
Fund balance - ending	\$	140,006	\$	21,309	\$	2,097	\$	163,412



### **Governmental Funds**

**Budgetary Comparisons** 

#### City of Austin, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	s <del></del>	Budgeted	Amou			Actual	Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive
	-	Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
Taxes  General property, current  General property, delinquent	\$	5,183,946 10,000	\$	5,183,946 10,000	\$	5,185,410 84,761	\$	1,464 74,761
Penalty and interest on delinquent Mobile home Hotel - Motel tax		10,000 4,000 190,000		10,000 4,000 190,000		12,135 6,238 143,154		2,135 2,238 (46,846)
Cablevision franchise fee Lawful gaming tax Total taxes	-\$	310,000 4,000 5,711,946	-\$	310,000 4,000 5,711,946	-\$	329,686 8,708 5,770,092	\$	19,686 4,708 58,146
Special assessments	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	61,473	\$	16,473
Licenses and permits								
Business licenses and permits Non-Business licenses and permits Rental housing licenses and permits	\$	77,710 385,250 170,000	\$	77,710 385,250 170,000	\$	109,434 395,730 170,270	\$	31,724 10,480 270
Total licenses and permits	\$	632,960	\$	632,960	\$	675,434	\$	42,474
Intergovernmental revenues State								
Local government aid Fire relief association amortization aid PERA Aid	\$	8,500,584 135,000	\$	8,500,584 135,000	\$	8,661,967 149,093 29,556	\$	161,383 14,093 29,556
Highway maintenance Police training reimbursement Airport maintenance		55,000 28,000 51,075		55,000 28,000 51,075		55,543 35,032 60,191		543 7,032 9,116
Mobile home homestead credit State and federal grants		95,100		95,100 300,000		238 1,479,503 312,547		238 1,384,403 12,547
Police insurance premium aid School district liaison aid	_	300,000 189,526	_	189,526	- <del>c</del>	197,962 10,981,632	\$	8,436 1,627,347
Total intergovernmental revenues	_\$_	9,354,285	\$_	9,354,285	<u>   \$                                 </u>	10,961,032	_Ψ_	1,021,041
Charges for services License late fees	\$	1,110	\$	1,110 520	\$	1,132 100	\$	22 (420)
Booklet and map sales Plans and specifications		520 500		500		98 3		(402)
Photocopies and accident copies Special services, police		50 4,500		50 4,500		7,842		(47) 3,342
Autopawn system revenues Special services, fire		2,000 4,000		2,000 4,000		1,549 5,581		(451) 1,581
Rural fire fees Fire Hydrant fees		120,000 108,000		120,000 108,000		135,856 109,189		15,856 1,189
Impounding and adoption fee Plat and changes of use fees		1,500 3,000		1,500 3,000		2,645 2,325		1,145 (675)
Zoning review and variance fees Investigation fees		1,500 1,300		1,500 1,300		2,220 905		720 (395)
Interest earnings on loan Satisfaction fees School crossing guards		1,000 4,500 18,520		1,000 4,500 18,520		9,994 4,968 14,619		8,994 468 (3,901)

#### City of Austin, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amoi	unts		Actual	Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(1	Negative)
Charges for services (continued)	-							
Assessment searches		12,000		12,000		20,500		8,500
Building investigation fees		500		500		75		(425)
Building seminar program fees		4,000		4,000				(4,000)
Parking lot lease revenues		5,500		5,500		4,929		(571)
Airport hangar rental		14,000		14,000		17,923		3,923
Swimming pool		85,000		85,000		98,109		13,109
Park and recreation facilities		10,801		10,801		18,937		8,136
Nature center public school rentals		5,000		5,000		4,943		(57)
Ruby Rupner Auditorium rentals		12,000		12,000		10,052		(1,948)
Riverside and Packer Arena		233,400		233,400		239,586_		6,186
Total charges for services	\$	654,201	\$	654,201	\$	714,080	\$	59,879
•					1.			
Fines and forfeits	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	94,364	\$	(5,636)
Court fines	Ψ	27,600	Ψ	27,600	Ψ	22,168	•	(5,432)
Other fines		20,000		20,000		5,078		(14,922)
Parking violations	\$	147,600	\$	147,600	\$	121,610	\$	(25,990)
Total fines and forfeits	Ψ	147,000	Ψ	147,000	<u>Ψ</u>	121,010		(20,000)
Miscellaneous revenues								
Investment income (loss)	\$	-₹A	\$	e 🛒	\$	(103,677)	\$	(103,677)
Contributions, private sources		122,000		326,000		394,077		68,077
County Contribution, Senior Center		40,000		40,000		40,000		223
Other miscellaneous revenues		108,250		108,250		297,483		189,233
Administration fees		125,000		125,000		113,529		(11,471)
Accounting fees		62,200		62,200		61,851		(349)
Sale of fixed assets		1.0		-		105,230		105,230
Total miscellaneous revenues	\$	457,450	\$	661,450	\$	908,493	\$	247,043
Total revenues	\$	17,003,442	\$	17,207,442	\$	19,232,814	\$	2,025,372
Other financing sources	94.0			4 000 000	•	4 000 744	•	(20.250)
Transfers in	_\$_	1,689,000	\$	1,689,000	\$	1,668,741	\$	(20,259)
Total other financing sources	_\$_	1,689,000	\$	1,689,000	\$	1,668,741	\$	(20,259)
Total revenues and other sources	\$	18,692,442	<b>\$</b>	18,896,442	\$	20,901,555	\$	2,005,113

### City of Austin, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Fina F	ance with I Budget - Positive egative)		
General government		Original	-	Tillai		7 tillouine		oguaroy
Council	\$	243,896	\$	263,896	\$	260,408	\$	3,488
Mayor	*	19,341	•	19,341	•	14,354		4,987
Administrator		262,971		262,971		254,628		8,343
Clerk		195,936		195,936		200,729		(4,793)
Finance		533,371		533,371		513,670		19,701
Attorney		164,020		164,020		159,737		4,283
Prosecuting attorney		190,468		190,468		187,129		3,339
Human resources		122,321		122,321		125,893		(3,572)
Planner		245,669		245,669		247,540		(1,871)
City hall		166,776		166,776		149,646		17,130
Cable TV access channel		8,100		8,100		96,188		(88,088)
Contingency		99,631		99,632		97,187		2,445
Capital outlay		19,700		40,515		31,313		9,202
Total general government	\$	2,272,200	\$	2,313,016	\$	2,338,422	\$	(25,406)
Politic and the								
Public safety	\$	4,333,214	\$	4,333,214	\$	4,273,900	\$	59,314
Police	Ψ	870,000	Ψ	870,000	Ψ	813,997	Ψ	56,003
Law enforcement center		3,400		3,400		2,718		682
Canine program		18,544		18,544		14,678		3,866
Crossing guards		1,200		1,200		762		438
Police explorer Community service officers		192,041		192,041		180,656		11,385
Ellis School Liaison		106,297		106,297		107,268		(971)
		1,896,519		1,896,519		1,902,664		(6,145)
Fire		343,312		343,312		329,633		13,679
Building inspection		141,326		141,326		125,827		15,499
Rental housing inspection Civil defense		39,232		39,232		18,512		20,720
		129,457		266,249		205,775		60,474
Capital outlay		123,437		200,240		29,805		(29,805)
Contingency Total public safety	\$	8,074,542	\$	8,211,334	\$	8,006,195	\$	205,139
Otes ste and highways								
Streets and highways	\$	701,587	\$	701,587	\$	674,014	\$	27,573
Engineering	Ф	2,706,446	Ψ	2,706,446	Ψ	2,501,748	Ψ	204,698
Streets and highways				16,000		12,437		3,563
Sidewalk, curb and gutter		16,000 205,000		205,000		181,323		23,677
Highway lighting						101,323		35,190
Sign shop		141,571		141,571 22,500		15,095		7,405
Parking lots		22,500				7,078		2,080
Capital outlay		4,453		9,158		-		(15,739)
Contingency	-	26,114	-	26,114	· ·	41,853	<u>_</u>	288,447
Total streets and highways	\$	3,823,671	\$	3,828,376	_\$_	3,539,929		200,447

### City of Austin, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

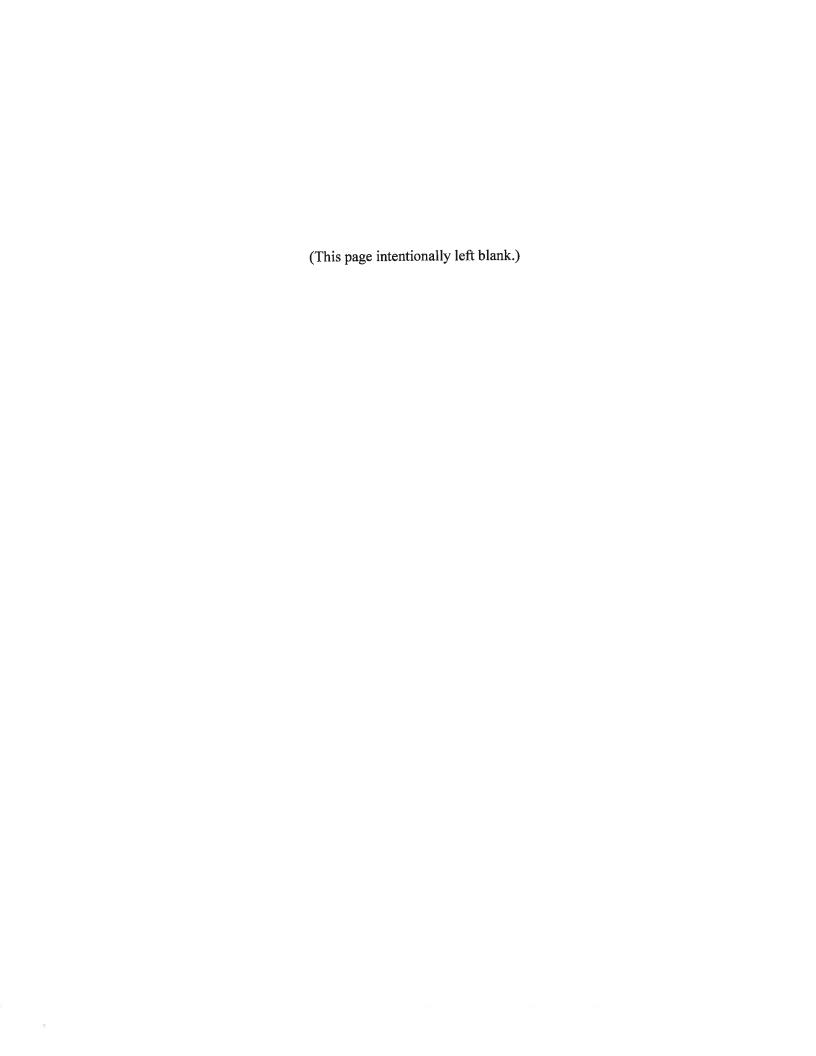
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)	
Culture and recreation								
Park and recreation					_			(40.400)
Recreation and nature center	\$	874,796	\$	874,796	\$	887,979	\$	(13,183)
Swimming pool		208,688		208,688		163,644		45,044
Recreation facilities		277,714		277,714		160,947		116,767
Park maintenance		1,312,969		1,312,969		1,220,048		92,921
Weed control		53,100		53,100		50,972		2,128
Contingency		14,508		14,508		31,618		(17,110)
Capital outlay		594,395		1,222,466		944,802		277,664
Downtown flowers	_	46,469	_	46,469	_	44,510	-	1,959
Total park and recreation	_\$_	3,382,639	\$	4,010,710	\$	3,504,520	\$	506,190
Arenas			•	507.000	•	504 400	•	CE 004
Riverside and Packer Arena	_\$_	567,382	_\$_	567,382	_\$_	501,498	_\$_	65,884
Senior citizen's activities	•	00.000	•	00.000	¢	E0 061	œ	27,139
Senior Citizen's Center	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	<u>\$</u>	52,861 4,058,879	<u>\$</u>	599,213
Total culture and recreation	_\$_	4,030,021	<u> </u>	4,658,092	<u> </u>	4,050,079	Ψ	599,215
Public conde								
Public service	æ	111,184	•	111,184	\$	80,234	\$	30,950
Airport maintenance	<u>\$</u>	111,184	<u>\$</u> \$	111,184	\$	80,234	\$	30,950
Total public service	_Φ_	111,104	Ψ_	111,104	Ψ_	00,234	Ψ	30,330
Canamia davalanment	\$	270,707	\$	482,057	\$	246,028	\$	236,029
Economic development	Ψ_	270,707	Ψ_	402,007	Ψ.	240,020	-Ψ	200,020
Community development	\$	6,942	\$	11,058	\$	8,515	\$	2,543
Community development	Ψ_	0,572	Ψ_	11,000	Ψ	0,010		2,010
Total expenditures	\$	18,589,267	\$	19,615,117	\$	18,278,202	\$	1,336,915
Total experionales	Ψ_	10,000,207		10,010,111	_	10,210,202		1,000,010
Other financing uses								
Transfers out	\$	210,000	\$	3,670,000	\$	3,670,000	\$	
Total other financing uses	\$	210,000	\$	3,670,000	\$	3,670,000	\$	
Total other initiationing asses	S — —	210,000		2,0.0,000	<u> </u>	2,0.0,000		<del></del>
Total expenditures and other uses	\$	18,799,267	\$	23,285,117	\$	21,948,202	\$	1,336,915
rotal experiultures and other uses	Ψ	.0,700,207			Ť	,00,202	Ť	

### City of Austin, Minnesota

# Library Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		l Budget -
		Original	7 11110	Final		Amounts		egative)
Revenues Taxes			_		_	1 000 044	•	200
General property, current Delinquent property taxes Mobile home	\$	1,026,054 15,000	\$	1,026,054 15,000	\$	1,026,344 16,583 1,235	\$	290 1,583 1,235
Total taxes	\$	1,041,054	\$	1,041,054	\$	1,044,162	\$	3,108
Intergovernmental revenues State								
Mobile home homestead credit	\$		_\$_	-	_\$_	47_	_\$	47
County								
Apportionment	_\$_	186,620	\$_	186,620	\$_	189,222	\$	2,602
Total intergovernmental revenues	_\$_	186,620		186,620	_\$_	189,269	\$	2,649
Charges for services Photocopies	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	3,444	\$	(556) 5,361
Book sales  Total charges for services	\$	250 4,250	\$	250 4,250	\$	5,611 9,055	\$	4,805
Fines and forfeits  Book fines	_\$_	3,250	_\$_	3,250	_\$_	336	\$	(2,914)
Miscellaneous revenues Investment income (loss) Revenue from other sources	\$	<u> </u>	\$	@ 	\$	(7,419) 1,544	\$	(7,419) 1,544
Total miscellaneous revenues	\$		\$	-	\$	(5,875)	\$	(5,875)
Total revenues	\$	1,235,174	\$	1,235,174	\$	1,236,947	\$	1,773
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation Library	\$	1,235,174	<u> </u>	1,235,174	\$	1,094,453	\$	140,721
Total expenditures	\$	1,235,174	_\$_	1,235,174	_\$_	1,094,453	_\$	140,721
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$		\$	142,494	\$	142,494
Fund balance - beginning		742,604		742,604		742,604		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	742,604	\$	742,604	_\$_	885,098	\$	142,494



#### City of Austin, Minnesota Recreation Programs Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted Original	udgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Final P	ance with Budget - ositive egative)
Revenues			-					
Charges for services								
Adult softball	\$	15,500	\$	15,500	\$	8,756	\$	(6,744)
Adult volleyball		3,000		3,000		532		(2,468)
Community gardens		1,650		1,650		2,039		389
Disc golf		1,050		1,050		852		(198)
Horseshoe club		1,000		1,000		750		(250)
Farmers Market		=		-		34,635		34,635
Player fees		4,000		4,000		2,260		(1,740)
Youth basketball camp fees		6,246		6,246		13,807		7,561
Summer programs		15,082		15,082		16,865		1,783
Austin Area Volleyball Club		10,363		10,363		3,760		(6,603)
Youth wrestling		5,000		5,000		2,720		(2,280)
Bike club		2,000		2,000		7,109		5,109
Canoe rental		500		500		1,724		1,224
Crafts program		1,200		1,200		1,400		200
Cross country skiing		2,800		2,800		1,881		(919)
Special events		9,345		9,345	·	17,134		7,789
Total charges for services	\$	78,736	\$	78,736	\$	116,224	\$	37,488
Miscellaneous Revenues								
Investment income	\$	=0	\$	=	\$	(1,309)	\$	(1,309)
Concessions commissions		19,124		19,124		10,667		(8,457)
Nature Center donations		2,103		2,103		12,500		10,397
Total miscellaneous	\$	21,227	\$	21,227	\$	21,858	\$	631
Total revenues	_\$_	99,963	\$	99,963	\$_	138,082	\$	38,119

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Recreation Programs Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Final P	ance with Budget - ositive	
		Original	-	Final	A	mounts	(N	egative)
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation	•	04.004	•	24.024	\$	24 511	\$	10,113
Adult softball	\$	34,624	\$	34,624	Ф	24,511 456	Ψ	2,544
Adult volleyball		3,000		3,000		2,021		(371)
Community gardens		1,650		1,650		2,021		1,050
Disc golf		1,050		1,050		905		1,030
Horseshoe club		1,000		1,000		895		
Farmers Market		-		0.000		23,963		(23,963)
Player fees		6,000		6,000		6,000		(402)
Southern Minny fast pitch				0.040		492		(492)
Youth basketball camp fees		6,246		6,246		6,953		(707)
Summer programs		15,082		15,082		12,469		2,613
Austin Area Volleyball club		10,363		10,363		6,066		4,297
Youth wrestling		5,000		5,000		3,418		1,582
Bike club		2,000		2,000		6,870		(4,870) (913)
Canoe rental		500		500		1,413		, ,
Crafts program		1,200		1,200		1,265		(65)
Cross country skiing		4,903		4,903		3,446		1,457
Special events	2	9,345	:	9,345	9	13,962		(4,617)
Total expenditures	\$	101,963	<b>\$_</b>	101,963	<u> </u>	114,200	_\$	(12,237)
Excess of revenues			•	(0.000)	•	00 000	•	05.000
over expenditures	_\$_	(2,000)	<u>   \$                                 </u>	(2,000)		23,882	_\$	25,882
Other financing uses					420		_	
Transfers out	_\$_	(4,000)	_\$_	(4,000)	_\$_	(4,000)		
Total other financing uses	\$	(4,000)	_\$_	(4,000)	\$	(4,000)	_\$_	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(6,000)	\$	(6,000)	\$	19,882	\$	25,882
Fund balance - beginning		135,991		135,991	3	135,991		
Fund balance - ending	_\$_	129,991	\$	129,991	\$	155,873	\$	25,882

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Fire PERA Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Ori	Budgeted iginal	d Amo	unts Final	A	Actual Amounts	Final Po	nce with Budget - sitive gative)
Revenues Interest income	\$	_	\$	(+	\$	165	\$	165
Total revenues	\$	196	\$	-	\$	165	\$	165
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	æ	\$	165	\$	165
Fund balance - beginning	2	248,315		248,315		248,315	03	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2	248,315	\$	248,315	\$	248,480	\$	165

### **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds**

<u>Waste Transfer Station Fund</u>
To account for operation and maintenance of the City's waste transfer station.

#### Storm Water Utility Fund

To account for storm water utility maintenance.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2021

Assets	Т	Waste ransfer Station		Storm Water Utility		al Nonmajor Interprise Funds
Current assets Cash and investments Due from other funds	\$	445,153 -	\$	417,374 92,724	\$	862,527 92,724
Total current assets	\$	445,153	\$	510,098	\$	955,251
Capital assets Capital assets	\$	505,965	\$	6,229,488	\$	6,735,453
Accumulated depreciation		(326,553)		(966,878)		(1,293,431)
Net	\$	179,412	\$	5,262,610 1,603,776	\$	5,442,022 1,603,776
Construction in progress  Net capital assets	\$	179,412	\$	6,866,386	\$	7,045,798
Total assets	\$	624,565	\$	7,376,484	_\$	8,001,049
Deferred outflows of resources	•		•	70 200	<b>c</b>	72 200
Pension related OPEB related	\$	-	\$	72,309 3,249	\$	72,309 3,249
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	-	\$	75,558	\$	75,558
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		624,565	\$	7,452,042	\$	8,076,607
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	\$	-	\$	5,757	\$	5,757
Vouchers payable Accrued expenses	Ψ	5€	•	5,787	•	5,787
Compensated absences, current portion		0.		1,336		1,336
Other postemployment benefits payable, current portion		::=		1,081		1,081 3,211
Due to other funds	\$		\$	3,211 17,172	\$	17,172
Total current liabilities	Ψ_			17,02		17,172
Noncurrent liabilities  Net pension liability	\$	_	\$	92,023	\$	92,023
Other postemployment benefits payable			-	20,571		20,571_
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$		_\$	112,594	_\$_	112,594
Total liabilities	_\$_		\$_	129,766	_\$_	129,766
Deferred inflows of resources	•		•	94.004	•	84,904
Pension related OPEB related	\$		\$	84,904 <u>6,013</u>	\$	6,013
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	90,917	<b>_\$</b> _	90,917
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	179,412	\$	6,866,386	\$	7,045,798
Unrestricted	_	445,153	-	364,973	-	810,126
Total net position	_\$_	624,565	\$\$_	7,231,359	_\$_	7,855,924
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	_\$_	624,565	_\$_	7,452,042	\$	8,076,607

# City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Waste Transfer Station	Storm Water Utility	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues	<u></u>		
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 729,481	\$ 729,481
Other operating revenues	52,435_	<u> </u>	52,435
Total operating revenues	\$ 52,435	\$ 729,481	\$ 781,916
Operating expenses			
Salaries and benefits	\$ -	\$ 222,128	\$ 222,128
Supplies and maintenance	43,083	87,592	130,675
Administrative and general	13,216	77,755	90,971
Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation	\$ 56,299	\$ 387,475	\$ 443,774
Depreciation	11,860	102,678	114,538
Depresiation			·
Total operating expenses	\$ 68,159	\$ 490,153	\$ 558,312
Operating income (loss)	\$ (15,724)	\$ 239,328	\$ 223,604
Non-operating revenues			
Investment income (loss)	\$ (4,122)	\$ (6,737)	\$ (10,859)
		9	
Total non-operating revenues	\$ (4,122)	\$ (6,737)	\$ (10,859)
Net income (loss) before contributions	\$ (19,846)	\$ 232,591	\$ 212,745
Capital contributions	\$ -	\$ 357,006	\$ 357,006
Change in net position	\$ (19,846)	\$ 589,597	\$ 569,751
Total net position - beginning	644,411	6,641,762	7,286,173
Total net position - ending	\$ 624,565	\$ 7,231,359	\$ 7,855,924

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Waste Transfer Station	Storm Water Utility	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities  Receipts from customers and users  Payments to suppliers	\$ 52,435 (60,106)	\$ 693,870 (160,361)	\$ 746,305 (220,467)
Payments to employees  Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (7,671)	\$ 335,469	\$ 327,798
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Capital assets acquisitions Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	\$ - \$ -	\$ (375,432) \$ (375,432)	\$ (375,432) \$ (375,432)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income (loss) Net cash flows used by investing activities	\$ (4,122) \$ (4,122)	\$ (6,737) \$ (6,737)	\$ (10,859) \$ (10,859)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (11,793)	\$ (46,700)	\$ (58,493)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	456,946	464,074	921,020
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 445,153	\$ 417,374	\$ 862,527
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$ (15,724)	\$ 239,328	\$ 223,604
to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Change in net pension liability	11,860	102,678 (624)	114,538 (624)
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pension related Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related	# #	80,356 579 (62,088)	80,356 579 (62,088)
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension related Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related Other postemployment benefits payable	- - - -	(718) 6,393	(718) 6,393
(Increase) decrease in assets:  Due from other funds Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	ÿ	(35,611)	(35,611)
Vouchers payable Accrued expenses	(507)	1,559 1,601	1,052 1,601
Due to other funds  Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (3,300) \$ (7,671)	2,016 \$ 335,469	\$ 327,798
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:  Contributions of capital assets	\$	\$ 357,006	\$ 357,006

#### **Internal Service Funds**

MIS Replacement

Established to account for the operation, maintenance, and replacement of certain management information systems equipment. City departments are billed for equipment use.

Central Garage

Established to account for the operation and maintenance of a central garage service to all departments except for Police, Library, and Utilities. City departments are billed for equipment use based on a pre-determined rate per hour for each vehicle which includes depreciation, operating costs, and overhead.

Risk Management

Established to account for the following activities:

Health Insurance

Established to account for health insurance administrative and claims costs financed by contributions from City departments and funds.

Property and Liability

Established to account for insurance premiums and claims. City departments and funds are billed for these costs.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

Established to account for insurance premiums and claims. City departments and funds are billed to cover these costs.

Sick Leave Program

Established to account for retirement benefits paid as a result of accumulated sick leave. City departments and funds are billed to finance these benefits.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2021

	MIS Replacement	Central Garage	Risk Management	Total Internal Service Funds
Assets				
Current assets	A 000 400	Ф 7.465.E00	¢ 4245.064	¢ 11 776 926
Cash and investments	\$ 266,193	\$ 7,165,582	\$ 4,345,061	\$ 11,776,836 950
Accounts receivable	( <del>=</del>	89,826	950	89,826
Inventory Prepaid items	1.5	09,020	104,695	104,695
Total current assets	\$ 266,193	\$ 7,255,408	\$ 4,450,706	\$ 11,972,307
Total current assets				
Noncurrent assets				1 000223
Capital assets	\$ 114,254	\$ 17,292,104	\$	\$ 17,406,358
Accumulated depreciation	(111,274)	(9,525,809)		(9,637,083)
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 2,980	\$ 7,766,295	\$ -	\$ 7,769,275
Total assets	\$ 269,173	\$ 15,021,703	\$ 4,450,706	\$ 19,741,582
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension related	\$ 42,312	\$ 166,091	\$ 5,999	\$ 214,402
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 42,312	\$ 166,091	\$ 5,999	\$ 214,402
Total assets and deferred outflows				
of resources	\$ 311,485	\$ 15,187,794	\$ 4,456,705	\$ 19,955,984
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	•	e 02.056	\$ 986	\$ 84,942
Vouchers payable	\$ - 17,955	\$ 83,956 52,768	77,346	148,069
Accrued expenses  Due to other funds	17,955	5,342	77,540	5,342
Total current liabilities	\$ 17,955	\$ 142,066	\$ 78,332	\$ 238,353
Total carrent habilities	<u> </u>			
Noncurrent liabilities				
Net pension liability	\$ 53,848	\$ 211,373	\$ 7,635	\$ 272,856
Total liabilities	\$ 71,803	\$ 353,439	\$ 85,967	\$ 511,209
Total liabilities	Ψ 71,000	Ψ 000,400	Ψ 00,001	<del> </del>
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension related	\$ 49,682	\$ 195,020	\$ 7,044	\$ 251,746
The late of the line of the company	e 40.692	¢ 105.020	¢ 7044	\$ 251,746
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 49,682	\$ 195,020	\$ 7,044	\$ 231,740
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,980	\$ 7,766,295	\$ -	\$ 7,769,275
Unrestricted	187,020	6,873,040	4,363,694_	11,423,754
	400000	<b>6</b> 44 000 005	<b>6.4000.004</b>	e 10 100 000
Total net position	\$ 190,000	\$ 14,639,335	\$ 4,363,694	\$ 19,193,029
		·		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	<del> </del>			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 311,485	\$ 15,187,794	\$ 4,456,705	\$ 19,955,984_

### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	MIS Replacement	Central Garage	Risk Management	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$ 240,000	\$ 1,699,840	\$ 2,234,769	\$ 4,174,609
Total operating revenues	\$ 240,000	\$ 1,699,840	\$ 2,234,769	\$ 4,174,609
Operating expenses Salaries and benefits Supplies and maintenance Administrative and general Claims Retirement benefits	\$ 118,658 812 120,088 - -	\$ 449,502 488,855 25,203	\$ 16,522 - 42,913 144,079 116,135	\$ 584,682 489,667 188,204 144,079 116,135
Insurance premiums Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation Depreciation	\$ 239,558 3,851	\$ 963,560 750,153	\$ 2,400,842	\$ 3,603,960 754,004
Total operating expenses	\$ 243,409	\$ 1,713,713	\$ 2,400,842	\$ 4,357,964
Operating loss	\$ (3,409)	\$ (13,873)	\$ (166,073)	\$ (183,355)
Non-operating revenues Investment income (loss) Gain on disposal of capital assets Other revenues  Total non-operating revenues	\$ (2,422) - - \$ (2,422)	\$ (54,313) 765 1,146 \$ (52,402)	\$ (36,747) 154,255 \$ 117,508	\$ (93,482) 765 155,401 \$ 62,684
Net loss before transfers	\$ (5,831)	\$ (66,275)	\$ (48,565)	\$ (120,671)
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000
Change in net position	\$ (5,831)	\$ 1,433,725	\$ (48,565)	\$ 1,379,329
Net position - beginning	195,831_	13,205,610_	4,412,259	17,813,700
Net position - ending	\$ 190,000	\$ 14,639,335	\$ 4,363,694	\$ 19,193,029

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	MIS Replacement	Central Garage	Risk Management	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	Hopiassinsin			-
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 240,000	\$ 1,700,643	\$ 2,234,256	\$ 4,174,899
Payments to suppliers	(120,969)	(459,571)	(2,302,569)	(2,883,109)
Payments to employees	(116,700)	(460,336)	(16,737)	(593,773)
Payments to retirees	<b>1</b>	7€	(116,135)	(116,135)
Other receipts		1,146	154,255	155,401_
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,331	\$ 781,882	\$ (46,930)	\$ 737,283
Cash flows from noncapital				
financing activities			•	<b>#</b> 4 500 000
Transfers from other funds		\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000
Net cash provided by noncapital	•	e 4 500 000	•	¢ 4.500.000
financing activities	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000
Cash flows from capital				
and related financing activities	ø	¢ (40E 200)	\$ -	\$ (465,322)
Capital asset acquisitions	\$	\$ (465,322) 765	<b>ф</b>	765
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		703		
Net cash used by capital and	\$ -	\$ (464,557)	\$ -	\$ (464,557)
related financing activities	<u> </u>	φ (+0+,557)	Ψ	Ψ (404,001)
Cash flows from investing activities	e (0.400)	¢ /EA 242\	\$ (36,747)	\$ (93,482)
Investment income (loss)	\$ (2,422) \$ (2,422)	\$ (54,313) \$ (54,313)	\$ (36,747) \$ (36,747)	\$ (93,482) \$ (93,482)
Net cash flows used by investing activities	Φ (2,422)	\$ (04,515)	ψ (30,747)	ψ (00,402)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and				
cash equivalents	\$ (91)	\$ 1,763,012	\$ (83,677)	\$ 1,679,244
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	266,284	5,402,570	4,428,738	10,097,592
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 266,193	\$ 7,165,582	\$ 4,345,061	\$ 11,776,836
Reconciliation of operating loss to net				
cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$ (3,409)	\$ (13,873)	\$ (166,073)	\$ (183,355)
Depreciation	3,851	750,153	(8)	754,004
Miscellaneous revenues	=	1,146	154,255	155,401
Change in net pension liability	(14,584)	(54,986)	(1,840)	(71,410)
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pension related	46,323	181,944	6,579	234,846
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension related	(34,762)	(136,705)	(4,954)	(176,421)
(Increase) Decrease in assets:				
Accounts receivable	; <del>=</del> ;	803	(513)	290
Inventory	3 <del></del>	4,195	1.5	4,195
Prepaid items	-	70	(3,626)	(3,626)
Increase (Decrease) in liabilities:			/a aaa:	47.000
Vouchers payable	(69)	49,475	(2,308)	47,098
Accrued expenses	4,981	(1,087)	(28,450)	(24,556)
Due to other funds	e 224	817 \$ 791 992	¢ (46 020)	\$ 737,283
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,331	\$ 781,882	\$ (46,930)	\$ 737,283

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Schedule of Net Position Internal Service Funds - Central Garage Fund December 31, 2021

	Streets and Highways	Parks and Forestry	Fire Vehicles and Equipment	Total
Assets	2			
Current assets	0 440 000	e 4 400 074	e 2 240 280	\$ 7,165,582
Cash and investments	\$ 2,446,222	\$ 1,499,971	\$ 3,219,389	\$ 7,165,582 89,826
Inventory	89,826			03,020
Total current assets	\$ 2,536,048	\$ 1,499,971	\$ 3,219,389	\$ 7,255,408
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets	\$ 12,749,784	\$ 2,128,543	\$ 2,413,777	\$ 17,292,104
Accumulated depreciation	(6,840,616)	(1,343,259)	(1,341,934)	(9,525,809)
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 5,909,168	\$ 785,284	\$ 1,071,843	\$ 7,766,295
Total assets	\$ 8,445,216	\$ 2,285,255	\$ 4,291,232	\$ 15,021,703
Deferred outflows of resources	A 400 474	<b>A</b> 00 000	•	e 166.001
Pension related	<u>\$ 133,171</u>	\$ 32,920	\$ -	\$ 166,091
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 133,171	\$ 32,920	\$ -	\$ 166,091
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 8,578,387	\$ 2,318,175	\$ 4,291,232	\$ 15,187,794
Liabilities Current liabilities	\$ 78,764	\$ 1,761	\$ 3,431	\$ 83,956
Vouchers payable Accrued expenses	42,455	10,097	216	52,768
Due to other funds	5,342	10,007	- 12	5,342
Total current liabilities	\$ 126,561	\$ 11,858	\$ 3,647	\$ 142,066
Noncurrent liabilities				
Net pension liability	169,478	41,895	<u>#</u>	211,373
Total liabilities	\$ 296,039	\$ 53,753	\$ 3,647	\$ 353,439
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension related	\$ 156,367	\$ 38,653	\$ -	\$ 195,020
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 156,367	\$ 38,653	\$ -	\$ 195,020
Not position				
Net position	\$ 5,909,168	\$ 785,284	\$ 1,071,843	\$ 7,766,295
Net investment in capital assets	2,216,813	1,440,485	3,215,742	6,873,040
Unrestricted		1,440,400	- 0,210,172	
Total net position	\$ 8,125,981	\$ 2,225,769	\$ 4,287,585	\$ 14,639,335
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 8,578,387	\$ 2,318,175	\$ 4,291,232	\$ 15,187,794

# City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds - Central Garage Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Streets and Highways	Parks and Forestry	Fire Vehicles and Equipment	Total Central Garage Fund
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$ 1,265,132	\$ 234,708	\$ 200,000	\$ 1,699,840
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,265,132	\$ 234,708	\$ 200,000	\$ 1,699,840
Operating expenses Salaries and benefits Supplies and maintenance Administrative and general Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation Depreciation	\$ 361,865 368,126 19,575 \$ 749,566 533,674	\$ 87,637 95,132 5,628 \$ 188,397 127,635	\$ 25,597  \$ 25,597 88,844	\$ 449,502 488,855 25,203 \$ 963,560 750,153
Total operating expenses	\$ 1,283,240	\$ 316,032	\$ 114,441	\$ 1,713,713
Operating income (loss)	\$ (18,108)	\$ (81,324)	\$ 85,559	\$ (13,873)
Non-operating revenues Investment income (loss) Gain on disposal of capital assets Other revenues	\$ (20,800) - 1,146	\$ (14,454) 765	\$ (19,059) - -	\$ (54,313) 765 1,146
Total non-operating revenues	\$ (19,654)	\$ (13,689)	\$ (19,059)	\$ (52,402)
Net income (loss) before transfers	\$ (37,762)	\$ (95,013)	\$ 66,500	\$ (66,275)
Transfers in	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000
Change in net position  Net position - beginning	\$ (37,762) 8,163,743	\$ (95,013) 2,320,782	\$ 1,566,500 2,721,085	\$ 1,433,725 13,205,610_
Net position - ending	\$ 8,125,981	\$ 2,225,769	\$ 4,287,585	\$ 14,639,335

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Schedule of Net Position Internal Service Funds - Risk Management Fund December 31, 2021

	Health Insurance	Property and Liability	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Sick Leave Program	Total Risk Management Fund
Assets Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid items	\$ 500,964 950 104,695	\$ 1,127,584	\$ 1,170,371	\$ 1,546,142 - -	\$ 4,345,061 950 104,695
Total current assets	\$ 606,609	\$ 1,127,584	\$ 1,170,371	\$ 1,546,142	\$ 4,450,706
Deferred outflows of resources Pension related	\$ -	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,999	<b>\$</b> 8-1	\$ 5,999
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ -	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,999	\$ -	\$ 5,999
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 606,609	\$ 1,130,584	\$ 1,173,370	\$ 1,546,142	\$ 4,456,705
Liabilities Current liabilities Vouchers payable Accrued expenses Total current liabilities	\$ 553 75,456 \$ 76,009	\$ - 643 \$ 643	\$ 433 1,247 \$ 1,680	\$ -	\$ 986 77,346 \$ 78,332
Noncurrent liabilities  Net pension liability  Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ - \$ -	\$ 3,817 \$ 3,817	\$ 3,818 \$ 3,818	\$ - \$ -	\$ 7,635 \$ 7,635
Total liabilities	\$ 76,009	\$ 4,460	\$ 5,498	\$ -	\$ 85,967
Deferred inflows of resources Pension related	\$ -	\$ 3,522	\$ 3,522	\$ -	\$ 7,044
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ -	\$ 3,522	\$ 3,522	\$ -	\$ 7,044
Net position Unrestricted	\$ 530,600	\$ 1,122,602	\$ 1,164,350	\$ 1,546,142	\$ 4,363,694
Total net position	\$ 530,600	\$ 1,122,602	\$ 1,164,350	\$ 1,546,142	\$ 4,363,694
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 606,609	\$ 1,130,584	\$ 1,173,370	\$ 1,546,142	\$ 4,456,705

## City of Austin, Minnesota Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds - Risk Management Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Health Insurance	Property and Liability	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Sick Leave Program	Total Risk Management Fund
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$ 1,331,798	\$ 269,748	\$ 584,221	\$ 49,002	\$ 2,234,769
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,331,798	\$ 269,748	\$ 584,221	\$ 49,002	\$ 2,234,769
Operating expenses Salaries and benefits Administrative and general Claims Retirement benefits Insurance premiums	\$ - 94,500 	\$ 8,261 31,311 289,444	\$ 8,261 42,913 12,685 - 550,719	\$ <u>-</u> 5,583 116,135	\$ 16,522 42,913 144,079 116,135 2,081,193
Total operating expenses	\$ 1,335,530	\$ 329,016	\$ 614,578	\$ 121,718	\$ 2,400,842
Operating loss	\$ (3,732)	\$ (59,268)	\$ (30,357)	\$ (72,716)	\$ (166,073)
Non-operating revenues Investment income (loss) Other revenues	\$ (1,584)	\$ (10,171)	\$ (10,303)	\$ (14,689)	\$ (36,747)
Refunds	\$ - 2,796	\$ 88,008	\$ = 63,451	\$ -	\$ 88,008 66,247
Miscellaneous Total other revenues	\$ 2,796	\$ 88,008	\$ 63,451	\$ -	\$ 154,255
Total non-operating revenues	\$ 1,212	\$ 77,837	\$ 53,148	\$ (14,689)	\$ 117,508
Change in net position	\$ (2,520)	\$ 18,569	\$ 22,791	\$ (87,405)	\$ (48,565)
Net position - beginning	533,120	1,104,033	1,141,559	1,633,547_	4,412,259
Net position - ending	\$ 530,600	\$ 1,122,602	\$ 1,164,350	\$ 1,546,142	\$ 4,363,694

### **Supplementary Information**

#### City of Austin, Minnesota General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds Water Utility Fund Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

	Series 2012A						
Year	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	385,000	\$	53,706	\$	438,706	
2023		390,000		46,006		436,006	
2024		400,000		38,206		438,206	
2025		410,000		29,706		439,706	
2026		415,000		20,482		435,482	
2027		425,000		10,625		435,625	

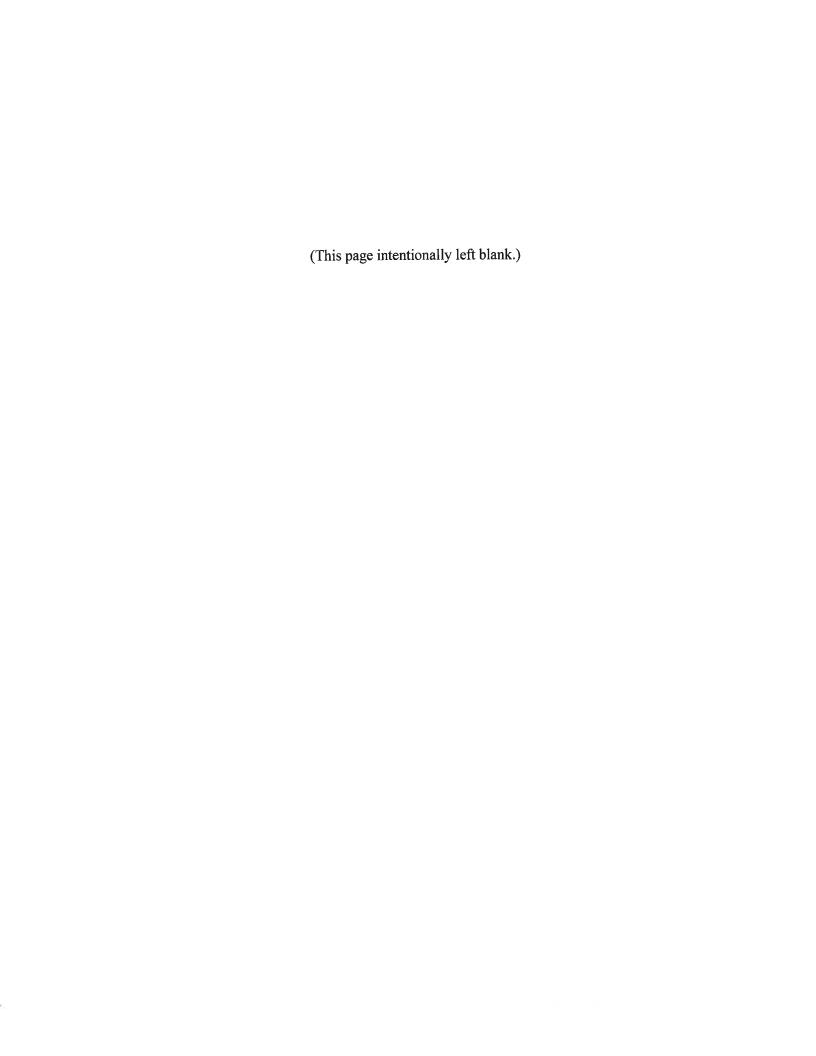
2,425,000 \$

2,623,731

198,731

### City of Austin, Minnesota General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Austin Utilities Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

	Series 2015A					
Year		Principal		Interest	Total	
2022	\$	745,000	\$	467,113	\$	1,212,113
2023		760,000		448,263		1,208,263
2024		785,000		425,087		1,210,087
2025		810,000		393,062		1,203,062
2026		850,000		355,813		1,205,813
2027		885,000		325,538		1,210,538
2028		910,000		298,613		1,208,613
2029		935,000		270,352		1,205,352
2030		965,000		240,062		1,205,062
2031		1,000,000		208,131		1,208,131
2032		1,030,000		174,500		1,204,500
2033		1,065,000		139,147		1,204,147
2034		1,100,000		101,925		1,201,925
2035		1,140,000		62,725		1,202,725
2036	_	1,180,000		21,388		1,201,388
	\$	14,160,000	\$	3,931,719	\$	18,091,719

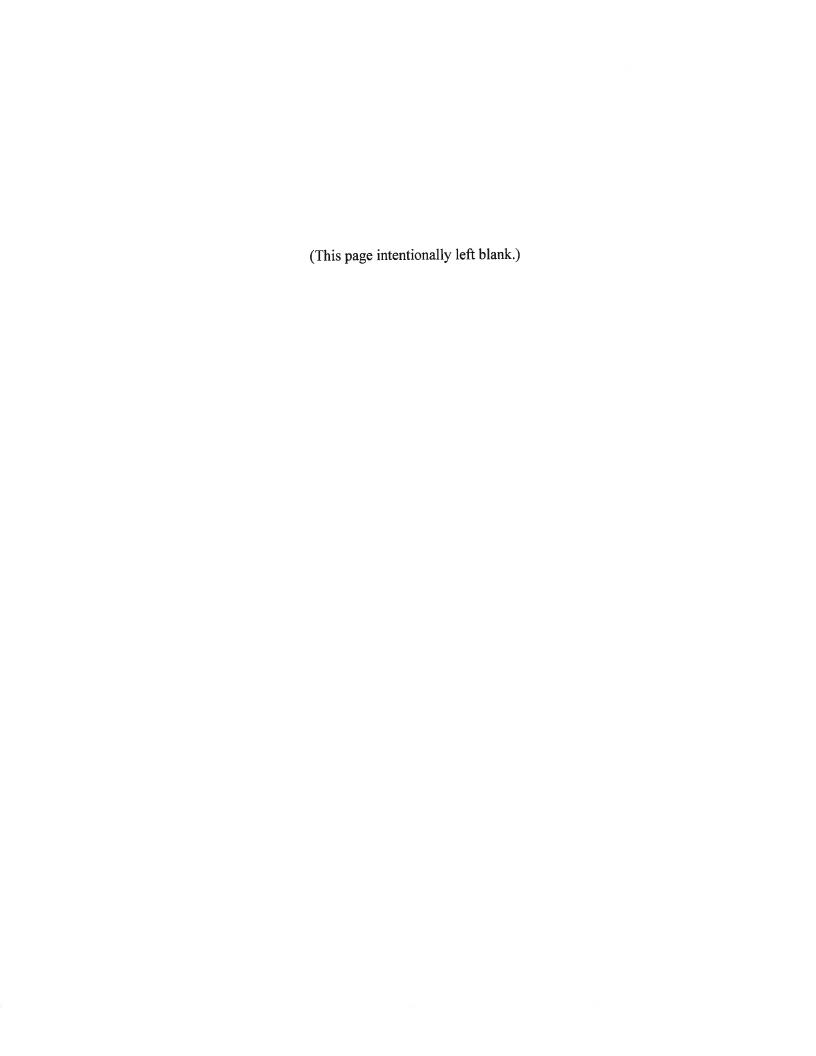


#### **Statistical Section**

This part of the City of Austin's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	165
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	170
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	174
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	179
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	181

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



#### City of Austin, Minnesota Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities  Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 92,487,056	\$ 96,714,082	\$ 112,148,907	\$ 117,139,070	\$ 122,500,058	\$ 127,073,132	\$ 128,915,686	\$ 134,177,653	\$ 169,781,438	\$ 170,898,680
	9,224,826	9,360,960	5,378,069	5,020,295	6,214,116	6,373,158	6,780,954	6,071,317	5,249,584	8,837,718
	22,296,834	22,120,566	22,954,462	16,144,791	13,869,081	13,899,467	15,635,079	17,566,343	21,098,059	24,528,865
	\$124,008,716	\$ 128,195,608	\$ 140,481,438	\$ 138,304,156	\$ 142,583,255	\$ 147,345,757	\$ 151,331,719	\$ 157,815,313	\$ 196,129,081	\$ 204,265,263
Business-type activities  Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 66,893,928 - 33,596,846 \$100,490,774	\$ 73,028,400 - 27,616,551 \$ 100,644,951	\$ 76,766,362 - 28,628,642 \$ 105,395,004	\$ 81,663,459 53,703 22,398,144 \$ 104,115,306	\$ 80,356,144 25,793,299 \$ 106,149,443	\$ 82,148,457 25,225,837 \$ 107,374,294	\$ 84,112,732 14,580,443 \$ 98,693,175	\$ 86,989,180 20,053,799 \$ 107,042,979	\$ 96,182,961 20,623,902 \$ 116,806,863	\$ 101,683,971 18,923,674 \$ 120,607,645
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 159,380,984	\$ 169,742,482	\$ 188,915,269	\$ 198,802,529	\$ 202,856,202	\$ 209,221,589	\$ 213,028,418	\$ 221,166,833	\$ 265,964,399	\$ 272,582,651
	9,224,826	9,360,960	5,378,069	5,073,998	6,214,116	6,373,158	6,780,954	6,071,317	5,249,584	8,837,718
	55,893,680	49,737,117	51,583,104	38,542,935	39,662,380	39,125,304	30,215,522	37,620,142	41,721,961	43,452,539
	\$ 224,499,490	\$ 228,840,559	\$ 245,876,442	\$ 242,419,462	\$ 248,732,698	\$ 254,720,051	\$ 250,024,894	\$ 264,858,292	\$ 312,935,944	\$ 324,872,908

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses	~=									
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,994,989	\$ 1,775,118	\$ 1,431,184	\$ 2,080,195	\$ 2,644,256	\$ 2,655,024	\$ 2,887,408	\$ 2,820,702	\$ 2,751,682	\$ 2,781,455
Public safety	5,640,813	5,963,143	6,388,332	6,609,642	8,560,538	7,304,029	6,561,588	7,057,993	7,666,925	7,246,791
Streets and highways	4,671,850	4,790,336	4,831,833	5,013,859	5,580,254	5,294,742	5,270,917	5,598,910	5,479,513	5,801,837
Culture and recreation	4,141,344	4,343,675	4,443,814	4,507,566	4,929,260	5,311,447	5,213,298	5,379,956	6,233,750	6,612,618
Public service	308,776	453,346	89,696	383,336	382,662	375,465	387,317	618,015	475,217	376,009
Economic development	259,540	436,675	310,287	653,608	833,150	608,226	505,254	555,633	468,836	509,743
Community development	307,105	479,747	859,301	1,134,686	889,103	773,616	539,363	509,697	755,257	1,709,977
Interest on long-term debt	113,090	74,900	52,949	35,220	29,971	25,729	14,973	12,937	12,018	9,300
Total governmental activities										
expenses	\$ 17,437,507	\$ 18,316,940	\$ 18,407,396	\$ 20,418,112	\$ 23,849,194	\$ 22,348,278	\$ 21,380,118	\$ 22,553,843	<u>\$ 23,843,198</u>	\$ 25,047,730
Eusiness-type activities				_						
Sewer user	\$ 4,905,159	\$ 4,767,774	\$ 5,064,346	\$ 5,183,222	\$ 4,939,927	\$ 5,315,668	\$ 5,157,970	\$ 5,557,035	\$ 5,843,790	\$ 5,724,714
Waste transfer station	34,352	30,147	29,689	30,751	34,849	39,856	31,342	40,938	36,949	57,931
Storm water utility	202,481	208,963	263,999	313,016	322,100	372,669	315,603	369,193	321,430	448,724
Electric	31,778,362	31,713,856	31,704,826	32,273,865	34,450,475	35,196,329	37,584,354	33,182,000	32,288,251	33,102,114
Water	2,838,536	3,522,146	3,747,554	3,892,185	3,968,228	4,420,292	4,112,784	4,091,664	4,788,283	4,704,995
Gas	13,678,763	16,842,327	22,717,982	15,017,991	14,999,868	16,565,068	15,609,175	14,997,279	13,497,738	24,400,289
Total business-type				-						
activities expenses	\$ 53,437,653	\$ 57,085,213	\$ 63,528,396	\$ 56,711,030	\$ 58,715,447	\$ 61,909,882	\$ 62,811,228	\$ 58,238,109	\$ 56,776,4 <u>41</u>	\$ 68,438,767
Total primary government	4 1 1	<del></del>	<del> </del>							
expenses	\$ 70,875,160	\$ 75,402,153	\$ 81,935,792	\$ 77,129,142	\$ 82,564,641	\$ 84,258,160	\$ 84,191,346	\$ 80,791,952	\$ 80,619,639	\$ 93,486,497
СХРОПОСО	<u> </u>	<del>*</del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del></del>					
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 536,742	\$ 430,416	\$ 482,969	\$ 517,579	\$ 565,466	\$ 685,001	\$ 1,120,057	\$ 697,603	\$ 737,673	\$ 913,325
Public safety	776,389	612,524	793,585	864,408	753,980	646,527	741,367	913,116	697,076	967,699
Streets and highways	10,542	16,036	15,041	7,126	15,914	36,096	42,281	29,263	35,412	57,753
Culture and recreation	538,694	522,905	497,992	536,192	558,708	565,917	584,877	637,366	308,262	534,675
Public service	30,863	38,480	38,437	41,346	37,671	39,218	39,161	41,096	39,974	45,242
Economic development	49,833	51,106	49,177	34,585	33,754	25,924	25,900	27,025	27,025	26,700
Operating grants and contributions	984,457	925,583	1,187,211	1,041,820	1,722,121	984,257	1,091,641	1,316,659	3,289,769	2,926,182
Capital grants and contributions	2,771,366	4,583,896	9,952,310	4,096,969	6,503,556	6,501,283	3,566,943	4,711,120	38,446,128	4,484,216
Total governmental activities	-		7							
program revenues	\$ 5,698,886	\$ 7,180,946	\$ 13,016,722	\$ 7,140,025	\$ 10,191,170	\$ 9,584,223	\$ 7,212,227	\$ 8,373,248	\$ 43,581,319	\$ 9,955,792
P 3	* -11	,,								

Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:				A 4 500 005	e 4.040.000	\$ 5,157,056	\$ 5,768,857	\$ 6,363,173	\$ 7,043,204	\$ 7,401,327
Sewer user	\$ 4,553,218	\$ 4,679,517	\$ 5,023,390	\$ 4,589,825	\$ 4,942,300	25,800	42,673	52,346	51,407	52,435
Waste transfer station	71,271	66,693	65,673	20,117	6,950 663,433	680,968	684,087	690,330	691,853	729,481
Storm water utility	546,600	702,999	676,744	670,786	36.624.967	36,724,198	37,326,080	36,109,901	35,729,075	35,528,834
Electric	33,679,982	32,742,707	34,469,396	35,290,519		4,801,292	4,850,518	5.059,238	5,359,416	5,441,410
Water	2,807,120	3,705,645	3,998,961	4,282,613	4,513,791		17,147,060	16,335,418	14,120,957	23,097,609
Gas	14,134,078	17, <del>4</del> 01,568	24,056,300	15,896,034	15,398,491	16,479,832	17,147,000	10,333,410	14,120,937	54,684
Operating grants and contributions			00.514	0.055.044	540.475	502.424	2,596,998	804,979	2,479,263	1,577,693
Capital grants and contributions	<u>584,323</u>	448,910	90,544	2,055,241	513,175	593,434	2,390,990	804,979	2,473,203	1,011,000
Total business-type activities								0.05.445.005	0 05 475 475	e 70 000 470
program revenues	\$ 56,376,592	\$ 59,748,039	\$ 68,381,008	\$ 62,805, <u>135</u>	\$ 62,663,107	\$ 64,462,580	\$ 68,416,273	\$ 65,415,385	\$ 65,475,175	\$ 73,883,473
Total primary government										
program revenues	\$ 62,075,478	\$ 66,928,985	\$ 81,397,730	\$ 69,9 <u>45,160</u>	\$ 72,854,277	\$ 74,046,803	\$ 75,628,500	\$ 73,788,633	<u>\$109,056,494</u>	\$ 83,839,265
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (11,738,621)	\$ (11,135,994)	\$ (5,390,674)	\$ (13,278,087)	\$ (13,658,024)	\$ (12,764,055)	\$ (14,167,891)	\$ (14,180,595)	\$ 19,738,121	\$ (15,091,938)
Business-type activities	2,938,939	2,662,826	4,852,612	6,094,105	3,947,660	2,552,698	5,605,045	7,177,276	8,698,734	5,444,706
Total primary government	,	-								
net expense	\$ (8,799,682)	\$ (8,473,168)	\$ (538,062)	\$ (7,183,982)	\$ (9,710,364)	\$ (10,211,357)	\$ (8,562,846)	\$ (7,003,319)	\$ 28,436,855	\$ (9,647,232)
not expense	<b>(0,100,00</b> 2)	<del>+ (-111-11-1</del>	<u> </u>				<del></del>			
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 4.784.024	\$ 5,124,431	\$ 5,006,324	\$ 5,237,753	\$ 5,419,016	S 5,779,620	\$ 6,461,424	\$ 7,518,646	\$ 7,809,033	\$ 8,069,842
Tax increment collections	380,901	423,192	440,128	456,735	202,537	194,481	351,545	402,977	389,657	386,439
Sales Tax	1,274,595	1,324,367	1,582,675	1,440,606	1,499,072	875,673	1,410,251	1,605,899	1,517,895	1,718,938
Nonproperty taxes	34,953	24,292	34,058	20,679	291,249	306,197	165,372	120,348	22,620	69,406
Unrestricted grants and contributions	7,146,012	7,151,606	7,911,483	7,991,475	8,016,728	8,030,033	8,185,269	8,194,206	8,506,434	8,671,106
Unrestricted investment earnings	542,379	(445,204)	956,496	468,370	225,519	498,333	518,772	1,079,032	597,066	(47,138)
Miscellaneous	66,201	10,410	14,469	56,783	60,063	130,989	82,927	10,124	19,978	41,334
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	28,729	14,465	12,265	540	540	900	2	12	2,675	105,230
Transfers	1,368,735	1,695,327	1,718,606	1,722,377	2,222,399	1,710,331	1,844,615	1,732,957	(289,711)	1,355,997
Total governmental activities	\$ 15,626,529	\$ 15,322,886	\$ 17,676,504	\$ 17,395,318	\$ 17,937,123	\$ 17,526,557	\$ 19,020,175	\$ 20,664,189	\$ 18,575,647	\$ 20,371,154
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	\$ 339,842	\$ (935,219)	\$ 1,271,026	\$ 410,367	\$ 255,417	\$ 382,484	\$ 446,212	\$ 1,085,153	\$ 507,725	\$ (365,817)
Miscellaneous	-	2 113	327,421	343	¥	(#)		43,258	52,124	43,883
Gain on sale of capital assets	765	119,784	17,600	68,681	53,459	•	-	22,960	215,590	34,007
Transfers	(1,368,735)	(1,695,327)	(1,718,606)	(1,722,377)	(2,222,399)	(1,710,331)	(1,844,615)	(1,732,957)	289,711	(1,355,997)
Total business-type activities	\$ (1,028,128)	\$ (2,508,649)	\$ (102,559)	\$ (1,243,329)	\$ (1,913,523)	\$ (1,327,847)	\$ (1,398,403)	\$ (581,586)	\$ 1,065,150	\$ (1,643,924)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 14,598,401	\$ 12,814,237	\$ 17,573,945	\$ 16,151,989	\$ 16,023,600	\$ 16,198,710	\$ 17,621,772	\$ 20,082,603	\$ 19,640,797	\$ 18,727,230
Total primary government	ψ 14,330,401	ψ 12,017,237	ψ 17 <sub>1</sub> 070 <sub>1</sub> 040	ψ 10,101,000	¥ 10,020,000	y 10/100/11/0	- 11122-1112	+11		
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 3,887,908	\$ 4,186,892	\$ 12,285,830	\$ 4,117,231	\$ 4,279,099	\$ 4,762,502	\$ 4,852,284	\$ 6,483,594	\$ 38,313,768	\$ 5,279,216
Business-type activities	1,910,811	154,177	4,750,053	4,850,776	2,034,137	1,224,851	4,206,642	6,595,690	9,763,884	3,800,782
				\$ 8,968,007	\$ 6,313,236	\$ 5,987,353	\$ 9,058,926	\$ 13,079,284	\$ 48,077,652	\$ 9,079,998
Total primary government	\$ 5,798,719	\$ 4,341,069	\$ 17,035,883	φ <u>0,900,00/</u>	φ 0,313,230	φ <del>υ,υοι,υυ</del> δ	Ψ 3,000,320	Ψ 10,010,204	# <del>10,011,002</del>	<del>+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + </del>

# City of Austin, Minnesota Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2013 2014		2015 2016		2017 2018		2020	2021	
General Fund											
Reserved	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ :==:	\$ -	\$	\$ /=:	\$ -	
Unreserved, designated		<u>€</u> 0	9	•		= 17	=	-	( <u>=</u> )		
Unreserved, undesignated	8.00	(#)	×	le le	; <u>.</u>			in the second	127		
Nonspendable	271			=	=	₩,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	727	10,859	
Restricted	151,149	151,172	115,975	129,924	163,374	163,810	198,825	186,361	172,423	90,321	
Committed	62,260	59,267	57,122	46,815	47,122	38,221	38,167	22,472	45,930	73,069	
Assigned	44,433		<u>=</u>	=		28	2	4	( <b>*</b>	( <del>*</del> )	
Unassigned	6,332,000	6,582,477	6,869,995	7,579,428	6,397,461	6,724,890	8,272,001	8,904,380	_12,206,746	11,009,087	
Total general fund	\$ 6,589,842	<u>\$ 6,792,916</u>	\$ 7,043,092	\$ 7,756,167	\$ 6,607,957	\$ 6,926,921	\$ 8,508,993	\$ 9,113,213	\$12,425,099	\$11,183,336	
All other governmental funds											
Reserved	\$ -	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$	\$	
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special revenue funds	-	9€3	*	×	3 = 1		7.	5.	-	3	
Capital project funds	-	<b>1</b>	4	9	n=		<b>4</b>	=	(≧:	3€3	
Permanent funds	-	790			090	9.00€	<b>₹</b> 1	Ä	:. <del>*</del>	125	
Nonspendable	721,124	531,883	886,052	961,052	970,952	136,052	136,052	865,098	807,232	136,052	
Restricted	8,901,207	9,046,910	5,095,654	4,717,919	5,552,080	5,736,559	6,126,659	5,455,423	4,483,917	5,945,802	
Committed	1,012,850	1,033,695	626,252	613,224	595,776	650,786	733,795	805,606	938,423	1,125,572	
Assigned	4,267,315	4,278,476	5,403,076	5,163,858	5,754,710	5,903,651	7,122,659	6,020,209	5,817,546	7,682,541	
Total all other governmental funds	\$14,902,496	\$14,890,964	\$12,011,034	\$11,456,0 <u>53</u>	\$12,873,518	\$12,427,048	<u>\$14,119,165</u>	<u>\$13,146,336</u>	\$12,047,118	\$14,889,967	

### City of Austin, Minnesota Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

#### (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues			2 =====================================							
Taxes	\$ 6.257.536	\$ 6,723,378	\$ 6,825,763	\$ 7,014,083	\$ 7,196,533	\$ 6,976,901	\$ 8,172,728	\$ 9,484,744	\$ 9,530,235	\$ 10,115,434
Special assessments	864,437	762,933	808,726	846,070	705,785	988,532	801,534	755,643	845,871	1,111,190
Licenses and permits	488,726	346,374	455,857	586,348	467,724	405,766	476,812	630,064	512,918	675,434
Intergovernmental	9,699,780	11,446,161	18,120,697	10,907,846	11,633,819	11,278,358	10,967,151	13,430,725	13,310,999	14,034,419
Charges for services	654,270	632,923	626,056	641,566	693,694	670,218	1,043,990	701,547	392,277	839,359
Fines and forfeits	223,930	206,199	257,104	210,935	197,504	180,474	177,559	208,822	120,726	122,395
Miscellaneous	1,694,838	738,282	1,805,765	2,409,248	4,673,724	3,271,165	2,201,404	1,669,166	1,944,561	1,922,765
Total revenues	\$19,883,517	\$20,856,250	\$28,899,968	\$22,616,096	\$25,568,783	\$23,771,414	\$23,841,178	\$26,880,711	\$26,657,587	\$28,820,996
Expenditures										
Current										
General government	\$ 1,898,437	\$ 1.890.867	\$ 1,836,120	\$ 1,930,264	\$ 2,073,258	\$ 2,145,323	\$ 2.039,277	\$ 2,017,661	\$ 2,154,946	\$ 2,338,422
Public safety	5,685,437	6,319,790	6,196,006	6,465,704	6,676,874	6,876,792	6,467,091	7,127,871	7,789,088	8,006,195
Streets and highways	3,290,445	3,303,846	3,325,106	3,212,373	3,316,358	3,428,750	3,456,573	3,581,472	3,439,336	3,539,929
Culture and recreation	3,850,381	3,735,839	4,158,995	4,071,540	4,326,011	4,404,245	4,360,915	4,737,129	4,078,605	5,374,699
Public service	73,829	85,602	110,600	97,975	89,505	80,136	93,133	115,932	111,237	80,234
Economic development	166,447	300,130	217,322	206,355	231,964	519,730	270,792	278,629	194,072	246,028
Community development	20,556	13,964	44,299	60,116	287,159	2,400	=:-,:-=	28,632	45,573	8,515
Capital outlay	3,836,072	5,850,828	16,548,448	7,153,565	8,275,972	7,374,723	5,029,660	9,719,514	7,510,704	7,484,416
Debt service	3,030,072	3,000,020	10,010,110	1,100,000	0,2,0,0,2	.,,	-,,		, ,	· ·
Principal retirement	940,000	600.000	590.000	420,000	115,000	115,000	285,000	35,000	340.000	( <b></b> ):
Interest and fiscal charges	196,708	188,669	150,932	491,988	629,478	112,152	256,463	290,437	292,131	273,015
Debt issuance costs	130,700	100,000	100,002	401,000	020,110	112,102	200,100	₽	8#6	100
	£ 40 059 242	£ 22 200 525	\$33,177,828	\$24,109,880	\$26,021,579	\$25,059,251	\$22,258,904	\$27,932,277	\$25,955,692	\$27,351,453
Total expenditures	\$19,958,312	<u>\$22,289,535</u>	\$33,177,020	\$ 24, 109,000	\$20,021,579	\$20,009,201	\$22,230,304	Ψ21,902,211	Ψ20,000,00 <u>2</u>	<u>Ψ21,001,400</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	\$ (74,795)	<u>\$ (1,433,285)</u>	<u>\$ (4,277,860)</u>	<u>\$ (1,493,784)</u>	<u>\$ (452,796)</u>	<u>\$ (1,287,837)</u>	\$ 1,582,274	<u>\$ (1,051,566)</u>	<u>\$ 701,895</u>	<u>\$ 1,469,543</u>
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds of bonds and loans	\$ -	\$ :=:	\$ =	\$ -	\$ -	\$ :=	\$	\$	\$	\$
Premiums on bonds	-		-	2	-	340	<b>A</b>	×	) <del>(</del>	) <b>*</b> :
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	( <del>)</del> €0	*	*	( <u>=</u>	350	##	5	1.0	
Payments from escrow agent	-	7	Ē	<u>.</u>	(2)	-	<b>1</b>	=	1.6	340
Transfers in	2,006,177	2,684,827	2,531,156	1,957,878	2,473,051	1,780,391	1,696,915	1,911,957	3,457,815	3,838,741
Transfers out	(1,163,000)	(1,060,000)	(883,050)	(306,000)	(1,751,000)	(620,060)	(5,000)	(1,229,000)	(1,947,042)	(3,674,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 843,177	\$ 1,624,827	\$ 1,648,106	\$ 1,651,878	\$ 722,051	\$ 1,160,331	\$ 1,691,915	\$ 682,957	\$ 1,510,773	\$ 164,741
Net change in fund balance	\$ 768,382	\$ 191,542	\$ (2,629,754)	\$ 158,094	\$ 269,255	\$ (127,506)	\$ 3,274,189	\$ (368,609)	\$ 2,212,668	\$ 1,634,284
goaa zalaa		<u> </u>	<u> </u>					· · · · · ·		
Debt service as a percentage of										
non capital expenditures	7.13%	4.91%	4.64%	5.49%	4.34%	1.32%	3.19%	1.81%	3.06%	1.36%
capital experience			***							

City of Austin, Minnesota
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Years

Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Tax Exempt Property (1)	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value <sup>(2)</sup> as a Percentage of Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2013	\$ 6,155,468	\$ 3,792,528	\$ 716,134	\$ 10,664,130	\$ 3,747,579	\$ 1,049,276,700	1.37 %	\$ 41.431
2014	6,401,016	3,659,422	679,912	10,740,350	3,747,579	1,052,658,900	1.38	40.797
2015	7,309,849	4,293,773	846,411	12,450,033	3,747,579	1,119,132,275	1.45	40.947
2016	7,268,830	2,954,898	849,473	11,073,201	3,747,579	930,510,879	1.59	45.016
2017	7,568,979	2,843,862	808,360	11,221,201	3,747,579	1,117,958,300	1.34	48.419
2018	7,970,394	2,890,404	970,889	11,831,687	3,747,579	1,171,110,900	1.33	51.577
2019	8,493,979	3,083,360	729,253	12,306,592	3,734,102	1,230,828,400	1.30	56.613
2020	9,119,854	2,919,463	769,601	12,808,918	3,574,660	1,294,218,700	1.27	55.799
2021	9,859,417	3,053,785	790,800	13,704,002	3,603,378	1,627,381,000	1.06	54.240
2022	10,917,082	3,086,156	801,987	14,805,225	3,742,792	1,482,770,000	1.25	53.385

Source: Office of County Treasurer

Note: Property in the county is reassessed annually. The county assesses property at full market value, however, taxable assessed value is limited based upon Minnesota State Statutes. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Tax-exempt property is not included in any of the assessed property categories.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes tax-exempt property for the years provided.

### City of Austin, Minnesota Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years

Taxes	City of Austin						_							
Payable Year	0	perating Rate		t Service Rate	·	Total Rate		School District		Mower County	Other		Total	
2013	\$	39.742	\$	1.689	\$	41.431	\$	28.436	\$	47.178	\$	3.127	\$	120.172
2014		39.283		1.514		40.797		26.298		38.546		2.930		108.571
2015		39.578		1.369		40.947		28.374		41.992		3.262		114.575
2016		44.137		0.879		45.016		26.773		44.242		2.574		118.605
2017		47.566		0.853		48.419		25.898		46.289		2.944		123.550
2018		50.760		0.817		51.577		26.077		49.616		2.926		130.196
2019		56.613		0€5		56.613		26.639		50.116		2.872		136.240
2020		55.799		848		55.799		30.573		50.599		2.569		139.540
2021		54.240				54.240		28.060		47.335		2.632		132.267
2022		53.385		1000		53.385		28.111		46 160		2.728		130.384

Source: Office of County Treasurer

Note: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of tax capacity. Tax capacity is equal to market value multiplied by the applicable class rate (as set by the State of Minnesota) for the type of property being taxed.

### City of Austin, Minnesota Principal Property Taxpayers December 31, 2021

		2020/2021				2011/201	2
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Net Tax Capacity Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Net Tax Capacity Value	Net Tax Capacity Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Net Tax Capacity Value
Hormel Foods	Food Processor	\$ 742,766	1	5.42 %	\$ 602,269	1	5.65 %
Walmart Stores, Inc.	Retail Complex	171,194	2	1.25	226,864	2	2.13
Exchangeright Net Leased Portfolio	Retail Complex	156,984	3	1.15	81,652	6	0.77
Austin Medical Clinic	Clinic	156,720	4	1.14	~		臣
ATI Hotel Inc.	Hotel	98,692	5	0.72	131,764	3	1.24
Flats on 21 LLC	Apartments	64,710	6	0.47	726		=
Keystone Austin 15th Ave LLC	Apartments	62,787	7	0.46	66,256	7	0.62
Austin Hotel Group LLC	Hotel	61,560	8	0.45	72		2
Austin MN LLC	Retail Complex	58,408	9	0.43	<u> </u>		뀰
Convenience Store Investments	Retail Complex	54,712	10	0.40	<del>.</del>		ä
Centro Saturn Holding SPE LLC	Retail Complex	956		₹	122,222	4	1.15
Dayton Hudson Corporation	Retail Complex			- <del>-</del>	99,639	5	0.93
Shopko Properties SPE RE LLC	Retail Complex	: <b>:</b>		=	64,678	8	0.61
Oak Park Mall Limited Partnership	Retail Complex	1 <del>5</del> 1		<del>-</del>	56,113	9	0.53
Podawiltz Development Corporation	Apartments	7 <u></u>		- <del>-</del>	51,649	10	0.48_
Totals		\$ 1,628,533		<u>11.9</u> %	\$ 1,503,106		<u>14.1</u> %

Source: Office of County Treasurer

### City of Austin, Minnesota Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

**Total Collections** Collected within the to Date Year of the Levy Percentage Percentage Collections in Tax Levy, As of Levy of Levy Subsequent Years **Amount** Amount Year Adjusted \$ 103,714 \$ 3,972,369 99.99 % 97.38 % 3,868,655 2012 3,972,572 63,620 4,152,321 99.01 4,088,701 97.49 2013 4,193,983 98.68 62,051 4,114,894 97.19 2014 4,169,870 4,052,843 99.05 64,568 4,308,931 2015 4,350,453 4,244,363 97.56 99.53 4,921,415 2016 4,944,597 4,823,818 97.56 97,597 88,913 5,385,646 99.39 97.75 2017 5,418,461 5,296,733 97.72 120,913 5,951,432 99.75 5,830,519 2018 5,966,633 6,954,397 97.53 83,167 2019 7,130,642 6,871,230 96.36 99.51 78,873 7,224,123 2020 7,259,967 7,145,250 98.42 98.68 7,438,100 98.68 7,438,100 2021 7,537,637

#### City of Austin, Minnesota **Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type** Last Ten Years

		Governmen	ntal Activities			Business-1	Type Activities				
Year	Tax Increment Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Capital Improvement Bonds	Leases Payable	Sewer Utility Bonds	Electric Revenue Bonds	Capital Improvement Bonds	Water Revenue Bonds	Total Primary <u>Government</u>	Percentage of Personal Income ®	Per <u>Capita</u> <sup>®</sup>
2012	\$ 1,395,000	\$ 1,105,000	\$	\$ -	\$ 7,430,000	\$ (2.)	\$ =	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 15,530,000	0.92%	626
2013	1,100,000	800,000	(9)	e <u>u</u>	6,485,000	<b>4</b> 0		5,295,000	13,680,000	0.85%	552
2014	800,000	510,000	<b>2</b> 3	946	5,525,000	3 <del>=</del> 3		4,950,000	11,785,000	0.74%	475
2015	480,000	410,000	(#)	(i=:	4,535,000	(*)	17,986,514	4,665,293	28,076,807	1.69%	1,132
2016	445,000	330,000	:#.8	S <del>e</del> :	3,505,000	•	17,968,939	4,309,814	26,558,753	1.53%	1,071
2017	410,000	250,000		u <del>ē</del> .	2,435,000	927	17,286,364	3,949,334	24,330,698	1.38%	981
2018	375,000	<b>(4)</b>		14	1,635,000	· ·	16,593,789	3,583,854	22,187,643	1.15%	895
2019	340,000		(4)	T.	1,180,000	250	15,886,214	3,213,375	20,619,589	1.08%	831
2020	100	æ0	190	66,863		2 <b>5</b> 3	15,158,639	2,837,895	18,063,397	0.89%	690
2021	:*:	·	:=:	51,050			14,406,063	2,457,415	16,914,528	0.83%	646

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics table for personal income and population data. Personal income data is not yet available for 2021. For purposes of this schedule, the personal income from 2020 was used in calculating these ratios until updated figures are available.

### City of Austin, Minnesota Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	Gross General Bonded Debt (1)	Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service		Net Gener Bonded De	al Asse	ntage of essed ue <sup>(2)</sup>	Per Capita <sup>(3)</sup>	
2012	\$ -	\$	2	\$	蔥	- %	-	
2013	-		-		<b></b>	:=:	Ē	
2014	÷		<b>=</b> 0		<b>12</b> 0	-	=	
2015	17,635,000		3.	17,635,	000 14	41.65	711	
2016	17,635,000		<b>æ</b> 0	17,635,	000 1	59.26	711	
2017	16,970,000		2	16,970,	,000 1	51.23	684	
2018	16,295,000		:50g	16,295,	,000 1	37.72	657	
2019	15,605,000		:=0	15,605,	,000 13	26.80	629	
2020	14,895,000		•	14,895,	,000 1	16.29	569	
2021	14,160,000		-	14,160,	,000 1	03.33	541	

<sup>(1)</sup> Gross General Bonded Debt represents bond issues that are applicable to Legal Debt Limit.

<sup>(2)</sup> See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

<sup>(3)</sup> Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics table.

### City of Austin, Minnesota Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2021

Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt			
School District #492 Mower County Subtotal, overlapping debt	29,822,810 <sup>(1)</sup> 655,835 <sup>(1)</sup>	68.6% <sup>(2)</sup> 29.4% <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 20,458,448			
City of Austin Direct Debt						
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 20,651,263			

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Austin. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

- (1) Excludes the amount available in the escrow funds to repay the outstanding debt.
- (2) Represents the percent of the City of Austin Net Tax Capacity to School District #492 Net Tax Capacity.
- (3) Represents the percent of the City of Austin Net Tax Capacity to Mower County Net Tax Capacity.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	-	2021
Debt limit	\$ 31,478,565	\$ 31,579,767	\$ 33,573,968	\$ 27,915,326	\$ 33,538,749	\$ 35,133,327	\$ 36,924,852	\$ 38,826,561	\$ 48,821,430	\$ 4	14,483,100
Total net debt applicable to limit				17,635,000	17,635,000	16,970,000	16,295,000	15,605,000	14,895,000	1	14,160,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 31,478,565	\$31,579,767	\$ 33,573,968	\$ 10,280,326	\$15,903,749	\$ 18,163,327	\$ 20,629,852	\$ 23,221,561	\$ 33,926,430	\$ 3	30,323,100
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	171.54%	110.89%	93.43%	78.99%	67.20%	43.90%		46.70%
		Legal Debt Margin Calculation for 2021									
				Esti	imated market va	lue, 2020/2021				\$ 1,48	32,770,000
				Deb	ot limit, 3.0% of m	arket value				\$ 4	44,483,100
					ot applicable to de Total bonded deb Less: Obligations issu	ot	roducing facilities	\$ 16,585,000 2,425,000			
	Total debt applicable to debt limit										14,160,000
	Debt margin at December 31, 2021									\$ :	30,323,100

Note: Computed in accordance with Chapter 475, State of Minnesota Statutes.

#### City of Austin, Minnesota Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Years

Electric	Utility	Revenue	Bonds
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	Gross		Net Available	Debt				
	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest		Coverage	
2012	\$ 33,336,037	\$ 32,315,636	\$ 1,020,401	\$ 160,000	\$	6,720	6.12 %	
2013	-	~	9≌	~		-	0.00	
2014	2	45	?≌	12		-	0.00	
2015	<u> 19</u>	; <del>=</del> *	æ	14	-		0.00	
2016	=	-	12	(2)		-	0.00	
2017	<u> </u>	*	166	<b>12</b>		-	0.00	
2018	<b>=</b>	·	ė	<u> </u>		=	0.00	
2019	3	*	발	(rec		-	0.00	
2020	=	*	è	re.		-	0.00	
2021	븰	2	<u>a</u> :	Ties.			0.00	

Water Utility Revenue Bonds

	Gross		Net Available	Debt	Service		
	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
2012	\$ 2,862,934	\$ 2,483,631	\$ 379,303	\$ -	\$	0.00 %	
2013	3,603,042	3,148,998	454,044	305,000	166,042	0.00	
2014	4,133,100	3,358,990	774,110	345,000	111,106	1.70	
2015	4,353,913	3,325,781	1,028,132	350,000	104,208	2.26	
2016	4,567,064	3,422,222	1,144,842	350,000	97,206	2.56	
2017	4,855,225	3,593,869	1,261,356	355,000	90,206	2.83	
2018	4,914,730	3,429,436	1,485,294	360,000	83,106	3.35	
2019	5,201,681	3,383,704	1,817,977	365,000	75,906	4.12	
2020	5,661,175	4,003,417	1,657,758	370,000	68,606	3.78	
2021	5,447,316	3,865,643	1,581,673	375,000	61,206	3.63	

Note: Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Total revenues include interest and miscellaneous. Expenses are operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

### City of Austin, Minnesota Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

	Population (1)	Personal Income (amounts expressedin thousands)	Per Capita Income (2)	Median Age (3)	School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate % (5)
2012	24,800	1,682,174	42,725	38.3	4,582	4.5
2013	24,800	1,617,470	41,129	36.9	4,715	3.9
2014	24,800	1,594,035	40,537	37.4	4,797	3.2
2015	24,800	1,657,094	42,364	37.8	4,832	2.9
2016	24,800	1,733,905	44,274	37.7	4,901	2.9
2017	24,800	1,756,900	44,403	37.3	5,238	2.4
2018	24,800	1,937,438	48,423	37.9	5,293	3.1
2019	24,800	1,900,741	47,445	38.7	5,296	3.0
2020	26,174	2,029,077	50,537	38.8	5,034	4.0
2021	26,174	Not Available Now	Not Available Now	37.9	5,182	2.4

#### Sources:

- (1) United States Census Bureau.
- (2) Office of the State Demographer; which uses U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Washington, D.C. Represents per capita income for Mower County.
- (3) Office of the State Demographer; which uses U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Washington, D.C. Represents median age for Mower County.
- (4) Austin Public School District #492.
- (5) Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.

### City of Austin, Minnesota Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2021			2012			
		•		Percentage of Total City		Pe			
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Hormel Foods	Food processor	3,255	1	26.7 %	2,689	1	20.7 %		
Quality Pork Processors	Meat packing plant	1,225	2	10.0	1,300	2	10.0		
Mayo Clinic Health System	Health care	900	3	7.4	985	3	7.6		
Independent School District 492	Public education	850	4	7.0	627	4	4.8		
Walmart Stores	Retail	325	5	2.7	350	6	2.7		
Hy Vee Inc.	Retail	300	6	2.5	373	5	2.9		
Mower County	County government	274	7	2.2	243	8	1.9		
Riverland Community College	Post-secondary education	240	8	2.0	243	8	1.9		
City of Austin	Municipal government	214	9	1.8	:=:		0.0		
Cedar Valley Services	Residential care	192	10	1.6	⊕		0.0		
Austin Packaging Company	Food processor	S.		0.0	285	7	2.2		
St. Mark's Lutheran Home	Nursing Home			<u>0.0</u>	225	10	<u>1.7</u>		
Totals		7,775		<u>63.7</u> %	7,320		56.4 %		

Source: As presented in the City's official statement for each year presented above or from Austin Area Chamber of Commerce.

## City of Austin, Minnesota Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31

	1 dil timo Edulationi Employees de el Besentise. e :									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program										
General government	11.10	11.50	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	11.50	11.50
Public safety	48.00	48.00	49.00	49.00	51.00	51.50	53.00	53.00	53.00	53.00
Streets and highways	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	27.00	27.00	26.00	25.00
Culture and recreation	25.80	26.80	27.80	27.80	28.75	28.75	28.75	28.75	26.25	25.25
Sewer user	25.50	24.50	23.50	23.50	23.50	23.50	23.50	23.50	23.50	23.50
Storm water utility district	27	=	<b>(</b> ₩)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Electric	32.00	31.00	32.00	31.00	30.00	22.00	21.00	21.00	19.00	21.00
Water	19.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	14.00	13.00	14.00	13.00	12.00
Gas	10.00	20.00	19.00	20.00	20.00	22.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00
Utilities administration	23.00	23.00	25.00	22.00	22.00	23.00	25.00	25.00	24.00	21.00
Total	220.40	220.80	223.30	221.30	223.25	223.75	225.25	226.25	218.25	214.25

Source: Finance Department, Truth in Taxation Reports and Austin Utilities payroll department.

# City of Austin, Minnesota Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Function/Program Police										
Adult arrests	1,125	1,159	1,144	1,227	1,286	1,230	1,238	1,123	1,222	1,176
Juvenile arrests	640 4,220	395 4,363	612 4,368	450 4,878	318 4,784	429 4,267	427 4,447	314 2,664	254 2,415	110 1,432
Citations	4,220	4,303	4,300	4,070	4,704	4,207	4,447	2,004	2,413	1,452
Fire										
Number of calls answered	489	547	729	900	954	944	914	1,123	1,131	1,597
Streets and highways										
Asphalt purchases for street repairs										
(tons)	4,400	4,400	4,400	3,925	4,500	4,500	3,920	3,479	4,903	4,223
Culture and recreation										
Municipal pool admissions	16,614	15,976	12,951	16,661	11,555	10,779	11,762	10,078	14	16,137
Fall/Winter programs participants	79	78	72	136	164	156	132	196	165	121
Self supporting programs participants	995	1,085	1,219	1,166	1,654	1,530	2,163	1,855	728	933
Library annual circulation	310,928	267,394	228,045	209,693	203,303	187,368	178,293	169,011	103,622	118,108
Library-number of items held	97,136	86,190	82,834	83,415	82,875	82,604	88,756	90,718	93,051	95,750
Sewer user										
Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	4,376	5,480	5,210	6,050	7,000	6,450	6,080	6,450	5,770	4,370
Electric										
Average daily consumption										
(thousands of killowatt hours)	961	921	910	920	928	920	925	918	922	935
Water										
Average daily consumption										
(thousands of cubic feet)	386	680	724	723	700	700	650	665	692	671
Gas										
Average daily consumption										
(thousands of cubic feet)	6,074	6,720	7,238	6,411	6,1 <b>5</b> 5	6,364	6,675	6,992	6,614	6,508

Sources: Various government departments.

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

## City of Austin, Minnesota Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program										
Public Safety:										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Fire:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire/Rescue Vehicles	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Streets and highways										
Streets - paved and asphalt (miles)	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	122
Streets - unpaved (miles)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Culture and recreation										
Nature Center acreage	507	507	507	518	518	518	518	529	529	529
Park acreage	600	600	600	600	600	596	596	596	596	591
Parks	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	26
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	133	133	133	135	135	136	136	136	136	136
Storm sewers (miles)	76	76	76	77	77	77	77	78	78	79
Electric										
Number of substations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Water										
Water mains (miles)	135.08	135.59	135.64	137.33	138.33	138.26	138.64	138.96	138.97	139.14
Gas										
Gas services	10,274	10,281	10,269	10,260	10,255	10,260	10,300	10,303	10,304	10,307

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

